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Washington, Friday, September 20, 1946

The President

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9779

AUTHORIZING THE APPOINTMENT OF ROBERT J. BARRETT TO A POSITION AS CAPTAIN IN THE METROPOLITAN POLICE FORCE OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CIVIL SERVICE RULES

NOTE: Executive Order No. 9779 was filed with the Division of the Federal Register as F. R. Doc. 46-17004, on September 18, 1946, at 2:15 p. m.

Regulations

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VIII—Production and Marketing Administration (Sugar Branch)

PART 802—SUGAR DETERMINATIONS

FAIR AND REASONABLE WAGE RATES FOR PERSONS EMPLOYED IN THE HARVESTING OF THE 1946 CROP OF SUGARCANE IN LOUISIANA

Pursuant to section 301 (b) of the Sugar Act of 1937, as amended, the following determination is hereby issued:

§ 802.24y *Fair and reasonable wage rates for harvesting the 1946 crop of sugarcane in Louisiana.* The requirements of section 301 (b) of the Sugar Act of 1937, as amended, shall be deemed to have been met with respect to the harvesting of the 1946 crop of sugarcane in Louisiana, if all persons employed on the farm in the harvesting of such crop shall have been paid in full for all such work and shall have been paid wages in cash therefor at rates as follows:

(a) The wage rates agreed upon between the producer and the laborer but in no case less than the rates prescribed under paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section.

(b) *Adult males or adult females when employed on time basis.*

	Per day of 9 hours
(1) Cutting, topping, stripping:	
Adult males	$3.10
Adult females	2.70
(2) Loading	3.70
(3) Cutting and loading	3.30
(4) Tractor drivers and truck drivers	3.80
(5) Teamsters	3.60
(6) Hoist operators	3.30
(7) Operators of mechanical loading or harvesting equipment	4.10
(8) Pilers	3.30
(9) Grabmen, spotters, ropemen	3.70
(10) Scrappers	3.10
(11) Any other operation connected with harvesting	2.70

For a working day longer or shorter than 9 hours the rate shall be in proportion to the applicable rate prescribed above.

(c) *Workers between 14 and 16 years of age when employed on a time basis.* For workers between the ages of 14 and 16 years, the rate per day of 8 hours (maximum hours per day for such workers) shall be not less than three-fourths of the applicable rate established under paragraph (b) of this section for adult male workers for a 9-hour day. For a working day shorter than 8 hours, the rate shall be in proportion.

(d) *All workers when employed on a piece work basis.*

Operations	Rate per ton: Large barrel varieties [1]	Rate per ton: Small barrel varieties [1]
(1) Cutting top and bottom, and stripping	$1.34	$1.61
(2) Cutting top and bottom	.89	1.07
(3) Loading	.39	.47
(4) Cutting top and bottom, stripping, and loading	1.73	2.08
(5) Cutting top and bottom, and loading	1.28	1.54

[1] Large barrel varieties shall include: C. O. 290; C. P. 29/103; C. P. 29/116; C. P. 33/243. All other varieties shall be classed as small barrel.

(6) The piece rate for any operation specified above when performed on a unit basis other than a ton unit, or the piece rate for any operation not specified above, shall be that agreed upon between the producer and the laborer: *Provided, however,* That the earnings for the time involved shall be not less than the applicable time rate specified in paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section.

(e) *General provisions.* (1) In addition to the foregoing the producer shall

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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furnish to the laborer without charge the customary prequisites, such as a habitable house, medical attention, and other customary incidentals.

(2) The producer shall not, through any subterfuge or device whatsoever, reduce the wage rates to laborers below those determined herein.

(Sec. 301, 50 Stat. 909; 7 U. S. C. 1131)

Issued this 17th day of September 1946.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16948; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 9:32 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

PART 302—DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONS: COURSE AND METHOD BY WHICH FUNCTIONS ARE CHANNELED: SCOPE AND CONTENTS OF DOCUMENTS

NOTE: The original of F. R. Doc. 46-15380, appearing at page 177A-356, Part II, Section 2, of the issue for Sept. 11, 1946, is corrected as follows:

Section 302.2 (f) is redesignated paragraph (g), and a new paragraph (f) reading as follows is inserted:

(f) *The Economic Adviser.* The Economic Adviser advises the Board in formulating basic economic policies and in their effectuation, consulting with the staff relative to economic and regulatory principles involved in the Board's work, directing and performing special studies and investigations, serving e the Board's representative on Interdepartmental committees and intergovernmental organizations.

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 5369]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

PAEBAR CO., INC., ET AL.

§ 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Connections or arrangements with others:* § 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—History:* § 3.6 (r) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Prices—Usual as reduced, special, etc.:* § 3.6 (dd) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Special or limited offers:* § 3.6 (ff 5) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Undertakings in general:* § 3.72 (n) *Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Special offers, savings and discounts:* § 3.72 (p) *Offering deceptive inducements to purchase or deal—Undertakings, in general:* § 3.96 (a) *Using misleading name—Goods—Connections and arrangements with others:* § 3.96 (b) *Using misleading name—Vendor—Connections and arrangements with others.* In connection with the offering for sale, sale, and distribution of books in commerce, (1) using the term "Who's Who" in the title of respondents' publication "Who's Who in Poetry in America" or in the title of any other book of biographical reference, or using the term "Who's Who" in any other manner to represent or imply that the respondents are associated or connected with the publishers of "Who's Who in America"; (2) using the term "We, the People" in the title of any of respondents' publications unless wherever such words are used it shall be clearly and conspicuously stated in immediate connection and conjunction therewith that the respondents are not associated or connected with the producers or sponsors of the radio program "We, the People"; (3) inducing the purchase of respondents' publications and the payment of the purchase price by representing that the purchasers' article or poem will be incorporated in respondents' publication, without revealing to such purchaser until after payment that respondents reserve the right to revise, abridge, or omit the article or poem of the purchaser without return of the purchase price; (4) representing that respondents have been engaged in the book-publishing business for a longer period of time than is the fact; or, (5) representing, directly or by implication, that publications which are offered for sale at the usual and customary prices therefor are being sold at a special contributor's price or at reduced price; or in any other manner representing that a purchaser is receiving an advantage in price or other consideration not ordinarily available; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719 as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U. S. C., sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, The Paebar Company, Inc., et al., Docket 5369, August 27, 1946]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of August A. D. 1946.

In the Matter of The Paebar Company, Inc., and Alan F. Pater, Individually and Trading Under the Names The Paebar Company, Literary Publications, Who's Who Publishing Company, Columbia Book Publishing Company, and Judicial Publishing Company

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the substitute answer of the respondents, in which answer respondents admit all the material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and state that they waive all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts; and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that said respondents have violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act:

It is ordered, That the respondents, The Paebar Company, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, and Alan F. Pater, individually and trading under the names The Paebar Company, Literary Publications, Who's Who Publishing Company, Columbia Book Publishing Company, and Judicial Publishing Company, and their respective representatives, agents, and employees, directly or indirectly, through any corporate or other device or in any other manner in connection with the offering for sale, sale, and distribution of books in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Using the term "Who's Who" in the title of respondents' publication "Who's Who in Poetry in America" or in the title of any other book of biographical reference, or using the term "Who's Who" in any other manner to represent or imply that the respondents are associated or connected with the publishers of "Who's Who in America".

2. Using the term "We, the People" in the title of any of respondents' publications unless wherever such words are used it shall be clearly and conspicuously stated in immediate connection and conjunction therewith that the respondents are not associated or connected with the producers or sponsors of the radio program "We, the People".

3. Inducing the purchase of respondents' publications and the payment of the purchase price by representing that the purchaser's article or poem will be incorporated in respondents' publication, without revealing to such purchaser until after payment that respondents reserve the right to revise, abridge, or omit the article or poem of the purchaser without return of the purchase price.

4. Representing that respondents have been engaged in the book-publishing business for a longer period of time than is the fact.

5. Representing, directly or by implication, that publications which are offered for sale at the usual and customary prices therefor are being sold at a special contributor's price or at reduced price; or in any other manner representing that a purchaser is receiving an advantage in price or other consideration not ordinarily available.

It is further ordered, That the respondents shall, within sixty (60) days after the service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16929; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 17—COMMODITY AND SECURITIES EXCHANGES

Chapter II—Securities and Exchange Commission

PART 200—ORGANIZATION OF COMMISSION; SUBMITTALS AND REQUESTS

PART 201—RULES OF PRACTICE

Correction

In the fifth paragraph of § 200.1, appearing at page 177A–718, Part II, Section 3, of the issue for Sept. 11, 1946, the word "corporation" should read "corporate".

In § 201.13 (e), appearing at page 177A–727, Part II, Section 3, of the issue for Sept. 11, 1946, the figure "6" should read "8".

TITLE 24—HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter VIII—Office of Housing Expediter

[Housing Expediter Premium Payments Reg. 9]

PART 805—PREMIUM PAYMENTS REGULATIONS UNDER VETERANS' EMERGENCY HOUSING ACT OF 1946

MERCHANT PIG IRON

Purpose and findings. This general regulation is issued to stimulate additional production of merchant pig iron by providing for premium payments with respect to shipments of merchant pig iron above established quotas. It describes how quotas are established, and the methods, procedures and conditions under which premium payments may be obtained. This regulation is issued pursuant to the authority of the "Veterans' Emergency Housing Act of 1946".

All available means of increasing the supply of merchant pig iron for the veterans' emergency housing program and for other construction, maintenance and repair essential to the national well-being have been considered. Based on such consideration, the Expediter finds that premium payments on merchant pig iron are temporarily necessary to increase its supply and to stimulate such additional production with greater rapidity, economy and certainty than other available methods. The payment of a uniform rate of premium for the additional production of both operating plants and closed plants in this industry is not feasible. For this reason a uniform rate is provided for operating plants and another uniform rate for closed plants. In applying premium payments to necessary additional production in this industry emphasis has been placed upon avoiding either economic dislocations or adverse effects upon established business.

Par.

(a) Definitions.
(b) Establishment of quota.
(c) Application for quota.
(d) Rate and computation of premium payment.
(e) Steel grade pig iron.
(f) Claim for payment.
(g) Payment.
(h) Records.
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§ 805.9 *Merchant pig iron*—(a) *Definitions.* As used in this section:

(1) "Foundry and malleable grades of pig iron" means pig iron of grades within the specifications customarily accepted by the trade as foundry and malleable pig iron and which is used for manufacture of grey or malleable iron castings.

(2) "Merchant pig iron" means foundry and malleable grades of pig iron cast in pigs for sale.

(3) "Steel grade pig iron" means pig iron of grades used for the manufacture of steel or steel castings.

(4) "Plant" means production facilities consisting of one or more blast furnaces capable of producing one or more grades of pig iron and, where consisting of two or more blast furnaces, having common shipping, storing and servicing facilities, common operating supervision and common ownership.

(5) "Operating plant" means a plant in which one or more blast furnaces produced pig iron or any other metal product at any time from January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, or a plant as to which a contract was entered into during that period for the operation of one or more blast furnaces for the production of any such product. *Provided, however,* That if, on application by letter from a producer, the Expediter finds with respect to a plant that, during the period January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, there was such production or a contract entered into for such production which production or contract was only temporary and caused by unusual or special conditions, the plant shall not be an operating plant.

(6) "Closed plant" means a plant which is not an operating plant.

(7) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of any of the foregoing, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, but does not include the United States, any of its political subdivisions or any agency thereof, any other Government, any of its political subdivisions or any agency thereof.

(8) "Producer" means a person who operates one or more plants in which merchant pig iron is produced in one or more blast furnaces.

(9) "New producer". A person who did not operate prior to the effective date of this section any plant for the production of any metal products from any blast furnaces shall be a new producer as to any plant, operated by him for the production of such products, which was not, prior to the effective date of this section, substantially completed as a plant capable of producing such metal products.

(10) "Month" means a calendar month, *Provided, however,* That any producer on whom this provision works a hardship may apply by letter to the Expediter, Washington 25, D. C., for authorization to submit his application for quota and claims for payments on the basis of a stipulated fiscal month. With respect to a producer who has received such authorization this section shall become effective on the first day of his fiscal month begining on or after September 1, 1946, and shall terminate on the same date as this section terminates as to other producers.

(11) "Gross ton" means 2240 lbs.

(12) "Production" means the output of merchant pig iron measured in gross tons.

(13) "Shipments" mean the number of gross tons of merchant pig iron sold and shipped from the producing plant by the producer thereof.

(14) "Claim" means a claim for payment filed pursuant to this section.

(15) "Expediter" means the Housing Expediter as defined in the Veterans' Emergency Housing Act of 1946, or his duly authorized representative.

(16) "OHE" means the Office of the Housing Expediter.

(b) *Establishment of quota.* (1) A separate quota shall be established for each plant and for each month during which this section remains in effect: *Provided, however,* That in the case of a producer with two or more plants, if the Expediter finds on application by the producer on Form NHA 14–98 that it is the producer's normal operating practice to shift a substantial portion of his production and/or shipments among any of his plants, the Expediter may establish a combined quota for such plants.

(2) If a plant produced no merchant pig iron in the period January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, its quota for each month shall be zero.

(3) If a plant produced merchant pig iron at any time during the period January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, its quota for any month shall be determined in the following manner:

(i) Determine the month of highest production of merchant pig iron in the period January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, compute 80% of the plant's production of merchant pig iron during that month and divide this figure by the total number of calendar days in that month.

(ii) If a plant produced merchant pig iron in at least three months during the period January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, determine the plant's total production of merchant pig iron in the three months of highest production during that period and divide this figure by the total number of calendar days in those three months. If a plant produced merchant pig iron in only one or two months during the period January 1, 1946 to August 31, 1946, inclusive, determine the total production of merchant pig iron in such month or months and divide by the total number of calendar days therein.

(iii) The quota for any month is arrived at by multiplying the daily average as computed in subdivision (i) or (ii), whichever is lower, by the number of calendar days in that month.

(4) If a plant's shipments in any month during which this section remains in effect are below quota, the quota for the next succeeding month shall consist of the established quota for such month plus the amount of the preceding month's deficit. *Provided, however,* That if on application on form NHA 14–99 the Expediter determines that the deficit was due to unusual circumstances beyond the control of the producer, such deficit shall not be added to the established quota. Such application shall be filed

with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Loan Agency with which the claims for that plant are filed, within 15 days of the end of the month in which the deficit occurred except that requests with respect to deficit incurred during September 1946 may be filed up to and including November 15, 1946.

(5) In the case of a plant whose quota is established under subparagraph (3) of this paragraph, an application for adjustment of quota may be filed with the Expediter within 10 days after the shutdown, if one or more of its furnaces is shut down for necessary repairs. Such applications shall be made by letter, in triplicate, containing an identification of the furnace or furnaces, the date the shutdown occurred or is contemplated, the cause of the shutdown and an estimate of the minimum length of time necessary to restore the furnace or furnaces to operation. If in the judgment of the Expediter the plant's production of merchant pig iron during the period on the basis of which the quota was established would have been substantially less if the shutdown had then occurred, the Expediter may adjust the plant's quota for the period during which the shutdown necessarily occurs, to a figure representing the production of merchant pig iron which in his judgment would have occurred during the quota period under such conditions.

(6) In the case of a plant the establishment of whose quota is governed by subparagraph (3) of this paragraph the Expediter may adjust the quota if the producer's application, on form NHA 14–98, for establishment of quota contains a request for adjustment and if the Expediter finds that one or more of its furnaces customarily produced blast furnace products other than merchant pig iron but that, because of unusual or special conditions, such furnaces temporarily produced merchant pig iron during the period on the basis of which the quota was established. In such cases the Expediter may adjust the quota for such period and to such extent as he finds there would be no production of merchant pig iron from the furnaces involved without the stimulation of premium payments. This adjustment will be made by excluding that amount of the production of merchant pig iron during the quota period as the Expediter finds was temporary and the result of unusual or special circumstances.

(7) In the case of a producer with two or more plants, if the production in any plant falls below the quota for that plant in any month, the Expediter may establish a combined quota for any or all plants if he determines that production and/or shipments have been shifted among such plants so as to increase the producer's total claims without a corresponding increase in total output.

(c) *Application for quota.* (1) Every producer who wishes to receive premium payments under this section shall file promptly with the Expediter an application for the establishment of monthly quotas for each of his plants on form NHA 14–98 which may be obtained from any Reconstruction Finance Corporation Loan Agency.

(d) *Rate and computation of premium payment.* (1) For shipments by operating plants, a premium at the rate of $8 per gross ton shall be paid on all shipments of merchant pig iron during a month covered by a claim, which are in excess of the plant's established quota for that month.

(2) For shipments by a closed plant, a premium at the rate of $12 per gross ton shall be paid on all shipments of merchant pig iron during a month covered by a claim: *Provided, however,* That in the case of a new producer such premiums shall be payable on no more than 50% of the shipments of merchant pig iron during the month covered by the claim.

(3) For the purpose of determining the amount of a claim, shipments shall not include merchant pig iron cast prior to September 1, 1946.

(e) *Steel grade pig iron bonus.* (1) If an operating plant regularly supplied customers with steel grade pig iron between January 1, 1946 and August 31, 1946, inclusive, and reduces its production of such pig iron for shipment to such regular customers in order to increase its production of merchant pig iron, the operating plant may pay any producer of steel grade pig iron a bonus of $2.00 per gross ton for steel grade pig iron produced, sold, and shipped to the regular customers of the operating plant at its request: *Provided, however,* (i) That such a bonus may not be paid by an operating plant on any greater tonnage than the tonnage of steel grade pig iron which the operating plant normally shipped each month to its regular customers between January 1 and August 31, 1946, inclusive, and is currently unable to produce because of an increase in its production of merchant pig iron. (ii) That such a bonus may not be paid to or accepted by a steel grade pig iron producer unless his shipments of steel grade pig iron at the request of the operating plant will not result in a reduction of his shipments of either steel grade or merchant pig iron to any of his regular customers, and he shall furnish a certification to that effect.

(2) Any operating plant which pays a bonus under subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (e) shall file with the Expediter no later than the 15th day of the month following each month in which steel grade pig iron was shipped at his request by a steel grade pig iron producer, (i) his own certification on Form NHA 14–107, and (ii) the certification of the steel grade pig iron producer required by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (e), which shall also be on Form NHA 14–107.

(f) *Claim for payment.* (1) Each claim shall be filed on Form NHA 14–99. These forms may be obtained from any RFC Loan Agency. A producer operating more than one plant shall simultaneously file the claims for each of his plants.

(2) Every producer shall file Form NHA 14–99 on or before the last day of the month following the end of the month in which the merchant pig iron was shipped except that claims for the month of September, 1946, may be filed up to and including November 30, 1946. Any producer whose shipments in any month are insufficient to permit the payment of a premium shall nevertheless file form NHA 14–99 on or before the last day of the month following the month in which the deficit occurred (except that if the deficit occurred in September, 1946, Form NHA 14–99 may be filed up to and including November 30, 1946) as an information return to indicate the amount of the deficit: *Provided, however,* That if such information return contains a request for waiver of the deficit carry-over provided in paragraph (b) (4) of this section, the information return shall be filed within 15 days of the end of the month in which the deficit occurred except that if the deficit occurred in September, 1946, the information may be filed up to and including November 15, 1946.

(3) Each claim or information return on Form NHA 14–99 shall be filed with RFC at the Loan Agency for the District in which the plant is located, except that a producer operating more than one plant shall simultaneously file the claims or information returns for all of his plants at the Loan Agency for the District in which his main office is located. A producer may find out in which RFC Loan Agency District his plant or main office is located by consulting his bank.

(4) No claim under this section shall be assignable except as a part of the bona fide transfer of the plant to a legal successor.

(g) *Payment*—(1) *Review by RFC.* In reviewing claims, the RFC will determine whether such claims appear to have been correctly and properly prepared.

(2) *Terms of payment.* If the claim or any part thereof is accepted by RFC subject to final verification, RFC will then pay the claimant that part of the claim so accepted: *Provided, however,* That with respect to claims for the last two months during which this section is in effect RFC may require that bond be furnished in form and amount satisfactory to it before making payment.

Preliminary acceptance and payment of a claim shall not constitute final acceptance of the validity or amount of the claim. If, after review or audit, there is cause to question the validity of any claim, RFC may:

(i) Require that bond be furnished in form and amount satisfactory to it before making further payments, or,

(ii) Suspend further payments.

(3) *Verification of claims.* (i) Upon receipt of claims, RFC will forward copies to the Expediter for verification and such investigation or audit as may be deemed appropriate.

(ii) If the amount verified and approved by the Expediter is less than the amount previously paid, the claimant shall upon demand by RFC refund the overage to RFC together with interest thereon at the rate of 4% per annum calculated from the date of such overpayment to the date repayment is made to the RFC or such overage plus interest may be deducted from any accrued or subsequent claim for any payment by RFC to the claimant.

(4) *Invalidation of claims.* The Expediter shall have the right at any time to declare invalid in whole or in part, any claim of a producer, and such producer shall upon demand refund to RFC any payment on such claim, or part thereof, if the Expediter finds that the producer;

(i) Has failed to comply with any of the requirements of this section, or,

(ii) Has failed to comply with directives, orders or regulations of the Civilian Production Administration or OHE on pig iron or has sold pig iron at prices in excess of the ceiling prices established by the applicable Office of Price Administration regulations or orders.

(h) *Records.* Every producer shall prepare and preserve for inspection for a period of two years after the date of termination of this section, all books, records and other documents which furnish information in support of his claim for payment. The Expediter or his designated agents shall have the right at any time to make such examinations and audits of these books, records, and other documents as may be necessary to verify the representations in the producer's claim for payment or as may be required by the Expediter.

(i) *Reports.* Producers must furnish such reports as may be required by the Expediter from time to time, subject to approval by the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(j) *Official interpretations.* Official interpretations of this section may be given only in writing by the General Counsel of the Office of the Expediter, or his duly authorized representative. A request for an official interpretation must be filed in writing directly with the Expediter or the General Counsel.

(k) *Termination.* This section shall terminate on June 30, 1947. In the event the Expediter finds that any substantive amendments, including but not limited to an amendment of the termination date, have become necessary, no such amendments will be issued until after adequate notice to and discussion with representatives of the producers covered by this section.

In no event will any amendment be made, including but not limited to an amendment of the termination date, which would reduce the amount closed plants would receive for their shipments of merchant pig iron through June 30, 1947, below the amount represented by their ceiling price on the effective date of this section plus the premium provided herein; in computing for this purpose the amount closed plants would receive for their merchant pig iron, consideration shall be given to any increases in OPA ceiling prices, any increases in selling prices in the event OPA ceiling prices cease to be applicable, and any subsidies or financial assistance in the nature thereof which may become payable to the closed plants by any agency of the United States.

Termination of this section shall not preclude the filing of claims for payment during the month following such termination on account of shipments during the immediately preceding month. Such claims shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of this section in the same manner as if it had not been terminated.

(l) *Effective date.* This section shall become effective as of September 1, 1946.

NOTE: The reporting and record keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget, in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(60 Stat. 207)

Issued this 19th day of September, 1946.

WILSON W. WYATT,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16898; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES

Chapter II—Geological Survey, Department of the Interior

PART 225—DISPOSAL OF GOVERNMENT ROYALTY OIL

Sec.
225.1 Statutory authority.
225.2 Policy.
225.3 Exchange agreements.
225.4 Application; contents.
225.5 Action by the Geological Survey.
225.6 Notice of offer of sale of oil.
225.7 Who may submit bids and priority of bidders.
225.8 Award of oil.

AUTHORITY: Act of July 13, 1946 (Public Law 506, 79th Cong., 2d Sess.); sec. 36, 41 Stat. 451, 30 U. S. C. 192.

§ 225.1 *Statutory authority.* The act of July 13, 1946 (Public Law 506, 79th Cong., 2d Sess.), provides that in order to assist small business enterprise by encouraging the operation of oil refineries not having an adequate supply of crude oil, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to grant a preference to such refineries in the sale of Government royalty oil accruing from public land oil and gas leases for processing or use in such refineries and not for resale in kind, when he determines that sufficient supplies of crude oil are not available to such refineries in the open market.

§ 225.2 *Policy.* Whenever practicable, Government royalty oil available for disposal pursuant to the act will be offered for sale by competitive bidding after notice by publication under sealed bids to the highest bidder entitled to a preference in accordance with the procedure prescribed in §§ 225.4 to 225.8, inclusive. The amount of the bond, the place of delivery of the oil, the volume measurements, the gravity determinations, and such other requirements or conditions of the sale as may be deemed necessary to effectuate the purposes of the act will be incorporated in the call for bids when royalty oil is offered for sale.

§ 225.3 *Exchange agreements.* The act of July 13, 1946 requires refiners granted a preference to process or use in such refineries and not resell in kind royalty oil purchased thereunder. Agreements providing for the exchange of crude oil purchased under the act for other crude oil on a volume or equivalent value basis will not be construed as constituting a resale in kind prohibited by the act. Where an exchange agreement has been entered into or is contemplated with regard to royalty oil available for sale, full information relative thereto must be furnished either at the time of filing application to purchase royalty oil or with the submission of a bid.

§ 225.4 *Application; contents.* A refiner unable to purchase in the open market an adequate supply of crude oil to meet the needs of his existing refinery capacity may file an application with the Director of the Geological Survey, Washington, D. C. Such application shall be filed in triplicate and must be accompanied by a detailed statement containing the following information:

(a) The full name and address of the applicant; the location of his refinery or refineries; a complete disclosure of applicant's affiliation or association with any other refiner of oil if such relationship exists; and reasons for believing that applicant is entitled to a preference under the act of July 13, 1946, including a full showing of efforts made to purchase the needed oil in the open market.

(b) The capacity of the refinery to be supplied and the amount, source, and grade of all crude oil currently available to the applicant refiner from his own production or by purchase.

(c) The minimum amount and grade of additional crude oil needed to meet existing refinery commitments or existing refinery capacity, the field or fields which the refiner believes offer a potential source of crude-oil supply because of proximity to the refinery, and the available transportation facilities which the refiner proposes to utilize.

(d) A tabulation for the preceding 12 months or for the last 12 months of operation of the amount and grade of crude oil refined each month, and the kind and amount of the principal finished products.

§ 225.5 *Action by the Geological Survey.* The Geological Survey shall examine each application filed pursuant to these regulations and where it finds that the showing submitted is inadequate or unsatisfactory, such additional showing shall be required as may be deemed necessary. Thereafter, the Geological Survey shall make appropriate recommendation to the Secretary as to the Government royalty oil to be sold, if any, and the terms and conditions to govern the sale.

§ 225.6 *Notice of offer of sale of oil.* Where the Secretary elects to offer royalty oil for sale, the oil will be advertised for sale in designated newspapers or periodicals of general circulation for such period of time as may be specified. Such notice will set the day and hour on which sealed bids will be received in the office of the Director, Geological Survey, and will contain the terms and conditions of the sale. The notice will be published at the expense of the Government. All bidders are warned against violation of the provisions of section 59 of the United States Criminal Code, approved March 4, 1909, prohibiting unlawful combination or intimidation of bidders.

§ 225.7 *Who may submit bids and priority of bidders.* Bids may be submitted regardless of whether or not a preference is asserted pursuant to the act of July 13, 1946. Where such a preference is asserted, bids must be accom-

panied by the showing required by § 225.4. Bidders asserting a preference and found properly entitled thereto will receive priority over bidders who have no preference where the bids are made for the same royalty oil.

§ 225.8 *Award of oil.* The Geological Survey shall consider all bids submitted for Government royalty oil and make appropriate recommendation to the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the general principles stated in this section. In no case will Government royalty oil be sold for less than the market price. Where none of the bidders for the same royalty oil is found to be entitled to a preference, the oil will be awarded to the qualified bidder offering the highest price therefor in accordance with the specifications governing the sale. Where two or more bidders for the same royalty oil are properly entitled to a preference, the oil will be awarded to the bidder offering the highest price therefor in accordance with the specifications governing the sale. In case two or more identical bids are received for the same royalty oil from bidders properly entitled to a preference, the Secretary of the Interior reserves the right to prorate the oil among such bidders in such amounts as he deems equitable or, if it is not practicable to prorate the oil, to award it to one of such bidders by public drawing after notice to the bidders who submitted the identical bids. In connection with any sale of royalty oil under the act of July 13, 1946, the Secretary of the Interior reserves the right to reject all bids and sell the oil or any portion thereof at private sale to any refinery entitled to a preference at not less than the market price whenever in his judgment the spirit and intent of the act will be subserved thereby.

[SEAL] JULIAN D. SEARS,
Acting Director.

Approved: September 13, 1946.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Acting Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16899; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VI—Selective Service System

[Amdt. 401]

PART 609—PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY

NONEXPENDABLE PROPERTY

Pursuant to authority contained in the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, Selective Service Regulations, Second Edition, are hereby amended in the following respect:

Amend § 609.6 to read as follows:

§ 609.6 *Nonexpendable property: Lost, stolen, destroyed, or damaged.* Whenever any article of nonexpendable property is lost, stolen, destroyed, or damaged other than through fair wear and tear in service, the responsible officer shall prepare and submit in triplicate to the State Director of Selective Service, Report of Survey (Form 105). All copies of Report of Survey (Form 105) shall be forwarded, through the accountable officer, to a surveying officer specifically designated by the State Director of Selective Service to make an investigation and report of his findings with recommendations. After reviewing the evidence pertaining to the loss, theft, destruction, or damage of the nonexpendable property and the recommendations of the surveying officer, the State Director of Selective Service will indicate his approval or disapproval and forward all copies of Surveys that exceed $50 to the Director of Selective Service for final action and instructions. Final action with respect to approval or disapproval of Surveys that total $50 or less may be taken by the State Director of Selective Service. One copy of each such Survey will be forwarded to the Director of Selective Service at National Headquarters.

The foregoing amendment to the Selective Service Regulations shall be effective within the continental United States immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register and shall be effective outside the continental limits of the United States on the 30th day after the date of filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director.

SEPTEMBER 17, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16932; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:46 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Civilian Production Administration

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this chapter unless otherwise noted at the end of documents affected, issued under sec. 2 (a); 54 Stat. 676, as amended by 55 Stat. 236, 56 Stat. 177, 58 Stat. 827, and Public Laws 270 and 475, 79th Congress; Public Law 388, 79th Congress; E. O. 9024, 7 F. R. 329; E. O. 9040, 7 F. R. 527; E. O. 9125, 7 F. R. 2719; E. O. 9599, 10 F. R. 10155; E. O. 9638, 10 F. R. 12591; C. P. A. Reg. 1, Nov. 5, 1945, 10 F. R. 13714; Housing Expediter's Priorities Order 1, Aug. 27, 1946, 11 F. R. 9507.

PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

[Suspension Order S-970]

C. K. SIVAS

C. K. Sivas, 2930 Emerson Way, Altadena, California is the owner of the premises located at 1214 East Huntington Drive, between Arcadia and Azusa, Los Angeles, California. On April 2, 1946 he began the construction of two 4 unit "motel" structures at 2930 Emerson Way, Altadena, California, at an estimated cost of $8,000, each of which was in excess of the $1,000 limit permitted by Veterans' Housing Program Order 1 and was in violation thereof. On May 1, 1946, C. K. Sivas began the construction also at 1214 East Huntington Drive of a 1-unit garage dwelling at an estimated cost of $8,000, each of which was in an estimated cost of $6,000, each of which exceeded the limit permitted by Veterans' Housing Program Order 1. All construction was begun without authorization from the Civilian Production Administration or Federal Housing Administration. These acts constituted wilful violations of Veterans' Housing Program Order 1 and have diverted critical materials to uses not authorized by the Civilian Production Administration. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered that:

§ 1010.970 *Suspension Order No. S-970.* (a) Neither C. K. Sivas, his successors or assigns, nor any other person, shall do any construction on the premises located at 1214 East Huntington Drive, between Arcadia and Azusa, Los Angeles, California, including putting up, completing or altering any of the structures located thereon, unless otherwise specifically authorized in writing by the Civilian Production Administration.

(b) C. K. Sivas shall refer to this order in any application or appeal which he may file with the Civilian Production Administration or the Federal Housing Agency for priorities assistance or for authorization to carry on construction.

(c) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve C. K. Sivas, his successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the Civilian Production Administration, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 18th day of September 1946.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17008; Filed, Sept. 18, 1946; 4:45 p. m.]

PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

[Suspension Order S-972]

E. B. STRICKLAND AND M. C. HERIDER

E. B. Strickland and M. C. Herider are partners doing business as H & S Construction Company, with their principal place of business in Marshall, Missouri. Subsequent to March 26, 1946 without authorization from the Civilian Production Administration, the partners began the construction of a building at 259 S. Salt Pond Street in Marshall, Missouri, to be used in making repairs to automotive equipment and for an automobile sales and show room at a cost in excess of $1,000 limit permitted by Veterans' Housing Program Order 1. E. B. Strickland and M. C. Herider were aware of the restrictions on construction and their action constituted a wilful violation of Veterans' Housing Program Order 1. This violation has diverted scarce materials to uses not authorized by the Civilian Production Administration. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby ordered that:

§ 1010.972 *Suspension order No. S-972.* (a) The temporary suspension order issued by telegram dated July 19, 1946 against E. B. Strickland and M. C. Herider, doing business as H & S Construction Company, is hereby revoked.

(b) Neither E. B. Strickland and M. C. Herider, doing business as H & S Construction Company, their successors or assigns, nor any other person, shall do any further construction on the premises

located at 259 S. Salt Pond Street, Marshall, Missouri, including putting up, completing or altering the structure, unless hereafter specifically authorized in writing by the Civilian Production Administration.

(c) E. B. Strickland and M. C. Herider doing business as H & S Construction Company, shall refer to this order in any application or appeal which they or it may file with the Civilian Production Administration for priorities assistance or for authorization to carry on construction in connection with the construction project hereby prohibited.

(d) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve E. B. Strickland and M. C. Herider, doing business as H & S Construction Company, their successors and assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the Civilian Production Administration, except insofar as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

Issued this 18th day of September 1946.

CIVILIAN PRODUCTION ADMINISTRATION,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17007; Filed, Sept. 18, 1946; 4:44 p. m.]

Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

PART 1381—SOFTWOOD LUMBER

[3d Rev. MPR 219, Corr. to Amdt. 3]

NORTHEASTERN SOFTWOOD LUMBER

Amendment 3 to Third Revised Maximum Price Regulation 219 is corrected as follows:

1. In Table 24 "$69.50" appearing under 8'' should read "65.25".

2. In Table 24 "65.25" appearing under 9'' should read "69.50."

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16938; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

PART 1413—SOFTWOOD LUMBER PRODUCTS

[MPR 381,[1] Incl. Amdt. 1-10]

STOCK SCREEN GOODS

This compilation of Maximum Price Regulation 381 includes Amendment 10, effective September 23, 1946. Changes made in section 3 (b) (1) by Amendment 10 are indicated by note.

A statement of the consideration involved in the issuance of this regulation has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.[2] Such specifications and standards as are used in this regulation were, prior to such use, in general use in the trade or industry affected.

[Preamble amended by Supplementary Order 61, 8 F.R. 12552, effective 9-11-43]

[1] 8 F.R. 6159.

[2] Statements of the Considerations are also issued simultaneously with amendments. Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

§ 1413.101 *Maximum prices for stock screen goods.* Under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, Maximum Price Regulation No. 381 (Stock Screen Goods), which is annexed hereto and made a part hereof, is hereby issued.

Sec.

1. Sales of stock screen goods at higher than maximum prices prohibited.
2. To what products, transactions, and persons this regulation applies.
3. Maximum prices.
3a. Items not specifically priced.
4. Additions for transportation and delivery.
5. Invoicing requirements.
6. Prohibited practices.
7. Records and reports.
8. Applications for adjustment and petitions for amendment.
9. Enforcement and licenses.
10. Relation to other regulations.
11. Appendix A: Screen door patterns.
12. Appendix B: List prices for Ponderosa pine and Southern pine screen doors.
13. Appendix C: List prices for oak screen doors.
14. Appendix D: List prices for extension window screens.
15. Appendix E: List prices for Northern and Western pine combination storm and screen doors.
16. Appendix F: List prices for Ponderosa pine knocked-down window screen frames.

AUTHORITY: § 1413.101 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; Pub. Laws 108 and 548, 79th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; E.O. 9599, 10 F.R. 10155; E.O. 9651, 10 F.R. 13487; E.O. 9697, 11 F.R. 1691.

SECTION 1. *Sales of stock screen goods at higher than maximum prices prohibited.* (a) On and after May 17, 1943, regardless of any contract or obligation, no person shall sell or deliver, and no person shall buy or receive in the course of trade or business, any stock screen goods at prices higher than the maximum prices fixed by this Maximum Price Regulation No. 381, and no person shall agree, offer or attempt to do any of these things.

(b) Prices lower than the maximum prices may, of course, be charged or paid.

(c) If stock screen goods have been received before May 17, 1943, by a carrier, other than one owned or controlled by the seller, for shipment to a buyer, that shipment is not subject to this regulation, but remains subject to the regulation which covered it at the time the goods were turned over to the carrier.

SEC. 2. *To what products, transactions, and persons this regulation applies*—(a) *Products covered by this regulation.* This regulation covers, under the term "stock screen goods," all of the screen doors, combination doors, extension window screens, and knocked-down wooden screen frames made of Ponderosa pine (Pinus ponderosa), Idaho pine (Pinus monticola), Sugar pine (Pinus lambertina), and Pinus species known commercially as "Southern pine", or any species of hardwood lumber, in the patterns or designs mentioned in the appendices of the regulation.

[Paragraph (a) amended by Am. 1, 8 F.R. 7198, effective 6-2-43 and Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

[Effective date of Am. 3 reads as follows: "If this amendment lowers any maximum price below that previously fixed in this regulation, then: (1) 'Sales to jobbers and special dealers' pursuant to firm contracts in existence prior to the issuance of this amendment at lawful prices may be completed according to their terms with respect to shipments made on or before May 15, 1944. (2) 'Sales to regular dealers' may be made at the previous lawful prices where shipment is made on or before June 15, 1944; and (3) 'Retail sales' may be made at the previous lawful prices where delivery is made on or before July 31, 1944."]

(b) *Transactions covered by the regulation.* This regulation covers all sales of stock screen goods, with the following exception: It does not cover direct-mill sales of combination doors which are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 293[3] (Stock Millwork). This means that this regulation does not cover combination doors included in direct-mill sales of 15,000 pounds or more of stock millwork which moves by rail to one or more places, or of 12,000 pounds or more of stock millwork which moves by truck to a single place.

Where screen goods are sold with hardware attached or are sold installed, this regulation covers the sale of the screen goods, exclusive of attachments and exclusive of services connected with either attachment or installation.

(c) *Persons covered by the regulation.* Any person who makes the kind of sale or purchase covered by this regulation is subject to the regulation. The term "person" includes: an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or their legal successors, or representatives; the United States, or any government, or any of its political subdivisions; or any agency of the foregoing.

SEC. 3. *Maximum prices*—(a) *Kinds of sales.* This regulation divides all sales of stock screen goods into two general groups, sales to distributors and sales to consumers.

(1) "Sales to distributors" include sales to jobbers, retailers, and all other persons who purchase to resell. Sales to distributors are divided into the following two kinds:

(i) *Sales to jobbers and special dealers.* A jobber is any distributor who in 1942 made 20 percent or more, by dollar volume, of his screen goods sales to other distributors. A special dealer is any distributor, other than a jobber, who in 1942 received from the manufacturer a discount or price equivalent to the price at which the manufacturer was invoicing his jobber customers.

[Subparagraph (i) amended by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

(ii) *Sales to regular dealers.* A regular dealer is any distributor who is not a jobber or special dealer.

(2) "Sales to consumers" include sales to users and to persons who purchase to install for use. Sales to consumers are divided into the following three kinds:

(i) *Direct factory sales to consumers,* which are sales to consumers in which stock screen goods are shipped to

[3] 11 F.R. 5710.

a purchaser directly from a factory in a full or distribution car. A distribution (or pool) car is a carload of screen goods or other millwork shipped on orders of two or more buyers, and distributed to these individual buyers, or to another common carrier for the account of such a buyer, at a delivery (distribution) point or points specified by the buyers.

(ii) *Retail sales*, which are sales to consumers in which shipment to the purchaser is not made in a full or distribution car originating at a factory. Such sales may be out of the stock of a warehouse maintained in connection with a factory, out of a jobber warehouse, or out of the stocks of a retail dealer. A sale to a distributor or a mail-order sale is not a retail sale.

(iii) *Mail-order sales*, which are sales to consumers by the mail-order department of a mail-order company or of a retail establishment, in which shipment to the purchaser is not made in a full or distribution car.

(b) *Maximum prices.* The maximum prices for stock screen goods shall be the prices arrived at by applying the following percentage addition or deduction for the specified species and products to the list prices in the appendices (adjusted for "list extras" and "list deductions").

(1) *Ponderosa pine screen products; maximum prices.* (Percentage to be added to or deducted from list price.)

Kind of sale	Appendices: Tables 1, 2, and 4, all patterns; and patterns N and Q in Table 5		Appendices: Table 9, all sales [1]	Appendices: Tables 10 and 11, all sales
	For sales other than in the State of California	For sales in the State of California		
	Percent	*Percent*	*Percent**	*Percent*
Sales to jobbers and special dealers, all quantities	Less 14	Less 19½	Less 2	Less 14.
Sales to regular dealers:				
Full carloads of screen goods	Less 14	Less 19½	Less 2	Less 14.
Distribution cars	Less 4	Less 9½	Plus 9	Less 4.
Less than carload quantities not shipped in pool or distribution cars.	Plus 6½	Plus 1	Plus 20½	Plus 6½.
Direct factory sales to consumers:				
Full carloads of screen goods	Less 14	Less 19½	Less 2	Less 14.
Distribution cars	Less 4	Less 9½	Plus 9	Less 4.
Retail sales:				
Full bundles	Plus 36	Plus 30½	Plus 52½	Plus 36.
Broken bundles	Plus 46	Plus 40½	Plus 63½	Plus 46.
Mail-order sales:				
Full bundles	Plus 17½	Plus 12	Plus 29	Plus 17½.
Broken bundles	Plus 28	Plus 22½	Plus 40	Plus 28.

[1] Sales by manufacturers of combination screen and storm doors sold alone or with other millwork in quantities of 12,000 pounds or more by truck to a single place or 15,000 pounds or more by rail to one or more places are covered by RMPR 293.

[*Percentages amended by Am. 10, effective 9-23-46]

(2) *Southern pine and oak screen doors and all extension window screens.* (Appendices: Tables 3, 5 (Patterns G and K only), 6, 7, 8.)

Kind of Sale and Maximum Price

Sales to jobbers and special dealers—all quantities: List price less 7% of list price.

Sales to regular dealers:

Full carloads of screen goods: List price less 7% of list price.

Distribution cars: List price plus 4½% of list price.

Less than carload quantities not shipped in distribution or pool cars: List price plus 15½% of list price.

Direct factory sales to consumers:

Full carloads of screen goods: List price less 7% of list price.

Distribution cars: List price plus 4½% of list price.

Retail sales:

Full bundles: List price plus 47½% of list price.

Broken bundles: List price plus 57½% of list price.

Mail-order sales:

Full bundles: List price plus 27% of list price.

Broken bundles: List price plus 37% of list price.

[Paragraph (b) amended by Am. 2, 9 F.R. 2300, effective 3-4-44; Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44; Am. 7, 11 F.R. 5072, effective 5-8-46; and Am. 9, 11 F.R. 9136, effective 8-21-46]

(c) *Addition to maximum prices for retail sales.* When a regular dealer purchases from other than a factory or factory warehouse and pays inbound common carrier freight from his normal sources of supply in excess of $0.75 per hundred pounds, the regular dealer may increase his maximum prices for retail sales of screen doors or extension window screens or knocked-down window screen frames by 2 percent of list price, and he may increase his maximum prices for retail sales of combination doors by 3 percent of list price.

[Paragraph (c) added and former (c) redesignated as (d) by Am. 5, 9 F.R. 9891, effective 8-17-44]

(d) *Definition of full bundle and broken bundle.* (1) "A full bundle," for the purposes of this regulation, is the quantity of screen goods of a size and kind, which quantity is specified in the description of the product in the appropriate price table in the appendices as the quantity per bundle, carton, or crate.

(2) "A broken bundle" is a quantity of screen goods of a size and kind which is less than a full bundle.

SEC. 3a. *Items not specifically priced.* Any person desiring to sell an item covered by the regulation but not specifically priced therein must make application to the Building Materials Price Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., for approval of a price. The application must contain a complete description of the item to be priced, the requested selling price and any additional facts which the respondent cares to make in support of the requested price. Any price not approved within 30 days from receipt of the application shall be considered approved until specifically revoked. The seller may use his requested selling price, subject to adjustment, pending approval of a price.

[Sec. 3a added by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

[NOTE: References to Lumber Branch are changed by Supplementary Order 112 (10 F.R. 6066) to be references to Building Materials Price Branch.]

SEC. 4. *Additions for transportation and delivery*—(a) *What charges for transportation and delivery may be added to the maximum price.* (1) In sales to distributors when shipment originates at a factory or factory warehouse, and in direct factory sales to consumers, the seller must allow freight (and freight tax) at the carload rail rate from factory to destination (or to point of distribution in the case of distribution cars).

(2) In sales to distributors, when the shipment originates at any place other than a factory or factory warehouse:

(i) The seller cannot charge for delivery when delivery is made by the seller's own truck.

(ii) When shipment is made by common carrier, any seller who allowed freight in March 1942 must allow freight to the same extent as he did in March 1942, but not in excess of $0.75 per hundred pounds. Sellers who allowed no freight in March 1942 may continue to allow no freight.

[Subparagraph (2) amended by Am. 5, 9 F.R. 9891, effective 8-17-44]

(3) In "retail sales," the seller cannot charge for delivery within the free delivery zones recognized by him during March 1942. For delivery outside of these free delivery zones, the seller may add the actual charge or cost paid or incurred by him in making shipment from his establishment to the purchaser.

(4) In mail-order sales, the seller may add the actual charge or cost paid or incurred by him in making shipment from the loading (or shipping) point to the place of delivery designated by the purchaser.

(b) *How to figure the actual charge or cost paid or incurred by the seller.* (1) When shipment is by common or contract carrier, the actual charge is the amount paid to the carrier.

(2) In "retail sales" when shipment is by truck owned or controlled by the seller, the cost which the seller figures cannot be higher than the over-all average trucking cost for a similar delivery, arrived at as of the six-month period ending September 1, 1942.

[Sec. 4 amended by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44 and as otherwise noted]

SEC. 5. *Invoicing requirements*—(a) *When an invoice must be rendered.* An invoice must be rendered in all sales. In mail-order sales and retail sales, a sales slip may be considered an invoice.

(b) *What the invoice must contain*—(1) *Description of product.* All invoices must contain a sufficiently complete description of screen goods to show whether the price is proper or not. Any specifi-

cation or extra which affects the maximum price must be mentioned in the description. The amount added for extras does not have to be separately shown.

(2) *Type of sale.* The invoice must show whether the sale is a sale to a jobber or special dealer, a sale to a regular dealer, a direct factory sale to consumer, a mail-order sale, or a retail sale.

(3) *Transportation and delivery charges.* The invoice must show any charge which the seller has made for transportation or delivery. If a charge has been made, the invoice must contain the: (i) point of origin of the shipment; (ii) destination; (iii) rail or truck rate (or, if delivery is by private truck, the amount added for transportation).

(4) *Freight allowance.* In those cases where carload freight must be allowed, the invoice must show the rate of freight allowed.

SEC. 6. *Prohibited practices* — (a) *In general.* Any practice which is a device to get the effect of a higher-than-ceiling price without actually raising the dollars-and-cents price is as much a violation of this regulation as an outright over-ceiling price. This applies to devices making use of commissions, services, transportation arrangements, premiums, special privileges, tying agreement, trade understandings and the like.

(b) *Specific prohibited practices.* The following are among the specific practices prohibited:

(1) Getting the effect of a higher price by changing credit practices or cash discounts from what they were on October 1, 1941. This includes reducing the cash discount period, decreasing credit periods, or making greater charges for extension of credit. In all cases, if the sale is on cash terms, the maximum price must be reduced by the same amount as the sale price would have been reduced for similar cash terms on October 1, 1941. For example, if the maximum price without cash discount is $10.00, and if in sales of this item on October 1, 1941, to purchasers of a certain class the seller reduced sales prices 2 percent for cash within 10 days, the ceiling cash price in sales to purchasers of this class is $9.80. For purposes of this paragraph, no discount over 2 percent is considered a cash discount.

(2) Unnecessarily routing screen goods through the stocks of a jobber warehouse or retail dealer.

(c) *Service commissions.* It is unlawful for any person to charge or receive from a buying plant, or for a buying plant to pay a commission for the service of procuring, buying, selling or locating stock screen goods, or for any related service (such as "expediting") which does not involve actual physical handling of the goods, if the commission plus the purchase price results in a total payment by the buyer which is higher than the maximum price of the screen goods. For purposes of this regulation, a commission is any service charge or payment which is figured either directly or indirectly on the basis of the quantity, price or value of the screen goods in connection with which the service is performed.

(d) *Adjustable pricing.* Any person may agree to sell at a price which can be increased up to the maximum price in effect at the time of shipment; but no person may, unless authorized by the Office of Price Administration, deliver or agree to deliver at prices to be adjusted upward in accordance with action taken by the Office of Price Administration after shipment. Such authorization may be given when a request for a change in the applicable maximum price is pending, but only if the authorization is necessary to promote distribution or production and if it will not interfere with the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. The authorization may be given by the Administrator or by any official of the Office of Price Administration having authority to act upon the pending request for a change in price or to give the authorization.

The authorization will be given by order, except that it may be given by letter or telegram when the contemplated revision will be the granting of an individual application for adjustment.

[Paragraph (d) amended by Supplementary Order 50, 8 F.R. 10568, effective 7-27-43]

SEC. 7. *Records and reports*—(a) *Records.* Sellers must keep records which will show a complete description of the items of stock screen goods sold, the name and address of the buyer (except in retail sales), the date of the sale and the price. Buyers must keep similar records, including the name and address of the seller (except in retail sales). These records must be kept for two years, covering any month in which the seller or buyer sold or bought $200 or more of stock screen goods.

(b) *Reports.* All regular dealers who increase their retail prices on screen doors, extension window screens or combination doors in accordance with the provisions of section 3 (c) shall report to the Building Materials Price Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. the names of their regular suppliers of these products, the origin and destination of inbound shipments, the freight rates per hundred pounds, the amount of freight allowed by the supplier, and the quantity of screen goods and combination doors received from such regular suppliers. Such reports shall be made by September 1, 1944 to cover the period July 1, 1943 to June 30, 1944. No report shall be required for any period after June 30, 1944, except that a seller who advances his prices under section 3 (c) after, but not before, December 31, 1944, shall submit a report giving the above information for the most recently completed twelve month period prior to such price advance.

[Sec. 7 amended by Am. 5, 9 F.R. 9891, effective 8-17-44]

SEC. 8. *Applications for adjustment and petitions for amendment.* (a) See Procedural Regulation No. 6 [4] for adjustment provisions on certain government contracts or subcontracts.

[Paragraph (a) amended by Supplementary Order 83, 9 F.R. 973, effective 2-1-44]

[4] 9 F.R. 10628, 10 F.R. 1382, 9394.

(b) *Petitions for amendment.* Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this regulation may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1,[5] issued by the Office of Price Administration.

(c) *Individual adjustment.* Any manufacturer of stock screen goods, subject to this regulation, may file an application for adjustment in his maximum prices for these commodities in accordance with the provisions of section 13 (c) of RMPR 293.

[Paragraph (c) added by Am. 8, 11 F.R. 8118, effective 7-26-46]

SEC. 9. *Enforcement and licenses.* (a) Persons violating any provision of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 381 are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, suits for treble damages, and proceedings for suspension of licenses provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(b) War Procurement Agencies and their contracting or paying finance officers are not subject to any liability, civil or criminal, imposed by this regulation. Persons who make sales covered by this regulation to War Procurement Agencies are, however, subject to all the liabilities imposed by this regulation. "War Procurement Agencies" include the War Department, the Navy Department, the United States Maritime Commission, and Lend-Lease Section in the Procurement Division of the Treasury Department, or any of their agencies.

(c) *Licensing.* The provisions of Licensing Order No. 1 [6] licensing all persons who make sales under price control, are applicable to all sellers subject to this regulation or schedule. A seller's license may be suspended for violations of the license or of one or more applicable price schedules or regulations. A person whose license is suspended may not, during the period of suspension, make any sale for which his license has been suspended.

[Paragraph (c) amended by Supplementary Order 72, 8 F.R. 13244, effective 10-1-43]

SEC. 10. *Relation to other regulations*—(a) *General Maximum Price Regulation.* Any sale or delivery covered by this Maximum Price Regulation No. 381 is not subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.[7]

(b) *Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation.* The maximum price for export sales of stock screen goods is governed by the Second Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation.[8]

SEC. 11. *Appendix A: Screen door patterns.* The pattern designations in this regulation refer to the patterns pictured in the attached chart which is incorporated herein.[9]

[5] 9 F.R. 10476, 13715; 10 F.R. 11295.
[6] 8 F.R. 13240.
[7] 9 F.R. 1385, 5169, 6106, 8150, 10193, 11274.
[8] 8 F.R. 4132, 5987, 7662, 9998, 15193; 9 F.R. 1036, 5435, 5923, 7201, 9835, 11273, 12919, 14436; 10 F.R. 863, 923, 2432, 6590, 8746, 8611, 9586, 10029, 15348; 11 F.R. 1297.
[9] Filed as part of the original document.

SEC. 12. *Appendix B: List prices for Ponderosa pine and southern pine screen doors.* (a) The list prices for Ponderosa pine and southern pine screen doors are as follows: (Sizes shown are regular door opening sizes stated in feet and inches.)

TABLE 1—1⅛" PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors: 1⅛" thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
A-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 12" BOTTOM RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	$33.95	$35.10	$35.50	$35.90	$36.30	$36.45	$37.80
12 mesh black wire	36.60	38.10	38.45	39.05	39.65	40.10	41.50
14 mesh galvanized wire	37.55	39.20	39.70	40.25	40.95	41.50	42.80
16 mesh galvanized wire	38.75	40.50	41.00	41.60	42.35	42.90	44.30
16 mesh bronze wire	46.15	48.75	49.45	50.35	51.55	52.40	54.30
B-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" TO 8" BOTTOM RAIL 4" CROSS RAIL 2 PIECE WIRING							
Open, with mouldings bundled	36.30	37.55	37.85	38.20	38.80	39.15	40.05
12 mesh black wire	40.10	41.75	42.15	42.65	43.40	43.95	45.00
14 mesh galvanized wire	41.05	42.80	43.25	43.80	44.55	45.15	46.25
16 mesh galvanized wire	42.20	43.95	44.45	45.05	45.95	46.45	47.70
16 mesh bronze wire	49.00	51.60	52.40	53.20	54.35	55.20	57.00
B-4 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 8" BOTTOM RAIL 4" CROSS RAIL 1 PIECE WIRING							
12 mesh black wire	35.20	36.70	37.20	37.65	38.40	38.85	40.05
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.15	37.80	38.40	38.85	39.65	40.10	41.40
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.45	39.15	39.75	40.25	41.05	41.65	43.15
16 mesh bronze wire	45.35	48.15	48.90	49.65	50.95	51.70	53.90
C-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	29.65	30.70	31.00	31.25	31.55	31.75	32.60
12 mesh black wire	32.75	34.15	34.50	34.90	35.45	35.80	36.85
14 mesh galvanized wire	33.65	35.10	35.55	35.95	36.65	36.85	38.05
16 mesh galvanized wire	35.20	36.70	37.15	37.65	38.35	38.80	40.05
16 mesh bronze wire	43.30	45.60	46.10	46.90	48.05	48.75	50.95
C-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 4" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	33.60	34.65	34.90	35.20	35.50	35.70	36.55
12 mesh black wire	36.70	38.05	38.45	38.85	39.40	39.75	40.80
14 mesh galvanized wire	37.60	39.05	39.50	39.90	40.60	40.80	42.00
16 mesh galvanized wire	39.10	40.65	41.10	41.60	42.25	42.75	44.00
16 mesh bronze wire	47.25	49.55	50.05	50.80	52.00	52.70	54.85
D-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	31.40	32.45	32.75	33.10	33.45	33.80	34.65
12 mesh black wire	34.40	35.85	36.25	36.60	37.35	37.75	38.80
14 mesh galvanized wire	35.55	37.20	37.55	38.00	38.75	39.25	40.35
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.00	38.70	39.05	39.65	40.50	41.00	42.20
16 mesh bronze wire	46.10	48.75	49.50	50.15	51.45	52.35	54.30
D-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" TO 8" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	38.05	39.05	39.50	39.95	40.45	40.75	41.70
12 mesh black wire	41.40	42.90	43.35	43.90	44.65	45.10	46.20
14 mesh galvanized wire	42.55	44.10	44.70	45.20	46.05	46.45	47.60
16 mesh galvanized wire	43.80	45.40	46.05	46.55	47.45	48.00	49.40
16 mesh bronze wire	51.70	54.40	55.20	56.00	57.35	58.05	60.15

TABLE 1—1⅛" PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors: 1⅛" thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
E-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open with mouldings bundled	$29.65	$30.70	$31.00	$31.25	$31.55	$31.75	$32.60
12 mesh black wire	32.55	33.85	34.25	34.65	35.20	35.55	36.55
14 mesh galvanized wire	33.70	35.20	35.45	36.00	36.60	37.00	38.10
16 mesh galvanized wire	35.20	36.70	37.15	37.65	38.35	38.80	40.05
16 mesh bronze wire	43.10	45.70	46.30	47.05	48.20	48.90	50.80
E-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" TO 8" BOTTOM RAIL 4" CROSS RAIL							
Open with mouldings bundled	34.20	35.45	35.75	36.15	36.60	36.90	37.80
12 mesh black wire	37.05	38.60	39.00	39.60	40.20	40.70	41.75
14 mesh galvanized wire	38.20	39.90	40.20	40.95	41.65	42.15	43.30
16 mesh galvanized wire	39.70	41.40	41.95	42.60	43.35	43.95	45.25
16 mesh bronze wire	47.60	50.40	51.10	52.00	53.25	54.00	56.00
F-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open with mouldings bundled	29.30	30.35	30.65	31.00	31.25	31.50	32.35
12 mesh black wire	32.20	33.50	33.90	34.40	34.85	35.30	36.30
14 mesh galvanized wire	33.40	34.80	35.25	35.80	36.40	36.75	37.85
16 mesh galvanized wire	34.80	36.40	36.80	37.40	38.00	38.65	39.75
16 mesh bronze wire	42.75	45.35	45.95	46.80	47.90	48.70	50.50
F-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 4" CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	32.45	33.50	33.80	34.15	34.40	34.65	35.50
12 mesh black wire	35.35	36.65	37.05	37.55	38.00	38.45	39.45
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.55	37.95	38.40	38.95	39.55	39.90	41.00
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.95	39.55	39.95	40.55	41.15	41.80	42.90
16 mesh bronze wire	45.90	48.50	49.10	49.95	51.05	51.85	53.65
G-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
Open, with mouldings bundled	28.05	29.20	29.50	29.80	30.05	30.40	31.20
12 mesh black wire	30.90	32.35	32.70	33.20	33.65	34.20	35.10
14 mesh galvanized wire	32.05	33.55	34.00	34.50	35.05	35.55	36.55
16 mesh galvanized wire	33.45	35.05	35.55	35.10	36.75	37.35	38.45
16 mesh bronze wire	41.35	44.05	44.70	45.55	46.60	47.40	49.20
G-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAILS 3" MULLION							
Open, with mouldings bundled	33.20	34.25	34.70	35.20	35.45	35.75	36.60
12 mesh black wire	35.80	37.20	37.60	38.25	38.80	39.30	40.25
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.80	38.25	38.90	39.45	40.15	40.55	41.55
16 mesh galvanized wire	38.00	39.65	40.20	40.85	41.55	42.10	43.35
16 mesh bronze wire	44.80	47.45	48.20	49.20	50.30	51.00	52.80
G-3 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAILS 3" MULLION FLY EXITS 1" MESH GRAY DIAMOND WELDED FABRIC IN 2 LOWER PANELS							
12 mesh black wire	35.95	37.45	37.75	38.15	38.85	39.30	40.35
14 mesh galvanized wire	37.05	38.65	39.05	39.50	40.25	40.70	41.80
16 mesh galvanized wire	38.50	40.10	40.65	41.05	41.95	42.45	43.70

TABLE 1—1⅛″ PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors: 1⅛″ thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen 2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
G-4 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAILS; 4″ MULLION; 1¼″ SQUARE MESH STEEL GRILLES IN 2 LOWER PANELS							
14 mesh galvanized wire	$69.25	$70.80	$71.35	$72.00	$72.80	$73.25	$74.70
16 mesh galvanized wire	70.55	72.20	72.75	73.45	74.30	74.80	76.20
16 mesh bronze wire	78.70	80.60	82.10	83.05	84.35	85.05	87.15
H-1 3″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL; 2″ CROSS RAILS; 1″ MULLIONS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	29.75	30.75	31.10	31.45	31.70	31.95	32.75
12 mesh black wire	32.65	33.90	34.35	34.85	35.35	35.75	36.70
14 mesh galvanized wire	33.75	35.20	35.60	36.15	36.70	37.15	38.15
16 mesh galvanized wire	35.20	36.65	37.15	37.75	38.45	38.90	40.00
16 mesh bronze wire	43.10	45.60	46.30	47.20	48.30	49.00	50.75
H-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL; 2″ CROSS RAILS; 1″ MULLIONS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	32.55	33.90	34.25	34.60	34.85	35.10	35.90
12 mesh black wire	35.45	37.05	37.45	37.95	38.70	39.15	40.25
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.55	38.10	38.70	39.20	40.00	40.45	41.75
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.85	39.65	40.15	40.80	41.60	42.15	43.50
16 mesh bronze wire	45.80	48.60	49.30	50.25	51.45	52.25	54.30
I-1 3″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL; 3″ CROSS RAILS; 3″ MULLIONS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	33.65	34.85	35.10	35.40	35.85	36.15	37.10
12 mesh black wire	36.55	38.00	38.50	38.80	39.50	39.95	41.05
14 mesh galvanized wire	37.75	39.40	39.80	40.25	40.95	41.50	42.65
16 mesh galvanized wire	39.20	40.85	41.35	41.85	42.70	43.20	44.45
16 mesh bronze wire	48.30	51.00	51.65	52.40	53.65	54.50	56.55
I-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ TO 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAILS; 4″ MULLIONS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	38.80	39.90	40.30	40.75	41.25	41.55	42.55
12 mesh blac wire	41.40	42.90	43.35	43.90	44.65	45.10	46.20
14 mesh galvanized wire	42.55	44.10	44.70	45.20	46.05	46.45	47.60
16 mesh galvanized wire	43.80	45.40	46.05	46.55	47.45	48.00	49.40
16 mesh bronze wire	51.70	54.40	55.20	56.00	57.35	58.05	60.15
K-1 3″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL; 2″ CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	31.20	32.40	32.65	32.95	33.35	33.80	34.70
12 mesh black wire	34.00	35.50	35.85	36.30	36.90	37.40	38.55
14 mesh galvanized wire	35.20	36.75	37.15	37.70	38.50	38.80	40.00
16 mesh galvanized wire	36.60	38.25	38.75	39.25	40.05	40.75	41.95
16 mesh bronze wire	44.50	47.25	47.90	48.70	49.95	50.80	52.70
L-1 3″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	31.60	32.75	33.00	33.40	33.70	34.15	35.00
12 mesh black wire	34.40	35.85	36.25	36.65	37.35	37.70	38.85
14 mesh galvanized wire	35.55	37.10	37.55	38.05	38.80	39.15	40.35
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.00	38.65	39.10	39.70	40.45	41.05	42.25
16 mesh bronze wire	44.95	47.60	48.25	49.15	50.30	51.15	53.05

TABLE 1—1⅛″ PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors: 1⅛″ thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen 2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
M-1 3″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ BOTTOM RAIL; 2″ CROSS RAILS; 1″ MULLIONS							
12 mesh black wire	$35.45	$36.85	$37.10	$37.60	$38.35	$38.80	$39.75
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.55	38.10	38.45	38.90	39.70	40.15	41.15
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.95	39.65	39.95	40.50	41.35	41.95	43.05
N-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ TO 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	35.85	37.00	37.45	37.80	38.25	38.45	39.65
12 mesh black wire	38.50	40.00	40.35	40.95	41.65	42.10	43.30
14 mesh galvanized wire	39.55	41.20	41.75	42.25	43.00	43.45	44.80
16 mesh galvanized wire	40.65	42.35	42.95	43.45	44.35	44.90	46.15
16 mesh bronze wire	47.40	50.05	50.75	51.60	52.75	53.60	55.45
N-4 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAIL; SCROLL TOP OXIDIZED COPPERED STEEL GRILLE							
16 mesh galvanized wire	83.50	85.20	85.80	86.30	87.20	87.75	89.00
16 mesh bronze wire	90.25	92.85	93.60	94.45	95.60	96.45	98.30
N-6 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAIL; SCROLL TOP SOLID COPPER GRILLE, STATUARY BRONZE FINISH							
16 mesh bronze wire	116.10	118.70	119.45	120.30	121.45	122.25	124.10
O-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 3″ CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	37.95	39.30	39.80	40.05	40.55	40.80	42.05
12 mesh black wire	40.70	42.35	42.80	43.25	44.00	44.55	45.85
14 mesh galvanized wire	41.65	43.45	43.95	44.45	45.20	45.80	47.15
16 mesh galvanized wire	42.75	44.65	45.15	45.70	46.55	47.20	48.50
16 mesh bronze wire	49.50	52.30	53.10	53.80	55.50	55.90	57.85
P-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 3″ CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	40.00	41.60	42.10	42.25	42.80	43.15	44.45
12 mesh black wire	42.90	44.75	45.15	45.55	46.35	47.00	48.30
14 mesh galvanized wire	43.75	45.70	46.15	46.60	47.40	48.10	49.50
16 mesh galvanized wire	44.85	46.90	47.35	47.85	48.75	49.45	50.85
16 mesh bronze wire	51.60	54.55	55.40	55.95	58.15	58.20	60.20
Q-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ TO 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	44.35	45.50	45.95	46.30	46.80	46.95	48.10
12 mesh black wire	46.50	48.10	48.45	49.00	49.70	50.15	51.35
14 mesh galvanized wire	47.50	49.25	49.65	50.25	51.00	51.45	52.75
16 mesh galvanized wire	49.15	50.85	51.45	52.00	52.85	53.40	54.60
16 mesh bronze wire	55.90	58.55	59.25	60.05	61.25	62.10	63.90
R-2 4″ STILES AND TOP RAIL; 6″ TO 8″ BOTTOM RAIL; 4″ CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	40.55	41.75	42.05	42.40	42.90	43.15	44.35
12 mesh black wire	43.50	45.05	45.50	46.05	46.85	47.20	48.40
14 mesh galvanized wire	44.70	46.30	46.75	47.35	48.20	48.60	49.80
16 mesh galvanized wire	45.95	47.60	48.15	48.70	49.60	50.10	51.60
16 mesh bronze wire	53.85	56.60	57.30	58.15	59.50	60.20	62.35

TABLE 1—1⅛" PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

[List prices added to Table 1 by Am. 3, 9 F. R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors; 1⅛" thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-0 x 6-6	2-0 x 6-8	2-4 x 6-8, 2-6 x 6-0	2-6 x 7-0	2-8 x 6-0, 2-8 x 6-6	2-10 x 6-8	3-0 x 6-6
A-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 12" BOTTOM RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled		$31.70	$33.95	$35.25	$34.75	$35.90	$35.70
14 mesh galvanized wire	$34.75	35.35		39.35	38.80		40.85
16 mesh galvanized wire	35.85	36.50	38.75	40.75	40.10	41.60	42.20
16 mesh bronze wire	42.70	43.50		49.35	48.25	50.35	51.50
F-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 4" CROSS RAIL							
Open with mouldings bundled		29.95	32.45	33.65	32.95	34.15	33.80
16 mesh galvanized wire		35.45	37.95	39.85	39.00	40.55	40.90
P-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 8" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open with mouldings bundled		37.50	40.00	41.75	41.05	42.25	42.30
14 mesh galvanized wire	40.85	41.50		45.85	45.20		47.45
16 mesh galvanized wire	41.65	42.40	44.85	47.15	46.40	47.85	48.65
16 mesh bronze wire	48.15	48.95	51.60	55.15	53.95	55.95	57.40

TABLE 2—⅞" PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors, ⅞" thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind.	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
CC-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	$25.65	$26.70	$27.00	$27.25	$27.55	$27.75	$28.60
12 mesh black wire	28.75	30.15	30.50	30.90	31.45	31.80	32.85
14 mesh galvanized wire	29.65	31.15	31.55	31.95	32.65	32.85	34.05
16 mesh galvanized wire	31.20	32.70	33.20	33.65	34.35	34.80	36.05
16 mesh bronze wire	39.30	41.65	42.10	42.90	44.05	44.80	46.95
CC-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	28.70	29.75	30.05	30.30	30.60	30.80	31.65
12 mesh black wire	31.80	33.20	33.55	33.95	34.50	34.85	35.90
14 mesh galvanized wire	32.70	34.20	34.60	35.00	35.70	35.90	37.10
16 mesh galvanized wire	34.25	35.75	36.25	36.70	37.40	37.85	39.10
16 mesh bronze wire	42.35	44.70	45.15	45.95	47.10	47.85	50.00
EE-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	25.65	26.70	27.00	27.25	27.55	27.75	28.60
12 mesh black wire	28.55	29.85	30.25	30.65	31.20	31.55	32.55
14 mesh galvanized wire	29.70	31.20	31.45	32.05	32.60	33.00	34.15
16 mesh galvanized wire	31.20	32.70	33.20	33.65	34.35	34.80	36.05
16 mesh bronze wire	39.10	41.70	42.30	43.05	44.20	44.90	46.85
EE-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	28.70	29.75	30.05	30.30	30.60	30.80	31.65
12 mesh black wire	31.60	32.90	33.30	33.70	34.25	34.60	35.60
14 mesh galvanized wire	32.75	34.25	34.50	35.05	35.65	36.05	37.15
16 mesh galvanized wire	34.25	35.75	36.25	36.70	37.40	37.85	39.10
16 mesh bronze wire	42.15	44.75	45.35	46.10	47.25	47.95	49.90

TABLE 2—⅞" PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors, ⅞" thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind.	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
FF-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	$25.30	$26.35	$26.65	$27.00	$27.25	$27.50	$28.35
12 mesh black wire	28.20	29.50	29.95	30.40	30.85	31.30	32.30
14 mesh galvanized wire	29.40	30.80	31.25	31.80	32.40	32.75	33.85
16 mesh galvanized wire	30.80	32.40	32.80	33.40	34.00	34.65	35.75
16 mesh bronze wire	38.75	41.35	41.95	42.80	43.90	44.75	46.50
FF-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	28.10	29.40	29.70	30.05	30.30	30.55	31.40
12 mesh black wire	31.25	32.55	32.95	33.45	33.90	34.35	35.35
14 mesh galvanized wire	32.45	33.85	34.30	34.85	35.45	35.80	36.90
16 mesh galvanized wire	33.85	35.45	35.85	36.45	37.05	37.70	38.80
16 mesh bronze wire	41.80	44.40	45.00	45.85	46.95	47.80	49.55
GG-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS, 1" MULLION							
Open, with mouldings bundled	24.05	25.20	25.50	25.85	26.05	26.40	27.20
12 mesh black wire	26.95	28.35	28.70	29.20	29.65	30.20	31.15
14 mesh galvanized wire	28.05	29.55	30.05	30.50	31.10	31.55	32.55
16 mesh galvanized wire	29.45	31.10	31.55	32.15	32.75	33.35	34.45
16 mesh bronze wire	37.40	40.05	40.70	41.60	42.65	43.40	45.20
GG-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS, 1" MULLION							
Open, with mouldings bundled	27.10	28.25	28.55	28.90	29.10	29.45	30.25
12 mesh black wire	30.00	31.40	31.75	32.25	32.70	33.25	34.20
14 mesh galvanized wire	31.10	32.60	33.10	33.55	34.15	34.60	35.60
16 mesh galvanized wire	32.50	34.15	34.60	35.20	35.80	36.40	37.50
16 mesh bronze wire	40.45	43.10	43.75	44.65	45.70	46.45	48.25
HH-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	25.80	26.80	27.10	27.45	27.70	28.00	28.75
12 mesh black wire	28.65	29.95	30.35	30.85	31.35	31.75	32.70
14 mesh galvanized wire	29.75	31.20	31.60	32.20	32.70	33.20	34.20
16 mesh galvanized wire	31.20	32.65	33.20	33.75	34.45	34.90	36.00
16 mesh bronze wire	39.10	41.65	42.30	43.20	44.30	45.00	46.80
HH-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	28.80	29.80	30.15	30.50	30.75	31.05	31.80
12 mesh black wire	31.70	32.95	33.40	33.90	34.40	34.80	35.75
14 mesh galvanized wire	32.80	34.25	34.65	35.25	35.75	36.25	37.20
16 mesh galvanized wire	34.25	35.70	36.25	36.80	37.50	37.95	39.05
16 mesh bronze wire	42.15	44.70	45.35	46.25	47.35	48.05	49.80
KK-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	27.20	28.40	28.65	29.00	29.35	29.80	30.70
12 mesh black wire	30.05	31.50	31.85	32.30	32.90	33.40	34.55
14 mesh galvanized wire	31.20	32.75	33.20	33.70	34.50	34.80	36.00
16 mesh galvanized wire	32.60	34.30	34.75	35.30	36.05	36.75	37.95
16 mesh bronze wire	40.55	43.25	43.90	44.75	45.95	46.85	48.70

TABLE 2—3/8" PONDEROSA PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Ponderosa pine screen doors, 3/8" thick; in the white; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind.	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
KK-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS							
Open, with mouldings bundled	$30.25	$31.45	$31.70	$32.05	$32.40	$32.85	$33.75
12 mesh black wire	33.10	34.55	34.90	35.35	35.95	36.45	37.60
14 mesh galvanized wire	34.25	35.80	36.25	36.75	37.55	37.85	39.05
16 mesh galvanized wire	35.65	37.35	37.80	38.35	39.10	39.80	41.00
16 mesh bronze wire	43.60	46.30	46.95	47.80	49.00	49.90	51.75
LL-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	27.60	28.75	29.05	29.40	29.70	30.15	31.05
12 mesh black wire	30.40	31.85	32.25	32.65	33.35	33.70	34.85
14 mesh galvanized wire	31.55	33.15	33.55	34.05	34.80	35.20	36.40
16 mesh galvanized wire	33.00	34.65	35.10	35.70	36.45	37.05	38.25
16 mesh bronze wire	40.95	43.65	44.25	45.15	46.30	47.15	49.05
LL-2 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL							
Open, with mouldings bundled	30.65	31.80	32.10	32.45	32.75	33.20	34.05
12 mesh black wire	33.45	34.90	35.30	35.70	36.40	36.75	37.90
14 mesh galvanized wire	34.60	36.15	36.60	37.10	37.85	38.20	39.45
16 mesh galvanized wire	36.05	37.70	38.15	38.75	39.50	40.10	41.30
16 mesh bronze wire	44.00	46.65	47.30	48.20	49.35	50.20	52.10

TABLE 3—SOUTHERN PINE SCREEN DOORS

Description of product: Southern pine screen doors; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
CC-1a 3/8" THICK—2 1/4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 3 3/8" BOTTOM RAIL 1 1/2" CROSS RAILS							
Black stain							
12 mesh black wire	$22.25	$23.30	$23.50	$23.90	$24.35	$24.75	$25.55
16 mesh galvanized wire	25.30	26.35	26.60	27.15	27.75	28.20	29.30
CC-1b 3/8" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS							
Walnut stain							
12 mesh black wire	24.35	25.55	25.85	26.20	26.70	27.15	28.05
12 mesh galvanized wire	24.80	26.05	26.35	26.70	27.25	27.70	28.65
14 mesh galvanized wire	25.50	26.90	27.15	27.55	28.10	28.55	29.50
16 mesh galvanized wire	27.20	28.60	28.95	29.45	30.15	30.60	31.75
CC-1c 3/8" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAIL							
In the white							
12 mesh black wire	23.85	25.05	25.35	25.70	26.20	26.65	27.55
14 mesh galvanized wire	25.00	26.40	26.65	27.05	27.60	28.05	29.40
16 mesh galvanized wire	26.70	28.10	28.45	28.95	29.65	30.10	31.25

TABLE 3—SOUTHERN PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Southern pine screen doors; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
C-1a 1 3/8" THICK—2 1/4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 3 3/8" BOTTOM RAIL 1 1/2" CROSS RAILS							
Black stain							
12 mesh black wire	$25.90	$26.90	$27.60	$27.75	$28.10	$28.75	$29.20
16 mesh galvanized wire	28.70	29.95	30.70	31.05	31.50	32.25	32.90
C-1b 1 3/8" thick—3" stiles and top rail 6" bottom rail 2" cross rails							
In the white							
12 mesh black wire	27.50	28.65	29.45	29.55	29.95	30.65	31.20
14 mesh galvanized wire	28.75	30.15	30.95	31.15	31.60	32.35	32.95
16 mesh galvanized wire	30.10	31.70	32.55	32.85	33.40	34.15	34.85
CC-2 7/8" thick-4" stiles and top rail 6" bottom rail 4" cross rails							
In the white							
12 mesh black wire	26.95	28.10	28.90	29.00	29.40	30.10	30.65
14 mesh galvanized wire	28.20	29.60	30.40	30.60	31.05	31.80	32.40
16 mesh galvanized wire	29.55	31.15	32.00	32.30	32.85	33.60	34.30
D-1 1 3/8" thick-3" stiles and top rail 6" bottom rail 2" or 3" cross rails							
In the white							
12 mesh black wire	32.35	33.75	34.15	34.50	35.05	35.50	36.00
14 mesh galvanized wire	33.45	35.00	35.30	35.70	36.45	36.95	37.95
16 mesh galvanized wire	34.90	36.50	36.85	37.30	38.15	38.65	39.80
D-2 1 3/8" Thick-4" stiles and top rail 6" Bottom rail 4" Cross rails							
In the white							
12 mesh black wire	39.00	40.45	40.85	41.35	42.05	42.45	43.45
14 mesh galvanized wire	40.00	41.55	42.10	42.55	43.30	43.70	44.80
16 mesh galvanized wire	41.25	42.85	43.45	43.90	44.75	45.25	46.35
16 mesh bronze wire	49.65	52.40	53.15	53.90	55.25	55.95	57.95
EE-1 7/8" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAIL 1" MULLION							
Walnut stain							
12 mesh black wire	24.35	25.55	25.85	26.20	26.70	27.15	28.05
12 mesh galvanized wire	24.80	26.05	26.35	26.70	27.25	27.70	28.65
14 mesh galvanized wire	25.50	26.90	27.15	27.55	28.10	28.55	29.50
16 mesh galvanized wire	27.00	28.40	28.70	29.20	29.85	30.35	31.45
E-1 1 3/8" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAIL 1" MULLION							
Walnut stain							
12 mesh black wire	28.45	29.65	29.95	30.30	30.75	31.25	32.15

TABLE 3—SOUTHERN PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Southern pine screen doors; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
F-1 1⅛" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAIL 1" MULLION							
Painted black							
12 mesh black wire	$32.35	$33.70	$34.05	$34.55	$35.05	$35.50	$36.45
GG-1a ⅞" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
Walnut stain							
12 mesh black wire	24.35	25.55	25.85	26.20	26.70	27.15	28.05
12 mesh galvanized wire	24.80	26.05	26.35	26.70	27.25	27.70	28.65
14 mesh galvanized wire	25.50	26.90	27.15	27.55	28.10	28.55	29.50
16 mesh galvanized wire	27.00	28.40	28.70	29.20	29.85	30.35	31.45
GG-1b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS GG-1a, EXCEPT							
In the white							
16 mesh galvanized wire	26.70	28.15	28.45	28.95	29.60	30.10	31.20
GG-1c SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS GG-1a, EXCEPT							
2 coats varnish							
12 mesh black wire	30.70	32.05	32.50	32.90	33.50	33.95	34.85
12 mesh galvanized wire	31.15	32.50	33.00	33.45	34.05	34.55	35.50
14 mesh galvanized wire	31.85	33.35	33.80	34.30	34.90	35.40	36.35
GG-1d SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS GG-1a, EXCEPT							
Painted black							
12 mesh black wire	25.90	27.15	27.35	27.75	28.30	28.65	29.55
G-1a 1⅛" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
Walnut stain							
12 mesh black wire	30.15	31.55	31.95	32.40	32.90	33.40	34.35
16 mesh galvanized wire	32.70	34.30	34.80	35.35	36.00	36.55	37.65
G-1b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS G-1a, EXCEPT							
In the white							
16 mesh galvanized wire	32.45	34.00	34.55	35.05	35.75	36.30	37.40
GG-2a ⅞" THICK—4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
Walnut stain							
12 mesh black wire	25.85	27.05	27.35	27.65	28.30	28.55	29.50
12 mesh galvanized wire	26.25	27.50	27.90	28.15	28.80	29.15	30.15
14 mesh galvanized wire	26.95	28.25	28.55	28.90	29.55	29.85	30.90
16 mesh galvanized wire	28.10	29.55	30.05	30.35	31.10	31.50	32.65

TABLE 3—SOUTHERN PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Southern pine screen doors; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
GG-2b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS GG-2a, EXCEPT							
2 coats varnish							
12 mesh black wire	$33.75	$35.20	$35.50	$35.95	$36.60	$36.90	$37.90
12 mesh galvanized wire	34.20	35.65	36.00	36.50	37.10	37.50	38.55
14 mesh galvanized wire	34.85	36.40	36.75	37.30	37.90	38.20	39.30
16 mesh galvanized wire	36.10	37.75	38.20	38.75	39.45	39.90	41.10
H-1 1⅛" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLIONS							
Painted black							
12 mesh black wire	31.90	33.30	33.70	34.15	34.70	35.05	36.10
I-2 1⅛" THICK—4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 8" BOTTOM RAIL 3" CROSS RAILS 3" MULLIONS							
3 coats varnish							
16 mesh galvanized wire	46.35	47.85	48.60	49.15	50.05	50.50	52.00
KK-1 ⅞" THICK—3" STILES and TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
2 coats varnish							
12 mesh black wire	32.30	33.65	34.05	34.50	35.05	35.55	36.50
12 mesh galvanized wire	32.70	34.05	34.60	35.00	35.65	36.10	37.10
14 mesh galvanized wire	33.45	34.90	35.40	35.85	36.50	36.95	37.95
16 mesh galvanized wire	34.95	36.55	37.05	37.55	38.35	38.85	39.95
K-1a 1⅛" THICK—3" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
2 coats varnish							
12 mesh black wire	35.70	37.15	37.55	37.95	38.65	39.05	40.20
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.80	38.45	38.80	39.30	40.00	40.50	41.70
16 mesh galvanized wire	38.25	39.90	40.35	40.90	41.70	42.25	43.60
K-1b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS K-1a, EXCEPT							
In the white							
16 mesh galvanized wire	35.75	37.40	37.85	38.40	39.15	39.75	41.05
KK-2 ⅞" THICK—4" STILES AND TOP RAIL 6" BOTTOM RAIL 2" CROSS RAILS 1" MULLION							
2 coats varnish							
12 mesh black wire	35.80	37.30	37.60	38.10	38.65	39.05	40.15
14 mesh galvanized wire	36.50	38.00	38.35	38.90	39.55	39.80	40.95
16 mesh galvanized wire	37.95	39.50	39.90	40.50	41.25	41.55	42.85

TABLE 3—SOUTHERN PINE SCREEN DOORS—Continued

Description of product: Southern pine screen doors; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind	Price per dozen						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
N-2a 1⅜" THICK—4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 8" BOTTOM RAIL, 4" CROSS RAIL							
3 coats varnish							
14 mesh galvanized wire	$42.15	$43.80	$44.30	$44.85	$45.55	$46.05	$47.35
16 mesh galvanized wire	43.25	44.95	45.50	46.15	46.95	47.45	48.75
16 mesh bronze wire	50.00	52.60	53.35	54.20	55.35	56.20	58.00
N-2b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS N-2a, EXCEPT							
In the white							
16 mesh galvanized wire	39.45	41.05	41.65	42.15	43.15	43.60	44.85
Q-2 1⅜" THICK—4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 8" BOTTOM RAIL, 4" CROSS RAILS, 6⅜" WOOD PANEL							
3 coats varnish							
14 mesh galvanized wire	50.15	51.80	52.30	52.85	53.60	54.15	55.40
16 mesh galvanized wire	51.25	53.05	53.50	54.15	54.95	55.50	56.75
R-2a 1⅜" THICK—4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 8" BOTTOM RAIL, 4" CROSS RAIL, 1¼" MULLIONS							
3 coats varnish							
16 mesh galvanized wire	48.40	50.20	50.60	51.20	52.10	52.55	54.10
R-2b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS R-2a, EXCEPT							
In the white							
16 mesh galvanized wire	44.65	46.40	46.85	47.40	48.30	48.75	50.30

[Table 3 amended by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

TABLE 4—PONDEROSA PINE STORE SCREEN DOORS

Description of product: Ponderosa pine store screen doors; 1⅜" thick; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind.	Price per dozen		
	2-0 x 7-0	2-0 x 7-6	2-0 x 8-0
C-D-1 3" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 3" CROSS RAILS			
2 coats varnish			
14 mesh galvanized wire	$34.90	$37.75	$40.65

TABLE 5—TRANSOM SCREEN DOORS

Description of product: Screen doors with 1 screen panel transom over; crated 6 to a bundle and 6 of a size and kind.	Price per dozen					
	2-8 x 7-6	2-10 x 7-6	3-0 x 7-6	2-8 x 8-0	2-10 x 8-0	3-0 x 8-0
GG-T-2a ⅞" THICK—SOUTHERN PINE, 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS, 1" MULLION						
Walnut stain						
12 mesh black wire	$30.20	$31.10	$32.10	$32.90	$33.75	$34.60
GG-T-2b SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS GG-T-2a, EXCEPT						
2 coats varnish						
14 mesh galvanized wire	40.25	41.20	42.30	43.35	44.40	45.30
KK-T-4 ⅞" THICK—SOUTHERN PINE, 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 2" CROSS RAILS, 1" MULLION, 4 BRACKETS						
2 coats varnish						
14 mesh galvanized wire	42.70	43.60	44.75	45.80	46.80	47.70
N-T-2 1⅜" THICK—PONDEROSA PINE, 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 4" CROSS RAIL						
2 coats varnish						
14 mesh galvanized wire	51.65	53.10	54.40	55.30	56.65	57.95
Q-T-2 1⅜" THICK—PONDEROSA PINE, 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL, 6" BOTTOM RAIL, 4" CROSS RAILS						
2 coats varnish						
14 mesh galvanized wire	58.05	59.35	60.55	62.05	63.25	64.10
16 mesh galvanized wire	59.15	60.50	61.70	62.60	63.95	65.20

(b) List deductions to tables 1–5, inclusive, are as follows:

1. ⅞" thick screen doors in patterns other than those listed in table 2:

Doors with 3" stiles: $3.80 per dozen less than the list for 1⅛" doors with 3" stiles.

Doors with 4" stiles: $4.10 per dozen less than the list for 1⅛" doors with 4" stiles.

2. Doors shipped loose (not crated): $1.00 per dozen.

3. Knocked-down doors (open): $.60 per dozen less than the list price for open doors, uncrated.

4. Open doors furnished without mouldings: $1.00 per dozen less than the list price for open doors.

5. Deduct for each rail and mullion narrower than standard: (Standard refers to specifications listed for each door in the tables.)

From 4" cross rail to 3" cross rail: $.40 per dozen.

From 4" mullions to 1½" mullions: $.40 per dozen.

From 6" bottom rail to 5" bottom rail: $.66 per dozen.

From 3" cross rail to 1½" cross rail: $.30 per dozen.

[Subparagraph 5 added by Am. 3, 9 F. R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

(c) List extras to tables 1–5, inclusive, are as follows:

1. 1⅜" thick screen doors: $1.50 per door to the list price for 1⅛" doors.

2. Raised, mitered moulding: $2.00 per dozen.

3. Segment, circle, tudor or gothic top screen doors:

Doors with 3" stiles: $2.75 per door to the list price of doors with 3" stiles.

Doors with 4" stiles: $3.10 per door to the list price of doors with 4" stiles.

4. Wider than standard screen doors (1" wider than standard; standard doors are ½"

wider and 1" longer than regular doors): $1.50 per dozen.

5. Painted, stained or varnished doors in the white:

1 coat light gray paint: $1.25 per dozen to list price of doors in the white.

Painted black: $1.05 per dozen to list price of doors in the white.

Stained walnut (water stain): $.50 per dozen to list price of doors in the white.

Varnished: add per dozen to list price of doors in the white as follows:

	3" stiles	4" stiles
1 coat	$1.20	$1.85
2 coats	2.40	3.70
3 coats	3.60	5.55

6. Preservative treatments:

Permatol "A" toxic preserver: $1.90 per dozen.

Toxic and water repellant: $2.00 per dozen.

Prime coat of linseed oil and white lead: $3.00 per dozen.

7. Special wiring or netting furnished in bottom half of door:

	Per dozen		
	24"	30"	36"
Poultry netting, or, 1" mesh diamond netting:			
2-6 door width	$2.60	$3.05	$3.40
2-8 door width	2.70	3.15	3.55
2-10 door width	2.80	3.30	3.70
3-0 door width	2.90	3.40	3.85
2" or 3" mesh hardware cloth, or, 2" or 3" mesh galvanized hail wire cloth:			
2-6 door width	5.95	7.20	8.30
2-8 door width	6.25	7.60	8.80
2-10 door width	6.55	8.05	9.35
3-0 door width	6.90	8.45	9.85

8. Corner wood brackets: $0.40 per dozen doors for each bracket.

9. Doors wider than listed: Add to the list price of a 3-0 x 7-0 door:

Door width:	*Per door*
3-2	$0.65
3-4	.90
3-6	1.25

10. Transom screen door patterns other than those listed in table 5: Add to the list price of 3-0 x 7-0 door:

Transom door height:	*Per door*
7-6	$0.65
8-0	.90

11. Transom screen doors, any pattern, 8-2 high: $1.25 per door to the list price of a 3-0 x 7-0 door.

12. Special set-ups for pattern B-2 (1⅛" ponderosa pine):

10" bottom rail: $1.32 per dozen.

Coppered steel grille in bottom panel: $36.00 per dozen.

6" cross rail (when sold with flush moulding only): $0.40 per dozen.

13. Special set-up for pattern L:

Diamond-shaped wood ornament: $3.40 per dozen.

14. Scroll top grilles sold loose:

Oxidized coppered steel grilles: $3.40 per grille.

Solid copper grilles, statuary bronze finish: $5.45 per grille.

15. Special set-up for pattern N-2b (1⅛" Southern pine):

Additional cross rail (dividing screen section in two): $3.00 per dozen.

16. Add for stiles and rails wider than standard: (Standard refers to specifications listed for each door in the tables.)

For 4" stiles and top rail to 5" stiles and top rail: $2.80 per dozen.

For 6" bottom rail to 8" bottom rail: $1.32 per dozen.

For 4" cross rail to 5" cross rail, per rail: $.66 per dozen.

[Subparagraphs 15 and 16 added by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44]

17. Screen doors furnished with 14 x 18 mesh galvanized wire: Add to the list price for the identical size, pattern and thickness in the tables for 16 mesh galvanized wire, as follows:

Stiles and top rail	Bottom rail	Price per dozen	
		Ponderosa pine: tables 1, 2, 4, all patterns; table 5, patterns N and Q	Southern pine: table 3, all patterns; table 5, patterns G and K
2¼"	3⅝"		$0.65
3"	5" or 6"	$0.65	.60
3"	8"	.65	.60
4"	6"	.60	.55
4"	8"	.60	.55
4"	10"	.55	.50
4"	12"	.55	.50
5"	6"	.55	.50
5"	8"	.50	.45
5"	10"	.50	.45
5"	12"	.50	.45

18. Screen doors furnished with 14 x 18 mesh bronze wire or 16 mesh aluminum wire: Add to the list price for the identical size, pattern and thickness in the tables for 16 mesh bronze wire, as follows:

Stiles and top rail	Bottom rail	Price per dozen			
		Ponderosa pine: tables 1, 2, 4, all patterns; table 5, patterns N and Q		Southern pine: table 3, all patterns; table 5, patterns G and K	
		14 x 18 mesh bronze wire	16 mesh aluminum wire	14 x 18 mesh bronze wire	16 mesh aluminum wire
3"	5" or 6"	$1.65			
3"	8"	1.60			
4"	6"	1.50	$3.05	$1.40	
4"	8"	1.45	2.95	1.35	$2.75
4"	10"	1.40	2.85		
4"	12"	1.35	2.80		
5"	6"	1.35	2.75	1.25	
5"	8"	1.35	2.70	1.25	2.50
5"	10"	1.30	2.60		
5"	12"	1.25	2.55		

[Subparagraphs 17 and 18 added by Am. 6, 11 F.R. 1519, effective 2-13-46]

(d) Special list extras to tables 1-5, inclusive, which apply in sales other than "Retail sales" and "Mail-order sales", are as follows:

1. Crating:

Packed 3 to a crate: $1.50 per dozen.

Crating any number other than 3 to a crate, but less than 6 to a crate: $.50 per bundle.

2. Less than 6 of a size and kind: 10% of the list price for 6 of a size and kind.

(e) If 16 mesh black wire is used, the list price shall in all cases be the same as for 16 mesh galvanized wire.

SEC. 13. *Appendix C: List prices for oak screen doors.* (a) The list prices for oak screen doors are as follows: (Sizes shown are regular door opening sizes stated in feet and inches.)

[Above paragraph designated (a) by Am. 6, 11 F.R. 1519, effective 2-13-46]

TABLE 6—OAK SCREEN DOORS

Description of product: Clear oak screen doors; 1⅛" thick; golden-oak finish; 1 coat filler; 2 coats coach varnish; individually wrapped; crated 3 to a bundle and 3 of a size and kind	Price per door						
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8, 2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 6-10	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0, 3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0
G-4 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL; 8" BOTTOM RAIL; 4" CROSS RAILS; 4" MULLION; 1¼" SQUARE MESH OXIDIZED COPPERED STEEL GRILLES IN 2 LOWER PANELS.							
14 mesh bronze wire	$9.10	$9.30	$9.35	$9.45	$9.55	$9.65	$9.80
16 mesh bronze wire	9.20	9.40	9.45	9.55	9.65	9.75	10.00
N-4 4" STILES AND TOP RAIL; 8" BOTTOM RAIL; 4" CROSS RAIL; 6⅛" PANEL; SCROLL TOP OXIDIZED COPPERED STEEL GRILLE							
14 mesh bronze wire	10.00	10.25	10.30	10.40	10.50	10.65	10.75
16 mesh bronze wire	10.15	10.40	10.45	10.55	10.65	10.80	10.90
N-6 SAME SPECIFICATIONS AS N-4, EXCEPT GRILLE CHANGED TO SCROLL TOP SOLID COPPER, STATUARY BRONZE FINISH							
16 mesh bronze wire	12.20	12.45	12.50	12.60	12.70	12.80	12.95

(b) For oak screen doors furnished with 14 x 18 mesh bronze wire or 16 mesh aluminum wire, add to the list price for the identical size and pattern in Table 6 for 16 mesh bronze wire, as follows:

Stiles and top rail	Bottom rail	Price per dozen	
		14 x 18-mesh bronze wire	16-mesh aluminum wire
4-inch	8-inch	$1.35	$2.75

[Paragraph (b) added by Am. 6, 11 F.R. 1519, effective 2–13–46]

SEC. 14. *Appendix D: List prices for extension window screens.* (a) The list prices for extension window screens are as follows:

TABLE 7—WOOD EXTENSION WINDOW SCREENS

Description of product: Frames of any species of lumber; oil-treated; center uprights of wood or metal; 1 dozen to a carton.	Price per dozen			
Number [1]	12 mesh black cloth	12 mesh galvanized	14 mesh galvanized	16 mesh galvanized
933	$3.25	$3.30	$3.35	$3.80
937	3.45	3.50	3.55	4.00
945			4.95	
1033	3.25	3.30	3.35	3.80
1218	3.25	3.30	3.35	
1224			3.45	
1233	3.25	3.30	3.35	3.80
1237	4.10	4.20	4.25	4.55
1245	5.45	5.55	5.65	5.95
1248		6.10	6.25	
1518			5.05	
1524	5.15	5.20	5.30	
1533	5.15	5.20	5.30	5.60
1537	5.85	5.90	6.00	6.30
1545	7.10	7.15	7.30	7.60
1633	5.30	5.35	5.45	
1733	5.40	5.45	5.55	
1818	5.15	5.15	5.25	
1824	5.55	5.60	5.70	
1833	5.55	5.60	5.70	6.00
1837	6.45	6.55	6.65	6.95
1841	7.10	7.20	7.40	
1845	7.70	7.90	8.05	8.35
1848	8.10	8.30	9.00	
1860		9.85	10.15	10.45
2033	5.95	6.00	6.15	
2233	6.05	6.20	6.35	6.65
2433	6.40	6.50	6.65	6.95
2437	7.10	7.20	7.35	7.60
2441	8.00	8.10	8.30	
2445	8.55	8.75	9.00	9.25
2448	9.40	9.65	10.00	
2450			10.20	
2460	10.90	11.10	11.55	
2637			8.60	
2833	8.15	8.30	8.50	
2837	8.65	8.80	9.10	9.55
2841	9.25	9.40	9.70	
2845	9.85	10.05	10.40	
2848	10.35	10.55	10.95	
2860			11.55	
3033	8.60	8.75	9.00	
3037	9.15	9.30	9.55	10.05
3045	10.50	10.65	11.05	11.50
3050			12.80	
3060	13.20	13.45	13.90	
3237	9.90	10.15	10.50	
3245	11.35	11.60	11.90	
3437			11.45	
3637	12.35	12.55	12.80	13.50
3645	12.50	12.70	13.15	

[1] The first figure in a three figure "number" and the first two figures in a four figure "number" indicate the height of the screen. The last two figures indicate the widest extended width of the screen.

[Table 7 amended by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4–29–44]

TABLE 8—WOOD AND METAL EXTENSION WINDOW SCREENS

Description of product: Metal rails and center strips; oil-treated wood stiles; packed 1 dozen to a carton.

Number	*Price per dozen 14 mesh galvanized*
1233	$3.70

All other numbers same prices as those listed in table 7.

(b) If 14 mesh painted cloth other than black is used, the list price shall in all cases be the same as for 14 mesh galvanized. If 16 mesh painted cloth other than black is used, the list price shall in all cases be the same as for 16 mesh galvanized.

(c) Special list extra to Table 7 which applies in sales other than "retail sales" and "mail-order sales" is as follows:

Less than 12 of a size and kind: 10% of the list price for 12 of a size and kind.

(d) If 16 mesh black wire is used, the list prices shall in all cases be as follows:

The list prices for 16 mesh galvanized reduced by the same differential for the identical size as exists between 12 mesh galvanized and 12 mesh black cloth extension window screens in Table 7.

[Paragraph (c) and (d) added by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4–29–44]

(e) If extension window screens are furnished with 14 x 18 mesh galvanized wire, add to the list price in Table 7 for 16 mesh galvanized, the differential for the identical size as exists between 12 mesh galvanized and 14 mesh galvanized extension window screens.

[Paragraph (e) added by Am. 6, 11 F.R. 1519, effective 2–13–46]

SEC. 15. *Appendix E: List prices for Northern and Western pine combination storm and screen doors.* (a) The list prices for Western and Northern pine combination storm and screen doors are listed in the price tables which follow: (The design numbers refer to page 160 through page 178 in Standard Woodwork Lists, Catalogue No. 40, printed by Pinney Printing Company of Clinton, Iowa. Sizes shown are regular door opening sizes stated in feet and inches.)

TABLE 9—COMBINATION DOORS WITH SCREEN AND SASH INSERTS

Description of product: 1⅛" thick; in the white; sash section furnished with wood beads or putty; crated 3 to a bundle and 5 of a size and kind.	Price per door										
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8	2-6 x 7-0	2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-8	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0	3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0	3-0 x 7-6
N. D. 736—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	$4.97	$5.04	$5.37	$5.19	$5.46	$5.31	$5.53	$5.61	$5.39	$5.71	$6.81
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.07	5.15	5.46	5.29	5.57	5.42	5.64	5.71	5.49	5.81	6.91
16 mesh bronze wire	5.46	5.53	5.86	5.68	5.95	5.81	6.03	6.10	5.88	6.21	7.31
N. D. 736—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.53	5.68	6.01	5.88	6.15	6.06	6.28	6.35	6.18	6.50	7.60
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.64	5.79	6.10	5.99	6.26	6.15	6.37	6.45	6.28	6.60	7.71
16 mesh bronze wire	6.03	6.18	6.50	6.37	6.65	6.55	6.77	6.85	6.68	6.99	8.10
N. D. 737—sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.29	5.33	5.61	5.44	5.71	5.51	5.73	5.81	5.64	5.93	7.04
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.39	5.44	5.71	5.53	5.81	5.61	5.84	5.91	5.73	6.03	7.13
16 mesh bronze wire	5.79	5.84	6.10	5.93	6.21	6.01	6.23	6.30	6.13	6.43	7.53
N. D. 737—sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.18	6.23	6.50	6.43	6.70	6.55	6.77	6.85	6.75	7.05	8.15
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.28	6.33	6.60	6.53	6.79	6.65	6.87	6.95	6.85	7.14	8.24
16 mesh bronze wire	6.68	6.72	6.99	6.92	7.19	7.05	7.27	7.34	7.25	7.54	8.64
N. D. 738—sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.42	5.46	5.73	5.53	5.81	5.64	5.86	5.93	5.76	6.06	7.16
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.51	5.57	5.84	5.64	5.91	5.73	5.95	6.03	5.86	6.15	7.26
16 mesh bronze wire	5.91	5.95	6.23	6.03	6.30	6.13	6.35	6.43	6.26	6.55	7.65
N. D. 738—sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.68	6.72	6.99	6.95	7.21	7.17	7.39	7.47	7.30	7.59	8.69
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.77	6.83	7.10	7.05	7.32	7.27	7.49	7.56	7.39	7.69	8.79
16 mesh bronze wire	7.17	7.21	7.49	7.44	7.72	7.67	7.89	7.96	7.79	8.09	9.19
N. D. 739—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.44	5.49	5.76	5.59	5.86	5.66	5.88	5.95	5.79	6.08	7.18
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.53	5.59	5.86	5.68	5.95	5.76	5.99	6.06	5.88	6.18	7.29
16 mesh bronze wire	5.93	5.99	6.26	6.08	6.35	6.15	6.37	6.45	6.28	6.57	7.68
N. D. 739—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.50	6.55	6.83	6.85	7.12	6.95	7.17	7.25	7.07	7.37	8.47
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.60	6.65	6.92	6.96	7.21	7.05	7.27	7.34	7.17	7.47	8.57
16 mesh bronze wire	6.99	7.05	7.32	7.34	7.61	7.44	7.67	7.74	7.56	7.86	8.97
N. D. 740—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.49	5.53	5.81	5.64	5.91	5.73	5.95	6.03	5.86	6.15	7.26
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.59	5.64	5.91	5.74	6.01	5.84	6.06	6.13	5.95	6.26	7.36
16 mesh bronze wire	5.99	6.03	6.30	6.13	6.41	6.23	6.45	6.53	6.35	6.65	7.75
N. D. 740—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.68	6.72	6.99	6.90	7.17	7.05	7.27	7.34	7.32	7.61	8.72
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.77	6.83	7.10	6.99	7.27	7.14	7.37	7.44	7.41	7.72	8.82
16 mesh bronze wire	7.17	7.21	7.49	7.39	7.67	7.54	7.76	7.83	7.81	8.11	9.21
N. D. 742—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.49	5.53	5.81	5.64	5.91	5.73	5.95	6.03	5.86	6.15	7.26
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.59	5.64	5.91	5.73	6.01	5.84	6.06	6.13	5.95	6.26	7.36
16 mesh bronze wire	5.99	6.03	6.30	6.13	6.41	6.23	6.45	6.53	6.35	6.65	7.75
N. D. 742—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.55	6.60	6.87	6.77	7.05	6.92	7.14	7.21	7.12	7.41	8.52
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.65	6.70	6.97	6.87	7.14	7.02	7.25	7.32	7.21	7.52	8.62
16 mesh bronze wire	7.05	7.10	7.37	7.27	7.54	7.41	7.64	7.72	7.61	7.91	9.01

TABLE 9—COMBINATION DOORS WITH SCREEN AND SASH INSERTS—Continued

Description of product: 1⅛" thick; in the white; sash section furnished with wood beads or putty; crated 3 to a bundle and 5 of a size and kind.	Prle per door										
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8	2-6 x 7-0	2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-8	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0	3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0	3-0 x 7-6
N. D. 750—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	$5.79	$5.84	$6.10	$5.95	$6.23	$6.08	$6.30	$6.37	$6.26	$6.55	$7.65
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.88	5.93	6.21	6.06	6.33	6.18	6.41	6.48	6.35	6.65	7.75
16 mesh bronze wire	6.28	6.33	6.60	6.45	6.72	6.57	6.79	6.87	6.75	7.05	8.15
N. D. 750—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.21	6.26	6.53	6.43	6.70	6.57	6.79	6.87	6.79	7.10	8.20
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.30	6.35	6.63	6.53	6.79	6.68	6.90	6.97	6.90	7.19	8.30
16 mesh bronze wire	6.70	6.75	7.02	6.92	7.19	7.07	7.30	7.37	7.30	7.59	8.69
N. D. 751—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.86	5.91	6.18	6.06	6.33	6.18	6.41	6.48	6.35	6.65	7.75
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.95	6.01	6.28	6.15	6.43	6.28	6.50	6.57	6.45	6.75	7.85
16 mesh bronze wire	6.35	6.41	6.68	6.55	6.83	6.68	6.90	6.97	6.85	7.14	8.24
N. D. 751—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.41	6.45	6.72	6.65	6.92	6.83	7.05	7.12	7.07	7.37	8.47
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.50	6.55	6.83	6.75	7.02	6.92	7.14	7.21	7.17	7.47	8.57
16 mesh bronze wire	6.90	6.95	7.21	7.14	7.41	7.32	7.54	7.61	7.56	7.86	8.97
N. D. 752—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	5.93	5.99	6.26	6.13	6.41	6.26	6.48	6.55	6.41	6.70	7.80
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.03	6.08	6.35	6.23	6.50	6.35	6.57	6.65	6.50	6.79	7.90
16 mesh bronze wire	6.43	6.48	6.75	6.63	6.90	6.75	6.97	7.05	6.90	7.19	8.30
N. D. 752—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.48	6.53	6.79	6.70	6.97	6.87	7.10	7.17	7.07	7.37	8.47
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.57	6.63	6.90	6.79	7.07	6.97	7.19	7.27	7.17	7.47	8.57
16 mesh bronze wire	6.97	7.02	7.30	7.19	7.47	7.37	7.59	7.67	7.56	7.86	8.97
N. D. 754—Sash section open:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.06	6.10	6.37	6.23	6.50	6.37	6.60	6.68	6.53	6.83	7.93
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.15	6.21	6.48	6.33	6.60	6.48	6.70	6.77	6.63	6.92	8.02
16 mesh bronze wire	6.55	6.60	6.87	6.72	6.99	6.87	7.10	7.17	7.02	7.32	8.42
N. D. 754—Sash section glazed:											
14 mesh galvanized wire	6.65	6.70	6.97	6.85	7.12	7.02	7.25	7.32	7.21	7.52	8.62
16 mesh galvanized wire	6.75	6.79	7.07	6.95	7.21	7.12	7.34	7.41	7.32	7.61	8.72
16 mesh bronze wire	7.14	7.19	7.47	7.34	7.61	7.52	7.74	7.81	7.72	8.01	9.11

TABLE 10—COMBINATION DOORS WITH SASH INSERT

[Screen wiring permanently fixed in door]

Description of product: 1⅛" thick; in the white; glazed single strength "B" glass; 2 or 3 panels; 6 light sash; crated 6 to a bundle and 5 of a size and kind.	Price per door										
	2-6 x 6-6	2-6 x 6-8	2-6 x 7-0	2-8 x 6-8	2-8 x 7-0	2-10 x 6-8	2-10 x 6-10	2-10 x 7-0	3-0 x 6-8	3-0 x 7-0	3-0 x 7-6
14 mesh galvanized wire	$5.08	$5.18	$5.30	$5.23	$5.51	$5.30	$5.59	$5.61	$5.65	$5.76	$6.48
16 mesh galvanized wire	5.19	5.29	5.40	5.34	5.62	5.40	5.69	5.71	5.75	5.87	6.59
16 mesh bronze wire	5.60	5.71	5.82	5.74	6.03	5.82	6.11	6.13	6.17	6.28	7.00

[Paragraph (b) added by Am. 3, 9 F.R. 4608, effective 4-29-44 and revoked by Am. 4, 9 F.R. 6915, effective 6-20-44]

(b) List extras to Tables 9 and 10 are as follows:

1. Wider than standard combination doors (¾" to 1" wider than standard; standard doors are ½" wider and 1" longer than regular doors): $0.14 per door.

2. Irregular top combination doors:

Circle top: $9.25 per door.

Gothic or Semi-Gothic: $9.25 per door.

Segment Head in and out: $4.75 per door.

Peak Head: $6.90 per door.

3. Finishing doors with two coats of varnish: $1.65 per door.

4. Doors wider than listed: Add to the list price of a 3-0" wide door of the same height, for each additional 2" or fraction thereof:

All sections open: $0.10 per door.

Sash section open, screen section wired: $0.14 per door.

Sash section glazed, screen section wired: $0.19 per door.

5. Doors higher than listed: Add to the list price of a 7-0" door of the same width, for each additional 2" or fraction thereof:

All sections open: $0.19 per door.

Sash section open, screen section wired: $0.19 per door.

Sash section glazed, screen section wired: $0.19 per door.

6. 1⅜" thick combination doors (inserts 1⅛" thick): 20% of the list price.

7. 1¾" thick combination doors (inserts 1⅛" thick): 60% of the list price.

8. Prime coat of linseed oil and white lead: $1.00 per door.

9. Doors with stiles and top rail wider than 4¾" over-all, for each additional ¼" wider or fraction thereof: $0.08 per door.

10. Top and lock rails wider than 4¾" over-all and bottom rail wider than 9¾" over-all for each additional ¼" wider or fraction thereof: $0.02 per door.

11. Preservative treatments:

Preservative treatment with both water repellant and toxic preservative.

Entire door: $0.32 per door. Panels: $0.13 per door.

Preservative treatment with toxic preservative only: Entire door: $0.19 per door. Panels only treated: $.08 per door.

12. The maximum selling price for combination doors or parts of doors listed in Catalogue No. 40, pages 160 through 179, inclusive, but not listed in section 15 of this regulation shall be computed as follows:

Apply the prevailing dealer discount in RMPR 293 to the list in Catalogue No. 40, take the resultant figure and

(i) *For jobbers:* Multiply by 1.20.

(ii) *For dealers:* Multiply by 1.60.

13. Combination doors furnished with 14 x 18 mesh wire in galvanized or bronze or in 16 mesh aluminum wire: Add to the list price for the identical size and design number in Tables 9 or 10 for 14 mesh galvanized wire, as follows:

	Price per-door
14 x 18 mesh galvanized wire	$0.12
14 x 18 mesh bronze wire	.58
16 mesh aluminum wire	.65

[Subparagraph 13 added by Am. 6, 11 F.R. 1519, effective 2-13-46]

[Paragraph (b) redesignated as (c) and amended by Am. 3; redesignated as (b) by Am. 4]

(c) Special list extras to Tables 9 and 10, which apply in sales other than "Retail sales" and "Mail-order sales," are as follows:

1. Crating other than stated: $.50 per bundle.

2. Less than 5 of a size and kind: 10% of the list price for 5 of a size and kind.

(d) If 9-light combination doors (3 wide, 3 high, equal lights) are sold, the list price shall in all cases be the same as for N. D. 738 (9-light, marginal).

[Paragraphs (c) and (d) redesignated as (d) and (e) by Am. 3; redesignated as (c) and (d) by Am. 4]

SEC. 16. *Appendix F: List prices for ponderosa pine knocked-down window screen frames.* The list prices for ponderosa pine knocked-down window screen frames are listed in the price tables which follow:

TABLE 11—KNOCKED-DOWN WINDOW SCREEN FRAMES

Description of product: Clear Ponderosa pine; in the white; grooved for slides; all hardware, slides and flush moulding included; each set in individual carton; 12 sets (individual cartons) to a crate.	Price per dozen sets							
	30 x 30	36 x 36	42 x 42	48 x 48	36 x 72	36 x 84	42 x 84	48 x 96
Frames made of 1" x 2" lumber	$5.60	$6.25	$7.45	$8.70	$11.10	$12.10	$12.25	$13.05
Frames made of 1" x 1½" lumber	5.25	5.95	6.75	8.25	10.60	11.55		

This regulation shall become effective May 17, 1943. [MPR 381 originally issued May 11, 1943]

[Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following the parts affected]

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 18th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

STATEMENT OF THE CONSIDERATIONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT 10 TO MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 381

This amendment provides for increases in maximum prices for combination screen and storm doors at the resellers level to compensate for the increase recently permitted manufacturers due to their increased cost for glass.

Maximum prices for combination screen and storm doors at the manufacturing level are established in Revised Maximum Price Regulation 293. These

prices have been increased by Amendment 20 to compensate for the 18 percent increase in glass granted under MPR 592. Resellers of combination screen and storm doors are governed by MPR 381. This action provides for a percentage pass through of the increase granted to the manufacturers to conform with the requirements of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. Combination doors have been increased one percent at the manufacturing level and all prices for resellers are being increased one percent by this action.

In view of the above considerations, the Administrator finds that this amendment is necessary and proper and is consistent with the purposes and standards of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17038; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

[2d Rev. SR 14,[1] Incl. Amdts. 1–43]

MODIFICATIONS OF MAXIMUM PRICES ESTABLISHED BY GENERAL MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION FOR CERTAIN MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITIES AND SERVICES

This compilation of 2d Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 includes Amendment 43, effective September 24, 1946. Amendment 43 revokes section 5.2.

On July 13, 1943 Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 was issued to simplify Supplementary Regulation 14, which has served as a repository for modifications of maximum prices for commodities and services otherwise governed by the General Maximum Price Regulation. Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 set forth the modifications under certain subject headings, thus providing a more logical and convenient arrangement. Because of the many modifications necessitated, a further breakdown of the regulation is deemed advisable and the provisions contained in Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 are therefore being broken down by subjects and reissued under separate supplementary regulations.

Second Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 continues the provisions relating to miscellaneous commodities and services heretofore contained in sections 4.4, 4.7, 6.1, 6.5–6.7, 6.17, 6.20, 6.22, 6.23, 6.25, 6.28, 6.30, 6.31, 6.35, 6.37–6.39, 6.46, 6.47, 6.58, 6.60, 6.61, 9.1–9.4. The remaining provisions are grouped according to classes of commodities. They are continued in effect as of their original effective dates and, with respect to those heretofore amended, as of the effective dates of such amendments, with no change in application or meaning and with only such minor changes in form or language as have been necessary in order to accommodate them to the new arrangement. Obsolete provisions have also been deleted and all references have been brought up to date. New provisions will be added to the appropriate supplementary regulation.

Appendix A of this Second Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 consists of a table of cross references which shows the present counterparts of the former provisions of Supplementary Regulation 14 or Revised Supplementary Regulation 14, their effective dates and the amendments by which they were originally added or later amended.

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this Second Revised Supplementary Regulation 14, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.[2]

ARTICLE I—MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITIES AND SERVICES UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE FOOD PRICE DIVISION

Sec.

1.1 Fat-bearing and oil-bearing animal waste materials.
1.2 Maximum prices for sales and deliveries of pancreas glands and/or animal bile (animal gall).
1.3 [Revoked.]
1.4 [Revoked.]
1.5 Maximum prices for sales of defluorinated phosphate.
1.6 [Revoked.]
1.7 Antiseptically treated poultry litter.
1.8 Wheat bran for human consumption.
1.9 Increases in ceiling prices of certain domestic natural casings when sold by Oppenheimer Casing Company, and its subsidiary The Casing Manufacturing Company.
1.10 Maximum prices for sales of sulphate of ammonia for industrial use (minimum nitrogen content 20.5%).
1.11 Mayonnaise and salad dressing.
1.12 Shortening and cooking or salad oil distributors (other than processors) subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.
1.13 Margarine distributors (other than processors) subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.

ARTICLE II—RUBBER

2.1 Vulcanized vegetable oil.
2.2 Used bicycle tires, tubes and rim strips.
2.3 Servicing of raw rubber.
2.4 Lumberman's overs.
2.5 Passenger car tire reliners made from scrap tires.

ARTICLE III—LUMBER

3.1 [Revoked.]
3.2 Dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks.
3.3 Baled Southern pine wood excelsior.
3.4 Laminated wood structural members.
3.5 Continuance of manufacturers' and wholesalers' maximum prices for portable prefabricated farm buildings established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 246.
3.6 Luggage Frames.
3.7 Hickory picker stick blanks, color no defect.
3.8 Baled basswood or poplar wood excelsior baled basswood or poplar wood wool, wood excelsior pads and wrappers—Lake State Region.
3.9 Battery separators.
3.10 Coverage.
3.11 Balsa lumber.
3.12 Imports; lumber and other forest products.
3.13 Lumber preservatively-treated by nonpressure methods.
3.14 Hardwood stock stair parts.

ARTICLE IV—PAPER

4.1 Pass-on by resellers.
4.2 Unspun fibre reinforced waterproofed paper including all grades of Fibreen and Sisalkraft.
4.3 Facial tissues.

ARTICLE V—MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITIES AND SERVICES UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE BUILDING MATERIALS PRICE BRANCH

Sec.

5.1 Maximum prices for sales of used beer, ale, and other domestic malt beverage bottles.
5.2 Modification of maximum prices for vitrified clay sewer pipe and allied products sold by jobbers, dealers, and distributors.
5.3 Modification of maximum prices for jobbers and retailers of glass cloth.
5.4 Modification of maximum prices for retail sales of standard wire nails.
5.5 Resellers maximum prices for cast iron sash weights.

ARTICLE VI—GENERAL PRICING PROVISIONS

6.1 Packers' maximum prices for commodities packed in new container types and sizes.
6.2 Distributors' maximum prices for commodities covered by section 6.1 (packed in new container types and sizes).
6.3 Accommodation sales at retail.
6.4 Sales covered by orders issued under regulations covering manufacturers' sales.

AUTHORITY: § 1499.73 issued under 56 Stat. 23, 765; 57 Stat. 566; Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; Pub. Law 108, 79th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681; E.O. 9599, 10 F.R. 10155; E.O. 9651, 10 F.R. 13487, E.O. 9697, 11 F.R. 1691.

ARTICLE I—MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITIES AND SERVICES UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE FOOD PRICE DIVISION

SECTION 1.1 *Fat-bearing and oil-bearing animal waste materials.* (a) The maximum prices for fat-bearing and oil-bearing animal waste materials which are subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation, including but not limited to butcher shop fats, suets, and trimmings; slaughter-house fats, suets, and trimmings; breast fats or rattles; offal; bones; cooked grease, clear, rough or mixed; interceptor or trap grease, shall be computed in accordance therewith, except that November, 1941, shall be substituted for March, 1942, in computing the highest price which may be charged in accordance with § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) The maximum prices of grease collected under the War Production Board salvage campaign shall be:

(1) Four cents per pound on sales by the housewife or similar person to a butcher or grocer.

(2) Four cents per pound on sales by a group of housewives or similar persons to a renderer or independent collector: If the grease is not picked up by the renderer or independent collector but is shipped to the renderer or independent collector with the cost of transportation being paid by the group of housewives or similar persons, the actual cost of transportation may be added to the maximum price of four cents per pound.

(3) Five cents per pound on sales by a butcher or grocer to a renderer or independent collector. If the grease is not picked up by the renderer or independent collector at the place of business of the butcher or grocer but is shipped to the renderer or independent collector with the cost of transportation being paid by the butcher or grocer, the actual cost of transportation may be added to the maximum price of five cents per pound,

[1] 10 F.R. 1154.

[2] Statements of the considerations are also issued simultaneously with amendments. Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

(4) Six cents per pound on sales by an independent collector to a renderer of grease collected in those areas in which an independent collector or renderer collected fat-bearing or oil-bearing waste materials during the period from May 1, 1942, to July 6, 1942, inclusive. This maximum price of six cents per pound shall be the maximum price of the grease delivered to the renderer, except that where the grease is shipped to the renderer by common carrier, the maximum price shall be six cents per pound f. o. b. point of shipment.

(5) Seven cents per pound on sales by an independent collector to a renderer of grease collected in those areas in which no independent collector or renderer collected fat-bearing or oil-bearing waste materials during the period from May 1, 1942, to July 6, 1942, inclusive. If the grease is not picked up by the renderer at the place of business of the independent collector but is shipped to the renderer with the cost of transportation being paid by the independent collector, the actual cost of transportation may be added to the maximum prices herein specified.

SEC. 1.2 *Maximum prices for sales and deliveries of pancreas glands and/or animal bile (animal gall).* (a) *Applicability.* This section applies to any person who sells or delivers hog, cattle, calf and sheep pancreas glands, and to any person who sells or delivers liquid and/or concentrated animal bile (animal gall) from cattle, calves, hogs, sheep or lambs. It also applies to any person who sells or delivers hog and/or sheep suprarenal glands.

[Paragraph (a) amended by Am. 20, 11 F.R. 3299, effective 4–2–46 and Am. 24, 11 F.R. 4339, effective 4–23–46]

(b) *Definitions.* (1) *Hog, cattle, calf and sheep pancreas glands.* As used in this section 1.2 hog, cattle, calf and sheep pancreas glands means pancreas glands obtained from the slaughter of hogs, cattle, calves (produced from dressed carcasses not in excess of 275 pounds, hides off), and sheep, and selected in accordance with standard commercial practices. The glands shall be trimmed, free from fat and tissue, shall be individually frozen and packed in suitable shipping containers.

[Subparagraph (1) amended by Am. 20, 11 F.R. 3299, effective 4–2–46]

(2) *Animal bile (animal gall).* As used in this section 1.2, animal bile (animal gall) means the liquid secretion from the liver which remains stored in the gall bladder of calves, cattle, hogs, sheep or lambs following slaughter, which is collected and saved for sale either in the form of liquid bile (fresh or frozen) or concentrated bile. If sold as liquid bile, the secretion shall contain not less than 8 percent solids. If sold as concentrated bile, the secretion shall contain not less than 75 percent solids.

(3) *Hog and sheep suprarenal glands.* As used in this section 1.2 hog and sheep suprarenal glands means suprarenal glands obtained from the slaughter of hogs and sheep, and selected in accordance with standard commercial practice.

[Subparagraph (3) added by Am. 24, 11 F.R. 4339, effective 4–23–46]

(c) *Maximum prices.* (1) For sales and deliveries after April 1, 1946, of hog, cattle, calf and sheep pancreas glands; the applicable maximum ceiling prices f. o. b. shipping point, shall be as follows:

	Cents per pound
Hog pancreas glands (individually frozen)	16
Beef pancreas glands (individually frozen)	16
Calf pancreas glands (individually frozen)	28
Sheep pancreas glands (individually frozen)	25

If the hog, cattle, calf or sheep pancreas glands are solid frozen but not individually frozen, the applicable maximum price shall be reduced ¼ cent per pound. If the hog, cattle, calf or sheep pancreas glands are sold unfrozen, the applicable maximum price shall be reduced ½ cent per pound. If the hog, cattle, calf or sheep pancreas gland are unfrozen and untrimmed, the applicable maximum price shall be reduced by not less than 5 cents per pound.

[Subparagraph (1) amended by Am. 20, 11 F.R. 3299, effective 4–2–46 and Am. 30, 11 F.R. 6683, effective 6–22–46]

(2) For sales and deliveries after September 24, 1945, of animal bile (animal gall), the applicable maximum selling prices, f. o. b. shipping point, shall be as follows:

Liquid bile (fresh or frozen), packed in tierces, $0.35 per gallon.

Concentrated bile, packaged, $0.35 per pound.

(3) For sales and deliveries after April 23, 1946, of hog and/or sheep suprarenal glands, the applicable maximum selling prices, f. o. b. shipping point, shall be as follows:

	Per pound
Hog suprarenal glands	$2.50
Sheep suprarenal glands	2.50

[Subparagraph (3) added by Am. 24]

(d) *Notification.* At the time of or prior to the first invoice on or after November 28, 1944, covering the sale of cattle or calf pancreas glands, and at the time of or prior to the first invoice on or after April 2, 1946, covering the sale of hog or sheep pancreas glands, each seller shall notify in writing each purchaser, of the maximum prices set forth by this section. This notice may be given in any convenient form. Similarly, at the time of or prior to the first invoice on and after April 23, 1946, covering the sale of hog or sheep suprarenal glands each seller shall notify each purchaser of the maximum prices set forth in this section.

[Paragraph (d) amended by Am. 20 and Am. 24]

(e) *Brokerage.* A payment by a buyer to a broker of not to exceed 5 percent in excess of the maximum prices herein established for pancreas glands and/or concentrated bile, and/or liquid bile for services rendered by the broker to the buyer in connection with sales of the said glands or bile, shall not be deemed an evasion, if the broker has no business affiliation with the seller and, if the total compensation received by the broker from both buyer and seller in connection with the sale does not exceed 5 percent of the applicable maximum price.

[Paragraph (e) added by Am. 20, 11 F.R. 3299, effective 4–2–46; amended by Am. 24, 11 F.R. 4339, effective 4–23–46 and Am. 30, 11 F.R. 6683, effective 6–22–46]

[Sec. 1.2 amended by Am. 2, 10 F.R. 2161, effective 2–27–45; Am. 10, 10 F.R. 9929, effective 8–14–45 and Am. 13, 10 F.R. 11934, effective 9–24–45]

SEC. 1.3 [Revoked]

SEC. 1.4 [Revoked]

[Secs. 1.3 and 1.4 revoked by Am. 1, 10 F.R. 2026, effective 1–29–45]

SEC. 1.5 *Maximum prices for sales of defluorinated phosphate.* The maximum prices for sales and deliveries of defluorinated phosphate shall be as follows:

(a) *Sales by processors.* (1) The maximum price for all sales and deliveries by processors of defluorinated phosphate packed in 100 pound paper bags f. o. b. processor's plant shall be $35.73 per net ton.

[Subparagraph (1) amended by Am. 22, 11 F.R. 3879, effective 4–15–46]

(2) The maximum delivered price for such sales and deliveries by processors of defluorinated phosphate shall be the maximum price f. o. b. processor's plant, plus the lowest freight rate per net ton for deliveries from said processor's plant to the point designated by his buyer as the receiving point.

(3) For all other sales and deliveries of defluorinated phosphate by processors, the maximum price shall be the same as for sales and deliveries in 100 pound paper bags plus or minus the difference in cost of packing in other than 100 pound paper bags.

(b) *Sales by jobbers.* The maximum price that a jobber may charge for the sale or delivery of defluorinated phosphate in carload lots shall be 50 cents per ton (maximum markup) and in less than carload lots shall be $1.00 per ton (maximum markup) over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid a processor for the quantity and quality purchased together with actual or reasonable transportation charges incurred by the seller in respect to the lot sold.

(c) *Sales by wholesalers.* The maximum price that a wholesaler may charge for the sale or delivery of defluorinated phosphate shall be $2.00 per ton (maximum markup) over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid the processor or jobber from whom he purchased (or if he purchased from any other class of person, over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid a processor) for the quantity or quality purchased together with actual or reasonable transportation charges incurred by the seller in respect to the lot sold.

(d) *Sales by retailers.* The maximum price that a retailer may charge for the sale or delivery of defluorinated phosphate shall be $5.00 per ton (maximum markup) over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid to the processor, jobber or wholesaler from whom he purchased (or if he purchased from any other class of persons, over the maximum price which he could lawfully have paid a processor (for the quantity

and quality purchased together with actual or reasonable transportation charges incurred by the seller in respect to the lot sold.

(e) *Sales by any other persons.* The maximum price for the sale of defluorinated phosphate by any other person of a class of seller not hereinbefore specifically provided for shall be the maximum price which his seller could lawfully have charged for a like sale. Notwithstanding any other provision of this regulation, sales between persons of one of the class of sellers hereinbefore specifically provided for shall be permissible: *Provided,* That no such sales, nor sales to a person of a different class, shall be at a higher price than the maximum price hereinbefore prescribed for said class of sellers.

(f) *Geographical applicability.* Section 1.5 shall apply to all sales, whether for immediate or future delivery, within the 48 states and the District of Columbia of the United States of imported and domestic defluorinated phosphate whether produced from domestic or imported phosphate.

(g) *Definitions.* (1) "Defluorinated phosphate" shall mean that product obtained by processing phosphate so that the flourine content is reduced below a toxic level.

(2) "Per net ton" shall mean a quantity of at least 2000 pounds.

(3) "Jobber" means a person other than a retailer who buys defluorinated phosphate and resells the same without unloading into a warehouse.

(4) "Wholesaler" means a person who buys defluorinated phosphate and unloads his purchase into a warehouse and resells the same, except at retail.

(5) "Retailer" means a person who buys defluorinated phosphate and resells the same to an ultimate consumer.

(6) "Ultimate consumer" means a person who buys defluorinated phosphate for feeding and not for resale or processing.

(7) "Transportation charges" shall be computed at:

(i) The lowest common carrier rate (including the 3 percent tax provided for in section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942, as amended) for the billing or shipment in question; or

(ii) If there is no such rate, the reasonable value of the service (including said 3 percent tax, if any) not exceeding any maximum price established therefor.

SEC. 1.6 [Revoked]

[Sec. 1.6 revoked by Am. 1, 10 F.R. 2026, effective 1-29-45]

SEC. 1.7 *Antiseptically treated poultry litter.* The maximum price for antiseptically treated poultry litter sold and delivered by any seller, whether producer, distributor or retailer, shall be determined by adding $7.00 per ton to the maximum price as determined under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation by any such seller and the sum resulting shall be the adjusted maximum price for such seller.

SEC. 1.8 *Wheat bran for human consumption.* The maximum price for wheat bran for human consumption sold and delivered by any seller, whether producer, distributor or retailer, shall be determined by adding $10.00 per ton to the seller's maximum price as otherwise determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation. As used in this section, wheat bran for human consumption means wheat bran which is specially cleaned and prepared for use for human consumption.

[Sec. 1.8 added by Am. 31, 11 F.R. 6982, effective 6-20-46]

SEC. 1.9. *Increases in ceiling prices of certain domestic natural casings when sold by Oppenheimer Casing Company, and its subsidiary The Casing Manufacturing Company.* (a) The maximum prices established by Oppenheimer Casing Company and its subsidiary The Casing Manufacturing Company under the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation for the types of domestic natural casings listed in paragraph (b) of this section 1.9 may be increased by the amounts specified in said paragraph (b) on and after September 9, 1946.

(b) The types of domestic natural casings and the amounts by which their respective ceiling prices may be increased under the provisions of this section 1.9 are as follows:

Type of domestic natural casing:	*Amount of increase*
1. Sheep casings	$0.05 per hank
2. Hog casings	$0.08 per hank
3. Hog bungs	$0.0075 per piece
4. Sewed hog bungs	$0.02 per piece.

(c) Except for the increases in maximum prices herein authorized all sales of domestic natural casings shall remain subject to the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

[Sec. 1.9 added by Am. 33, 11 F.R. 9931, effective 9-9-46]

SEC. 1.10 *Maximum prices for sales of sulphate of ammonia for industrial use (minimum nitrogen content 20.5%).* Maximum prices for sales of sulphate of ammonia for industrial use shall be the higher of the following appropriate maximum prices:

(a) (1) *Washington, Oregon, California and Arizona.* The maximum price that may be charged for sulphate of ammonia delivered to any destination in Washington, Oregon, California and Arizona shall be $36.50 per ton in bulk, and $38.00 per ton in bags, *Provided,* That on any shipment made to destinations in Washington and Oregon where the freight charges exceed $7.21 per ton from Ironton, Utah to such destination, such excess freight charges may be added to the maximum price *And provided further,* That on any shipments made to destinations in California and Arizona where the freight charges exceed $4.53 per ton from Shell Point, California to such destination, such excess freight charges may be added to the maximum price.

(2) *Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah and Wyoming.* The maximum price that may be charged for sulphate of ammonia in bags shall be: $41.00 per ton delivered to any destination in Colorado; $42.60 per ton delivered to any destination in New Mexico; and, for deliveries to any destination in Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah and Wyoming, f. o. b. Ironton, Utah; $31.50 per ton in carload quantities of 40 tons or more; $34.10 per ton in quantities of 15 tons or more but less than 40 tons and $41.60 per ton in quantities of less than 15 tons. In the case of deliveries of material in bulk, the above maximum prices shall be reduced by $2.50 per ton.

(3) *All other States.* The maximum price that may be charged for sulphate of ammonia for delivery to any destination in all other States than those set forth under (1) and (2) above, shall be $30.00 per ton in bulk f. o. b. at domestic producing plant or at nearest domestic producing plant to point of entry for imported sulphate of ammonia.

For bagged sales there may be added to the above maximum price $1.50 per ton plus a sum not in excess of the established maximum price, at the time of the sale, for the bags containing the ton.

(4) If sulphate of ammonia is shipped from the producer's plant or, in the case of imports, from the point of discharge, to a warehouse situated at a point other than the point of production or discharge is handled through a warehouse, and reshipped from the warehouse in bags, there may be added to the maximum bagged price the sum of 50 cents per ton. The point of discharge is the port at which the imported sulphate of ammonia is unloaded from a vessel, or, in the case of rail shipments of imported sulphate of ammonia, the price at which such shipment is first unloaded.

(b) If the seller's maximum price for sales of sulphate of ammonia to industrial users was higher under the General Maximum Price Regulation than for sales to fertilizer manufacturers, he may add to the appropriate maximum price specified in paragraph (a) above the same percentage differential that existed on March 31, 1946, between his sales to industrial users and his sales to fertilizer manufacturers.

[Sec. 1.10 added by Am. 34, 11 F.R. 8486, effective 8-2-46]

SEC. 1.11 *Mayonnaise and salad dressing*—(a) *Mayonnaise.* The maximum price for a processor's sale of mayonnaise shall be determined by adding 4 cents per gallon to his maximum price as otherwise determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(b) The maximum price for a processor's sale of salad dressing shall be determined by adding 2 cents per gallon to his maximum price as otherwise determined under the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(c) *Distributors.* Any distributor (other than a processor) whose prices are subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation may recalculate his maximum price for any item of mayonnaise or salad dressing upon receipt of notification under paragraph (d) of this section of an increase in his supplier's ceiling as follows: He shall multiply his "net cost" of the item by the same percentage markup as he received for that item during March 31, 1946. "Net cost" is the amount the distributor paid his

supplier less all discounts, except the discount for prompt payment and swell and label allowances, plus all transportation charges he paid except local trucking and local unloading. Each kind, brand, grade, variety, container size, and container type shall be treated as a separate item. The percentage markup on March 31, 1946 is determined by taking the "net cost" of the item in stock during March 31, 1946 and dividing that "net cost" into the legal selling price of that item. If the item was not in stock on March 31, 1946 the distributor shall use his "net cost" of the most recent delivery of that item before March 31, 1946.

(d) *Notification of new maximum prices.* With the first delivery of an item covered by this section after the effective date of any provisions changing the seller's maximum price, he shall supply each wholesaler, retailer and other distributor who purchases from him with written notice reading as follows:

(Insert date)

NOTICE TO WHOLESALERS, RETAILERS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTORS

Our OPA ceiling price for (describe item by kind, variety, grade, brand, style of pack and container type and size) has been changed by the Office of Price Administration. We are authorized to inform you that if you are a wholesaler or retailer pricing this item under MPR No. 421, 422 or 423 or another type of distributor pricing this item under the General Maximum Price Regulation, you must refigure your ceiling prices for this item on the first delivery of it to you from your customary type of supplier with this notification after (insert effective date of the applicable Amendment or Order). If pricing under MPR No. 421, 422 or 423, you must refigure your ceiling prices following the rules in Section 6 of MPR 421, 422, or 423, whichever is applicable to you. If pricing under the General Maximum Price Regulation, you must refigure your ceiling price by multiplying the new "net cost" of this item by the "percentage mark-up on March 31, 1946."

For a period of 60 days after determining the new maximum price for the item, and with the first shipment after the 60-day period to each person who has not made a purchase within that time, each seller shall include in each case, carton, or other receptacle containing the item, the written notice set forth above, or securely attach it to the outside. However, for sales direct to any retailer, the seller may supply the notice by attaching it to, or stating it on, the invoice covering the shipment instead of providing it with the goods.

(e) *Definitions.* (i) "Mayonnaise" means any semi-solid emulsion of edible vegetable oil, egg yolk or whole egg, a vinegar and/or lemon juice, with one or more of the following: salt and other seasoning commonly used in its preparation, sugar and/or dextrose. The finished product must contain not less than 50 percent edible vegetable oil.

(ii) "Salad dressing" is the wholly or partly cooked or boiled semi-solid emulsion of edible vegetable oil, egg yolk or whole egg, vinegar, water and/or lemon juice, with one or more of the following: salt and other seasoning commonly used in its preparation, sugar and/or dextrose, starches or other edible moisture absorbing agents.

SEC. 1.12 *Shortening and cooking or salad oil distributors (other than processors) subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.* See MPR 53 section 10.3a.

SEC. 1.13 *Margarine distributors (other than processors) subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation.* See MPR 53 section 19.4a.

[Secs. 1.11, 1.12 and 1.13 added by Am. 41, 11 F.R. 9372, effective 8-23-46]

ARTICLE II—RUBBER

SEC. 2.1 *Vulcanized vegetable oil*—(a) *Maximum prices for types of vulcanized vegetable oil delivered or offered for delivery during March, 1942*—(1) *Molded vulcanized vegetable oil.* The maximum price for a sale by a manufacturer of a kind of molded vulcanized vegetable oil (other than truss pads) of a kind which is the same as a kind which was delivered or offered for delivery in March, 1942, by the manufacturer shall be the highest price charged for it by the manufacturer during March, 1942 (as defined in paragraph (c) of this section).

(2) *Unmolded vulcanized vegetable oil.* The maximum price for a sale by a manufacturer of a grade of unmolded vulcanized vegetable oil which is the same as a grade which was delivered or offered for delivery in March, 1942, by the manufacturer shall be the highest price charged for it by the manufacturer during March, 1942 (as defined in paragraph (c) of this section) adjusted by adding a certain percentage, named below, of the amount by which the replacement cost to the manufacturer, at July 25, 1942, maximum prices, for the vegetable oil used to produce the product being priced is greater than the inventory cost during March, 1942, of the same quantity of vegetable oil. For the purposes of this subparagraph and subparagraph (b) (4) of this section the "July 25, 1942, maximum price" for a particular vegetable oil means the maximum price for that oil when purchased in the quantity normally purchased by the manufacturer. The inventory cost during March, 1942, shall be determined by multiplying the quantity of the kind of vegetable oil used to produce the product being priced by the average cost of that oil charged to production during March, 1942, or, if it was not charged to production during that month, by the average cost at which it was in the manufacturer's inventory on March 1, 1942. The following named manufacturers shall use the specified percentages in calculating the amount of the adjustment to be made: Stamford Rubber Supply Company, 70 per cent; Carter Bell Manufacturing Company, 80 per cent; all other manufacturers, 100 per cent.

(3) *Transportation costs.* No seller shall require any purchaser, and no purchaser shall be permitted to pay a larger proportion of transportation costs incurred in the delivery of a type of vulcanized vegetable oil delivered by the seller during March, 1942, than the seller required purchasers of the same class to pay during that month on deliveries of the same type.

(b) *Maximum prices for types of vulcanized vegetable oil not delivered or offered for delivery during March, 1942.* The maximum f. o. b. price for the sale by a manufacturer of a grade of unmolded vulcanized vegetable oil which is not the same as a grade which was delivered or offered for delivery by the manufacturer during March, 1942, shall be the sum total of direct labor costs, direct materials costs, gross margin, and an adjustment, determined in accordance with subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this paragraph. The maximum f. o. b. price for a sale by a manufacturer of a kind of molded vulcanized vegetable oil (other than truss pads) which is not the same as a kind which was delivered or offered for delivery by the manufacturer during March, 1942, shall be the sum total of the same components with the exception that it shall not contain an adjustment. The maximum delivered price for a type of vulcanized vegetable oil (other than truss pads) not delivered or offered for delivery during March 1942, shall be the maximum f. o. b. price, plus the cost of transportation to the place of delivery.

(1) *Computation of direct labor costs.* Direct labor costs shall be determined by finding the average cost per pound of direct labor employed during the first quarter of 1942 in producing the type (unmolded white, unmolded brown or molded) of vulcanized vegetable oil which includes the particular grade being priced and multiplying that figure by the number of pounds being priced; except that for any kind of molded vulcanized vegetable oil (other than truss pads) which is individually molded and requires special hand labor which results in direct labor costs higher than the figure which would be obtained by computing the direct labor costs on the basis of average cost per pound as required by this subparagraph (1) for molded vulcanized vegetable oil generally, direct labor costs may be determined each time a quantity of such molded vulcanized vegetable oil is to be priced by multiplying the estimated number of hours of each type of labor required in the manufacture of the quantity being priced by the following wage rates: The wage rates to be used shall be the highest wage rates, in effect in the manufacturer's plant for any substantial portion of March, 1942, for each class of labor involved in the production of the kind of molded vulcanized vegetable oil being priced. If the manufacturer did not employ a given class of labor in March, 1942, he shall use the highest wage rate paid for any substantial portion of March, 1942, by the nearest employer operating under comparable conditions who employed that class of labor during that month.

(2) *Computation of direct materials costs.* Direct materials costs shall be determined by multiplying the quantity of each material used in the manufacture of the vulcanized vegetable oil being priced by materials prices determined as follows:

The price of any material used in the manufacture of the vulcanized vegetable oil being priced shall be the first applicable among the following:

(i) The average cost at which the material was charged into production during March, 1942;

(ii) The average cost at which it was in the manufacturer's inventory on March 1, 1942;

(iii) The highest price charged during March, 1942, (as defined in paragraph (c) of this section) by the manufacturer's supplier. The manufacturer's supplier shall be (*a*) his March, 1942, supplier of the material, or (*b*) lacking a March, 1942, supplier of the material, his most recent supplier of the material. If neither of these exists, it shall be his potential supplier.

(iv) The first price at which the manufacturer's supplier offered to sell the material to a purchaser of the same class as the manufacturer after March 31, 1942. However, if the first applicable of those prices is higher than the maximum price established by the Office of Price Administration for the sale of the material to the manufacturer by his supplier, that maximum price shall be used as the price of the material.

(3) *Computation of gross margin.* The gross margin shall be determined as follows:

(i) Determine the total sales value for the first quarter of 1942 of each grade of the particular type (unmolded white, unmolded brown or molded) of vulcanized vegetable oil which includes the grade being priced, at its March, 1942, highest price, by multiplying the quantity of each grade of that type produced during that quarter by the highest f. o. b. price for which the grade was sold during March, 1942, or, if it was not sold during that month, by the highest f. o. b. price for which it was offered for sale during March, 1942. Add the resulting figures to determine the total sales value for the quarter at March, 1942, highest prices, for the particular type of vulcanized vegetable oil.

(ii) Subtract from that figure the total direct labor and materials costs for the particular type to determine the gross margin. Direct labor costs for this purpose shall be computed by multiplying the average direct labor costs per pound of the particular type of vulcanized vegetable oil produced during the first quarter of 1942, by the total quantity of that type produced during that period. Direct materials costs shall be computed by multiplying the quantity of each material, used in the manufacture of the particular type by the average cost at which the material was charged into production during March, 1942, or, if it was not charged into production in that month, by the average cost at which it was in the manufacturer's inventory on March 1, 1942.

(iii) Divide the figure resulting from subtracting direct costs from total sales value by the total direct costs figure to determine the gross margin percentage of direct costs. That percentage shall be applied to the direct costs of the grade being priced (computed in accordance with subparagraphs (b) (1) and (2) of this section) to determine the gross margin for that grade.

(4) *Adjustment.* The sum total of direct labor costs, direct materials costs, and gross margin for a grade of unmolded white or unmolded brown vulcanized vegetable oil, computed as required by this paragraph (b), shall be adjusted by adding the percentage, designated for the particular manufacturer in subparagraph (a) (2) of this section, of the amount by which the replacement cost to the manufacturer, at July 25, 1942, maximum prices for the vegetable oil used to produce the product being priced is greater than the inventory cost during March, 1942, of the same quantity of vegetable oil. The inventory cost during March, 1942, shall be determined by multiplying the quantity of the kind of vegetable oil required to produce the product being priced by the average cost of that oil charged to production during March, 1942, or, if it was not charged to production during that month, by the average cost at which it was in the manufacturer's inventory in March, 1942. No adjustment shall be made in the case of molded vulcanized vegetable oil.

(c) *Definitions.* (1) "Brown vulcanized vegetable oil" means vulcanized vegetable oil produced by hot vulcanization.

(2) "Highest price charged during March, 1942" means:

(i) The highest price which the seller charged to a purchaser of the same class for delivery of the commodity during March, 1942;

(ii) If the seller made no such delivery during March, 1942, such seller's highest offering price to a purchaser of the same class for delivery during that month;

(iii) If the seller made no such delivery and had no such offering price to a purchaser of the same class, the highest price charged by the seller during March, 1942, to a purchaser of a different class, adjusted to reflect the seller's customary differential between the two classes of purchasers.

(3) "Manufacturer" when referring to molded vulcanized vegetable oil means a person who makes the molded product from vulcanized vegetable oil manufactured by him.

(4) "Molded vulcanized vegetable oil" means a vulcanized vegetable oil in which the vulcanization reaction takes place substantially in molds which give shape utility to the production.

(5) "Type of vulcanized vegetable oil" means one of the three classifications of that product, namely, unmolded white, unmolded brown and molded.

(6) "Vulcanized vegetable oil" means the solid reaction product of unsaturated fatty oils and vulcanizing agents.

(7) "White vulcanized vegetable oil" means vulcanized vegetable oil produced by cold vulcanization.

(d) *Geographical applicability.* This section applies only to the 48 states of the United States and the District of Columbia.

SEC. 2.2 *Used bicycle tires, tubes and rim strips.* The maximum prices for used bicycle tires, tubes and rim strips shall be those established by the General Maximum Price Regulation, except that in no case shall the maximum price of a used bicycle tire, tube or rim strip exceed the maximum price set for such item new by Maximum Price Regulation 435,[3] New Bicycle Tires and Tubes.

SEC. 2.3 *Servicing of raw rubber*—(a) *Applicability and terms of sale.* This section covers the servicing of all raw synthetic, plantation, guayule and wild rubbers and balata, when performed by any person. The servicing covered is that servicing of raw rubber for manufacturers which has normally been performed by members of the Rubber Trade Association of New York, Inc. In order to be entitled to the maximum prices in this section, any person who offered such service to manufacturers on June 15, 1943 shall continue to supply all services which he offered and included in the price which he had in effect on that date. Any other person shall supply all services that his most closely competitive supplier is required to supply. If any person reduces in any way the service so required or makes his terms less favorable to purchasers than those in effect on June 15, 1943, there shall be a proportionate reduction in the maximum prices here set.

(b) *Maximum prices.* The maximum price for the servicing of raw rubber, not including the consolidation of less than carload lots, shall be the price in the following table. On all less than carload lots which are consolidated, ⅛ cent per pound may be added to the price in the table.

Long tons	Plantation, guayule and wild rubbers	Synthetic rubbers	Balata
	Cts. per lb.	*Cts. per lb.*	*Cts. per lb.*
750 tons and over	1/16	1/16	½
100 tons up to 750 tons	3/16	⅛	½
30 tons up to 100 tons	¼	3/16	½
10 tons up to 30 tons	½	⅜	1¼
1 ton up to 10 tons	¾	⅝	2
Less than 1 ton	2	1¾	4

SEC. 2.4 *Lumberman's overs*—(a) *Coverage.* This section applies to lumberman's overs released by the War Department for use by civilians.

(b) *Maximum prices.* The maximum prices for sales of these lumberman's overs shall be as follows:

Seller	Maximum price per pair	
	10" Yukon	16" Yukon
War Department	$4.15	$5.50
Defense Supplies Corporation	4.35	5.79
Wholesalers other than Defense Supplies Corporation and the War Department	5.74	7.65
Retailers	8.61	11.48

(c) *Transportation expenses*—(1) *War Department and Defense Supplies Corporation.* The War Department and Defense Supplies Corporation may add transportation costs to the maximum prices established by this section.

(2) *Wholesalers and retailers.* Wholesalers and retailers may add to the maximum prices established by this sec-

[3] 10 F. R. 4199, 8015, 14061; 11 F. R. 1153.

tion the same proportion of transportation costs that they added on sales of footwear to a purchaser of the same class during March, 1942.

(d) *Notification of maximum prices*—(1) *By Defense Supplies Corporation.* Before or at the time of the first delivery after January 17, 1944, of any lumberman's overs covered by this section to a wholesaler, the Defense Supplies Corporation shall notify the wholesaler of the maximum wholesale and retail prices established by this section.

(2) *By a wholesaler.* Before or at the time of the first delivery after January 17, 1944, of any lumberman's overs covered by this section to a retailer, the wholesaler shall notify the retailer of the maximum retail prices established by this section.

SEC. 2.5 *Passenger car tire reliners made from scrap tires.* The maximum retail price for a passenger car tire reliner made from scrap tires, regardless of size or ply, shall be $2.25, or the maximum retail price fixed pursuant to other provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation, whichever is higher.

ARTICLE III—LUMBER

SEC. 3.1 [Revoked].

[Sec. 3.1 added by Am. 14, 10 F.R. 13121, effective 10-27-45; amended by Am. 21, 11 F.R. 3540, effective 4-8-46; revoked by Am. 28, 11 F.R. 6092, effective 6-10-46. Former sec. 3.1 revoked by Am. 11, 10 F.R. 10200, effective 8-22-45]

SEC. 3.2. *Dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks.* This section covers dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks produced in the United States.

(a) *Maximum prices: sales by sellers other than assemblers.* The maximum prices f. o. b. the seller's plant for prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks which are sold by a seller other than an assembler (see definition of an assembler in paragraph (c) below), and which comply with all of the specifications contained in paragraph (d) of this section shall be the prices contained in either Table A or Table B below, for the dry size indicated:

TABLE A—MAXIMUM PRICES OF DOGWOOD AND PERSIMMON SHUTTLE BLOCKS FOR SELLERS OTHER THAN ASSEMBLERS

Dry size	Price per piece	
	Dogwood	Persimmon
12½ x 1½ x 1¼	$0.0765	$0.0535
12½ x 1⅝ x 1¼	.0828	.0579
13½ x 1⅝ x 1¼	.0891	.0624
12½ x 1⅝ x 1⅜	.0910	.0637
13½ x 1⅝ x 1⅜	.0985	.0689
14½ x 1⅝ x 1⅜	.1056	.0739
12½ x 1¾ x 1⅜	.0980	.0686
13 x 1¾ x 1⅜	.1018	.0713
13½ x 1¾ x 1⅜	.1060	.0743
14½ x 1¾ x 1⅜	.1136	.0795
15½ x 1¾ x 1⅜	.1215	.0851
16½ x 1¾ x 1⅜	.1294	.0906
14½ x 1⅞ x 1⅜	.1220	.0854
15½ x 1⅞ x 1⅜	.1304	.0914
13½ x 1⅞ x 1½	.1238	.0867
14 x 1⅞ x 1½	.1281	.0897
14½ x 1⅞ x 1½	.1328	.0929
15 x 1⅞ x 1½	.1374	.0962
15½ x 1⅞ x 1½	.1422	.0996
16 x 1⅞ x 1½	.1469	.1028
16½ x 1⅞ x 1½	.1511	.1058

TABLE B—MAXIMUM PRICES OF DOGWOOD AND PERSIMMON SHUTTLE BLOCKS FOR SELLERS OTHER THAN ASSEMBLERS

Dry size	Price per piece	
	Dogwood	Persimmon
14 x 2 x 1½	$0.2298	$0.1379
14½ x 2 x 1½	.2390	.1434
15 x 2 x 1½	.2482	.1490
15½ x 2 x 1½	.2573	.1544
16 x 2 x 1½	.2665	.1600
16½ x 2 x 1½	.2757	.1654
17 x 2 x 1½	.2849	.1709
17½ x 2 x 1½	.2942	.1765
15 x 2 x 1⅝	.2757	.1654
15½ x 2 x 1⅝	.2849	.1709
16 x 2 x 1⅝	.2942	.1765
16½ x 2 x 1⅝	.3033	.1819
17 x 2 x 1⅝	.3125	.1875
17½ x 2 x 1⅝	.3217	.1930
15 x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.3217	.1930
15½ x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.3309	.1986
16 x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.3401	.2040
16½ x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.3492	.2096
17 x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.3584	.2150
17½ x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.3676	.2206
18 x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.4044	.2426
18½ x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.4411	.2646
19 x 2⅛ x 1⅝	.4780	.2868
15 x 2¼ x 1⅝	.3309	.1986
15½ x 2¼ x 1⅝	.3401	.2040
16 x 2¼ x 1⅝	.3492	.2096
16½ x 2¼ x 1⅝	.3584	.2150
17 x 2¼ x 1⅝	.3676	.2206
17½ x 2¼ x 1⅝	.3768	.2261
18 x 2¼ x 1⅝	.4136	.2482
18½ x 2¼ x 1⅝	.4503	.2702
19 x 2¼ x 1⅝	.4871	.2923
15 x 2 x 1¾	.2942	.1765
15½ x 2 x 1¾	.3033	.1819
16 x 2 x 1¾	.3125	.1875
16½ x 2 x 1¾	.3217	.1930
17 x 2 x 1¾	.3309	.1986
17½ x 2 x 1¾	.3401	.2040
15 x 2⅛ x 1¾	.3401	.2040
15½ x 2⅛ x 1¾	.3492	.2096
16 x 2⅛ x 1¾	.3584	.2150
16½ x 2⅛ x 1¾	.3676	.2206
17 x 2⅛ x 1¾	.3768	.2261
17½ x 2⅛ x 1¾	.3861	.2317
18 x 2⅛ x 1¾	.4228	.2536
18½ x 2⅛ x 1¾	.4595	.2757
19 x 2⅛ x 1¾	.4963	.2978
16 x 2¼ x 1¾	.3768	.2261
16½ x 2¼ x 1¾	.3861	.2317
17 x 2¼ x 1¾	.3952	.2371
17½ x 2¼ x 1¾	.4044	.2426
18 x 2¼ x 1¾	.4411	.2646
18½ x 2¼ x 1¾	.4780	.2868
19 x 2¼ x 1¾	.5147	.3088
19½ x 2¼ x 1¾	.5514	.3309
16 x 2¼ x 1⅞	.3861	.2317
16½ x 2¼ x 1⅞	.3952	.2371
17 x 2¼ x 1⅞	.4136	.2482
17½ x 2¼ x 1⅞	.4228	.2536
18 x 2¼ x 1⅞	.4503	.2702
18½ x 2¼ x 1⅞	.4780	.2868
19 x 2¼ x 1⅞	.5147	.3088
19½ x 2¼ x 1⅞	.5514	.3309
16½ x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.4044	.2426
17 x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.4228	.2536
17½ x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.4320	.2592
18 x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.4595	.2757
18½ x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.4871	.2923
19 x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.5239	.3144
19½ x 2⅜ x 1⅞	.5607	.3364
16½ x 2¼ x 2	.4595	.2757
17 x 2¼ x 2	.4688	.2813
17½ x 2¼ x 2	.4780	.2868
18 x 2¼ x 2	.5147	.3088
18½ x 2¼ x 2	.5514	.3309
19 x 2¼ x 2	.5882	.3529
19½ x 2¼ x 2	.6249	.3750
16½ x 2⅜ x 2	.4780	.2868
17 x 2⅜ x 2	.4871	.2923
17½ x 2⅜ x 2	.4963	.2978
18 x 2⅜ x 2	.5330	.3198
18½ x 2⅜ x 2	.5699	.3419
19 x 2⅜ x 2	.6066	.3640
19½ x 2⅜ x 2	.6434	.3861
17½ x 2½ x 2	.5239	.3144
18 x 2½ x 2	.5607	.3364
18½ x 2½ x 2	.5974	.3584
19 x 2½ x 2	.6341	.3805
19½ x 2½ x 2	.6709	.4025
21 x 2½ x 2	.9650	.5790
23 x 2½ x 2	1.0110	.6066
25 x 2½ x 2	1.0569	.6341
25½ x 2½ x 2	1.1029	.6618
27 x 2½ x 2	1.2408	.7445
17½ x 2½ x 2⅛	.5914	.3309
18 x 2½ x 2⅛	.5790	.3474
18½ x 2½ x 2⅛	.6158	.3695
19 x 2½ x 2⅛	.6526	.3915
19½ x 2½ x 2⅛	.6893	.4136
21 x 2½ x 2⅛	1.0110	.6066

TABLE B—MAXIMUM PRICES OF DOGWOOD AND PERSIMMON SHUTTLE BLOCKS FOR SELLERS OTHER THAN ASSEMBLERS—Continued

Dry size	Price per piece	
	Dogwood	Persimmon
23 x 2½ x 2⅛	$1.0569	$0.6341
25 x 2½ x 2⅛	1.1489	.6895
25½ x 2½ x 2⅛	1.1948	.7168
27 x 2½ x 2⅛	1.3327	.7996
18½ x 2¾ x 2⅛	.6434	.3861
19 x 2¾ x 2⅛	.6801	.4080
19½ x 2¾ x 2⅛	.7261	.4357
21 x 2¾ x 2⅛	1.0569	.6341
23 x 2¾ x 2⅛	1.1029	.6618
25 x 2¾ x 2⅛	1.1948	.7168
25½ x 2¾ x 2⅛	1.2408	.7445
27 x 2¾ x 2⅛	1.3786	.8272
17½ x 2½ x 2¼	.6158	.3695
18 x 2½ x 2¼	.6434	.3861
18½ x 2½ x 2¼	.6709	.4025
19 x 2½ x 2¼	.7077	.4247
19½ x 2½ x 2¼	.7445	.4467
21 x 2½ x 2¼	1.0569	.6341
23 x 2½ x 2¼	1.1489	.6893
25 x 2½ x 2¼	1.2408	.7445
25½ x 2½ x 2¼	1.2867	.7720
27 x 2½ x 2¼	1.4246	.8547
18½ x 2⅝ x 2¼	.6985	.4191
19 x 2⅝ x 2¼	.7353	.4411
19½ x 2⅝ x 2¼	.7720	.4632
21 x 2⅝ x 2¼	1.1029	.6618
23 x 2⅝ x 2¼	1.1948	.7168
25 x 2⅝ x 2¼	1.2867	.7720
25½ x 2⅝ x 2¼	1.3327	.7996
27 x 2⅝ x 2¼	1.4705	.8823
18½ x 2¾ x 2¼	.7353	.4411
19 x 2¾ x 2¼	.7720	.4632
19½ x 2¾ x 2¼	.8180	.4908
21 x 2¾ x 2¼	1.1489	.6893
23 x 2¾ x 2¼	1.2408	.7445
25 x 2¾ x 2¼	1.3327	.7996
25½ x 2¾ x 2¼	1.3786	.8272
27 x 2¾ x 2¼	1.5165	.9099
19 x 2⅝ x 2⅜	.7903	.4742
19½ x 2⅝ x 2⅜	.8272	.4963
21 x 2⅝ x 2⅜	1.2408	.7445
23 x 2⅝ x 2⅜	1.3327	.7996
25 x 2⅝ x 2⅜	1.4246	.8547
25½ x 2⅝ x 2⅜	1.4705	.8823
27 x 2⅝ x 2⅜	1.6084	.9650
20 x 3 x 2⅜	1.5165	.9099
21 x 2¾ x 2½	1.3786	.8272
23 x 2¾ x 2½	1.4705	.8823
25 x 2¾ x 2½	1.5624	.9375
25½ x 2¾ x 2½	1.6084	.9650
27 x 2¾ x 2½	1.7463	1.0477
21 x 3 x 2½	1.4705	.8823
23 x 3 x 2½	1.5624	.9375
25 x 3 x 2½	1.6543	.9926
25½ x 3 x 2½	1.7003	1.0202
27 x 3 x 2½	1.8382	1.1029
25 x 2⅞ x 2⅝	1.7123	1.0274
25½ x 2⅞ x 2⅝	1.8382	1.1029
27 x 2⅞ x 2⅝	1.9760	1.1856
27 x 3 x 2¾	2.1139	1.2683
27½ x 3½ x 3¼	2.7572	1.6543

(b) *Maximum prices: Sales by assemblers.* Maximum prices for prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks which are sold by an assembler shall be as follows: (NOTE: See definition of an assembler in paragraph (c) below.)

(1) *Prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks in the sizes listed in Table A.* The maximum price f. o. b. the seller's plant for prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks which are sold by an assembler (see definition of an assembler in paragraph (c) below), which comply with all of the specifications contained in paragraph (d) below and which are of a dry size listed in Table A in paragraph (a) above shall be the price listed in Table A for that particular dry size plus a mark-up of 39% of such price.

(2) *Prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks in the sizes listed in Table B.* The maximum price f. o. b. the seller's plant for prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks which are sold by an assembler (see definition of an assem-

bler in paragraph (c) below), which comply with all of the specifications contained in paragraph (d) below and which are of a dry size listed in Table B in paragraph (a) above shall be the price listed in Table B for that particular dry size plus a mark-up of 25% of such price.

(c) *Definition of an assembler.* Within the coverage of this section, an assembler is a seller of dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks who performs all of the functions set forth in subparagraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) below and who also fulfils the requirements of subparagraph (5), or (6), or (7) which follow:

(1) Assembles the shuttle blocks from one or more mills where such shuttle blocks were manufactured, regardless of whether those mills are owned by the seller or one or more persons other than the seller.

(2) Makes final inspection of the shuttle blocks, both for grade and for shipment, on a sale of the shuttle blocks to one of the classes of purchasers described in subparagraph (4) below.

(3) Packages the shuttle blocks, provided the buyer of such shuttle blocks orders that the shuttle blocks be packaged.

(4) Sells the shuttle blocks direct to a domestic shuttle manufacturer and/or for export.

(5) Shipped 250,000 or more prime shuttle blocks to either one or both of the classes of purchasers described in subparagraph (4) above during the year 1944. Written classification as an assembler from the Office of Price Administration is not necessary for a seller who fulfils the requirements of this subparagraph (5) and who also performs the other functions required in subparagraphs (1) through (4) of this paragraph (c) for a seller to be an assembler. A prime shuttle block is a shuttle block made in accordance with the specifications in paragraph (d) of this section.

(6) Shipped less than 250,000 but not less than 100,000 prime shuttle blocks to either one or both of the classes of purchasers described in subparagraph (4) above during the year 1944 provided such seller is duly classified in writing as an assembler by the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration. In order to be classified as an assembler under this subparagraph (6) the seller must apply in writing for that classification to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. The seller must show to the satisfaction of the Office of Price Administration that he performs all of the functions set forth in subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) above, and that he is entitled to classification as an assembler.

A prime shuttle block is a shuttle block made in accordance with the specifications in paragraph (d) of this section.

(7) A seller of shuttle blocks who desires to sell them as an assembler but who does not qualify as an assembler under the provisions of either subparagraph (5) or (6) above, must apply in writing for classification as an assembler to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. The seller should submit evidence from at least two manufacturers of shuttles or from at least one manufacturer of shuttles and from a government procuring agency buying for lend-lease that they wish to purchase shuttle blocks from the seller. The seller should also submit evidence from at least three producers of shuttle blocks that they wish to sell shuttle blocks to the seller.

In addition, the seller must submit further information in support of his request for classification as may be required by the Office of Price Administration. If the Office of Price Administration finds that the seller is rendering or intends to render in good faith the services of an assembler, it may authorize the seller to sell prime shuttle blocks as an assembler.

(8) Even though a seller fulfils the requirements of subparagraphs (5) or (6) or (7) above, if such seller fails to perform all of the functions listed in subparagraphs (1), (2), (3) and (4) above in regard to the shuttle blocks which he sells, that seller shall not be regarded as an assembler in the sale of such shuttle blocks, and the prices provided for in paragraph (b) of this section shall not apply to such sale.

(d) *Specifications:* The specifications for prime dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks priced in Table A and Table B above shall be as follows:

"Quality": Shall be dense wood, 100% sap wood, straight flat grain free of heartwood, pith, checks, dote, worm or grub holes, wane and discoloration (stain). Shall be free of knots or other visible defects within 3 inches of either end and within ½ inch of either wide face, or any defect combinations which render a piece unfit for a serviceable shuttle. "Manufacture": Shall be evenly sawed, squarely butted and of sufficient over-all size in green condition to assure the full net specified dimensions when later thoroughly dried. Shall be sufficiently air dried before preparation for shipment to prevent staining while in transit. Ends shall be waxed.

(e) *Maximum prices for sizes and specifications not specifically priced by this section.* Dogwood and persimmon shuttle blocks not specifically priced in this section are, nevertheless, subject to this section as "specially priced items" "or special items". A seller of such shuttle blocks, whether he be an assembler or a seller other than an assembler, must apply to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., for approval of a requested maximum price.

On his application the seller should show the price difference between the "special item" and the most comparable standard item in October 1941 or the first month before that in which he had sales of both items, or, if this is impossible, the price differential which he would have used. ("The most comparable standard item" means any prime dogwood or persimmon shuttle block the size of which is listed in Table A or B of paragraph (a) of this section.) The seller should add this difference to, or subtract it from, the maximum price of the comparable standard item depending upon whether, in October 1941, the sale price of the special item was less than or greater than the sale price of the most comparable standard item. The seller should report such price in his application together with an explanation of how he has determined such price. The price requested by the applicant may be approved, reduced or revised by the Office of Price Administration as it deems appropriate. If the Office of Price Administration does not transmit by letter, telegram or in any other manner a disapproval of the price requested by the seller within 30 days of the receipt of the report by the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, the requested price may be deemed approved. Prior to approval of a maximum price for the special item by the Office of Price Administration the seller may proceed with delivery of the special item and collection of the price he has computed or requested. But the seller must inform the buyer that the price is subject to revision within the thirty day period and, if the price is ordered reduced by the Office of Price Administration, the seller must refund any excess over the final approved price.

(f) *Transportation.*—(1) *Common or contract carrier.* To the appropriate maximum price in paragraph (a) or (b), as provided in this section, the seller may add the actual transportation charges paid by the seller to a common or contract carrier for transportation directly from the seller's plant to the point of delivery required by the purchaser.

(2) *Pre-rail truck haul.* When a truck haul precedes rail shipment, as, for example, when a seller located away from a railhead hauls shuttle blocks by truck to the railhead, no addition may be made for the truck haul.

(3) *All-truck haul.* When shipment is by truck owned or controlled by the seller, no addition may be made for such transportation charges or expenses.

[Sec. 3.2 amended by Am. 12, 10 F.R. 10025, effective 8-11-45]

SEC. 3.3 *Baled Southern pine wood excelsior*—(a) *Maximum prices for sales by manufacturers and by Virginia Excelsior Mills, Incorporated, Doswell, Virginia.* The maximum price f. o. b. mill per net ton for sales of baled Southern pine wood excelsior by Virginia Excelsior Mills, Incorporated, Doswell, Virginia and by manufacturers in the States named in paragraph (e) shall be as follows:

Maximum price for carload lots shipped to jobbers and distributors

Grade:	*Per net ton f. o. b. mill*
XX	$29.25
XXXX	31.25
Wood wool	42.25
Fine wood wool	50.25

Addition for less than carload shipments. 1 to 10 tons, add $2.00 per ton to above prices. Less than 1 ton, add $4.00 per ton to the above prices.

Addition for shipments direct to consumer. Add $2.00 per ton to above prices.

(b) *Maximum price for sales by jobbers or distributors of baled Southern pine wood excelsior manufactured in Virginia.* The maximum prices per net ton for sales by jobbers and distributors, of baled Southern pine wood excelsior produced in Virginia shall be the seller's

maximum price established under the General Maximum Price Regulation for the particular grade of excelsior, and class of consumer, plus $8.25 per ton.

[Paragraphs (a) and (b) amended by Am. 27, 11 F.R. 5601, effective 5-27-46]

(c) *Maximum prices for sales by jobbers or distributors of baled southern pine wood excelsior manufactured in the States of Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas and Tennessee.* (1) The maximum price per net ton for sales by jobbers or distributors of baled southern pine wood excelsior produced in the States of Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas and Tennessee shall be the net price determined by applying to the seller's net invoice cost of baled southern pine wood excelsior, not to exceed the applicable maximum price, the average dollars and cents markup, weighted by volume of sales, over net invoice cost realized during March 1942 for all baled southern pine wood excelsior of the same class sold by the seller to purchasers of the same class during March 1942, or, if no such sales were made during March 1942, during the first month preceding March 1942 in which such sales were made.

(2) If a jobber or a distributor cannot compute a maximum price for baled southern pine wood excelsior in accordance with subparagraph (1) above, he shall apply to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C. for authorization to establish a maximum price pursuant to a pricing method proposed in writing by the jobber or distributor.

(d) *Grade.* The grades used in this section refer to the standards and specifications set forth in Federal Specification No. NN-E-911, as generally understood in the trade.

(e) This section 3.3 applies to baled Southern pine wood excelsior produced in the States of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas and Tennessee.

SEC. 3.4 *Laminated wood structural members*—(a) *Products covered.* This section covers sales of all frame structural members such as rafters, joists, arches, and roof trusses, which are fabricated by laminating two or more pieces of lumber by gluing, scarf-jointing, or otherwise.

(b) *Maximum f. o. b. factory prices; sales by manufacturers.* The maximum f. o. b. factory price for laminated wood structural members shall be computed on the basis of the individual manufacturer's price-determining method during the month of March 1942, using rates and costs as provided in the following formula:

(1) *Materials.* Lumber material costs for the particular item shall not be higher than the current maximum price as established by the appropriate "mill ceiling" regulation plus the average inbound freight cost for the particular item during the six months period from June 1, 1943 through November 30, 1943. In the case of a manufacturer using lumber produced by him, the material costs that may be used for such lumber shall be at least $2.00 per MBM below the maximum mill price for that lumber.

(2) *Labor.* Labor costs shall include only labor that was treated as direct labor in the March 1942 price-determining method. To determine direct labor cost for a particular item, use the March 1942 direct labor cost plus the percentage increase in average hourly earnings between March 1942 and September 30, 1943. In computing average hourly earnings only the earnings of workers whose wages are computed on an hourly or piece-work basis shall be used.

Example: Average hourly earnings

March 1942	$0.50
September 30, 1943	$0.60
Increase	20%
Direct labor cost for item per MBM	
March 1942	$15.00
Increase 20%	3.00
Cost to be used	$18.00

(3) *All other expenses and profit.* To the out-of-pocket cost of the particular item determined as specified in (1) and (2) above, there may be added for all other expenses and for profit the same dollars-and-cents margin that was applied for such expenses and profit under the March 1942 price-determining method. The addition for "all other expenses and profit", it should be noted, is a fixed dollars-and-cents addition rather than a percentage addition and is the difference between the March 1942 price of the particular item and the March 1942 out-of-pocket cost (as determined by (1) and (2) using March 1942 costs.)

(c) *Maximum delivered prices; sales by dealers.* The maximum delivered price shall be a price computed by increasing the March 1942 delivered price by the amount of increase in current delivered cost (f. o. b. factory price of manufacturer plus the actual transportation charges paid or incurred by the seller in making shipments directly from the factory to the point of delivery required by the purchaser) over the March 1942 delivered cost. If the dealer did not sell the item in March 1942 he must request the factory to inform him of the March 1942 mark-up of his nearest competitive seller and use this dollars-and-cents mark-up for his current sales.

(d) Sellers must maintain trade discounts and credit terms no less onerous to buyers than the March 1942 discounts and terms given the same buyer or class of buyer.

(e) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the 48 States of the United States and to the District of Columbia.

SEC. 3.5 *Continuance of manufacturers' and wholesalers' maximum prices for portable prefabricated farm buildings established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 246.*[4] The manufacturers' and wholesalers' maximum prices established under Maximum Price Regulation No. 246 prior to December 27, 1943, for portable prefabricated farm buildings shall continue in effect under the coverage of the General Maximum Price Regulation in the same manner as if such prices had been established under that regulation instead of under Maximum Price Regulation No. 246.

SEC. 3.6. *Luggage frames*—(a) *Products and persons covered.* This section applies to all sales and deliveries of luggage frames manufactured in the States of New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. As used in this section, the term "luggage frame" means the complete frame no matter what material is used in the manufacture.

(b) *Maximum prices.* The maximum prices for a complete luggage frame are set forth in the following table:

Material	Sizes				
	18"	21"	26"	29"	"Two suiters"
Cardboard or kraftboard	$0.66	$0.76	$1.14	$1.21	$1.13
Upson, Tekwood or Beaverboard	0.75	0.88	1.31	1.41	1.32
Plywood	0.83	0.97	1.44	1.57	1.46

(c) *Items not specifically priced.* For the price of any luggage frame not specifically priced in paragraph (b), the manufacturer shall submit an application for a price to the Lumber Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., setting forth:

1. Size of frame.
2. Net footage, waste factor and type of material used.
3. Cost of the material used and the average cost for the first six months of 1944 of the most similar material listed in the table in paragraph (b), which the manufacturer had used during that period. This average cost is to be computed by dividing the total purchases of that similar material by the total number of board feet or other units purchased.
4. Requested price.
5. Any other factors which may aid the Office of Price Administration in establishing a proper price.

The Office of Price Administration will by letter order approve, modify or deny the application for a price of the item in line with the prices established under this section.

All prices include commissions, delivery and all other charges.

[Sec. 3.6 amended by Am. 6, 10 F.R. 4107, effective 4-21-45]

SEC. 3.7 *Hickory picker stick blanks, color no defect.* This section covers, under the term, "hickory picker stick blanks, color no defect" all sizes of all white, mixed color, and all red hickory blanks manufactured or concentrated in the United States which are to be manufactured into hickory picker sticks and which satisfy the following specifications:

Manufactured from live, tough, heavy weight hickory logs; to be bright, free from all timber defects, straight and straight grained.

NOTE: Hickory blanks not covered by this section are covered by Maximum Price Regulation 501, Hardwood Small Dimension.

[4] 10 F.R. 2746.

(a) *Direct-mill shipments.* The maximum prices f. o. b. the mill for direct-mill shipments of "hickory picker stick blanks, color no defect" described above are as follows:

NOTE: The following prices are applicable only to hickory blanks which are to be used in the manufacture of hickory picker sticks.

Dry size (inches)	*Price per blank*
1 x 1¾ x 35	$0.106
1 x 1¾ x 36	.109
1 x 2 x 36	.125
1⅛ x 1⅞ x 36	.132
1⅛ x 2⅛ x 36	.150
1⅛ x 2⅛ x 40	.166
1⅛ x 2¾ x 36	.193
1¼ x 1⅞ x 36	.147
1¼ x 2 x 35	.152
1¼ x 2 x 40	.174
1¼ x 2¼ x 35	.171
1¼ x 2¼ x 40	.195
1¼ x 2¼ x 42	.205
1¼ x 2½ x 41	.223
1½ x 1½ x 26	.102
1½ x 1½ x 28	.110
1½ x 1½ x 30	.117
1½ x 2 x 30	.156
1½ x 2 x 36	.188
1¾ x 1¾ x 26	.138
1¾ x 1¾ x 30	.160
1¾ x 1¾ x 34	.181
1¾ x 1¾ x 36	.192
2 x 2 x 32	.222
2 x 2 x 36	.250
2 x 2 x 40	.278
2 x 2½ x 22½	.195

The maximum price for all other sizes shall be $250.00 per 1,000 board feet (figured on dry size dimensions.)

The mill may add to the appropriate f. o. b. maximum price the actual charge or cost paid or incurred by the mill in making delivery to the purchaser.

(b) *Concentration plant sales.* A concentration plant for the purpose of this section is any establishment which buys for resale picker stick blanks from primary producers. The maximum prices, f. o. b. concentration plant, for "hickory picker stick blanks, color no defect" covered in this section, which are sold out of concentration plants are the maximum prices established in paragraph (a) above plus 1 cent per blank.

The concentration plant may add to the appropriate f. o. b. maximum price the actual charge or cost paid or incurred by the concentration plant in making delivery to the purchaser.

[Sec. 3.7 added by Am. 4, 10 F.R. 2618, effective 3-12-45]

SEC. 3.8. *Baled basswood or poplar wood excelsior, baled basswood or poplar wood wool, wood excelsior pads and wrappers—Lake State Region.* This section covers baled basswood or poplar wood excelsior and baled basswood or poplar wood wool (referred to below as wood excelsior and wood wool, respectively throughout this entire section) produced only in the States of Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota (referred to below as the Lake States).

This section also covers under the terms, "pads" and "wrappers", pads and wrappers manufactured in the Lake States from wood excelsior produced in the Lake States.

(a) *Maximum price for sales of wood excelsior and wood wool by producers in carload lots.* Subject to paragraph (d) of this section, the maximum price, f. o. b. mill, carload lots, for sales by producers of wood excelsior and wood wool under this section shall be as follows:

(1) *Maximum price, f. o. b. mill, carload lots.*

PER NET TON

Fine wood excelsior	Ribbon wood excelsior	Extra fine wood excelsior	Wood wool	Superfine wood wool
$28.25	$29.50	$30.50	$42.00	$53.00

(b) *Maximum price for sales of wood excelsior and wood wool by producers in less than carload lots.* Subject to paragraph (d) of this section, the maximum price, f. o. b. mill, less than carload lots, for sales by producers of wood excelsior and wood wool under this section shall be as follows:

(1) *Wood excelsior and wood wool produced and sold by mills located in Michigan and Wisconsin.* Maximum price, f. o. b. mill, less than carload lots.

PER 100 LBS.

Quantity	Fine wood excelsior	Ribbon wood excelsior	Extra fine wood excelsior	Wood wool	Superfine wood wool
1-4 bales	$2.10	$2.20	$2.30	$3.35	$3.90
5-10 bales	1.95	2.05	2.20	3.10	3.65
11-19 bales	1.75	1.85	2.05	2.75	3.30
20 or more bales	1.70	1.75	1.85	2.65	3.20

(2) *Wood excelsior and wood wool produced and sold by mills located in Minnesota.* Maximum price, f. o. b. mill, less than carload lots.

PER 100 LBS.

Quantity	Fine wood excelsior	Ribbon wood excelsior	Extra fine wood excelsior	Wood wool	Superfine wood wool
1-4 bales	$2.35	$2.50	$2.60	$4.00	$4.55
5-10 bales	2.25	2.35	2.50	3.75	4.30
11-19 bales	2.15	2.25	2.35	3.20	3.75
20 or more bales	1.80	1.95	2.10	2.90	3.45

(3) *Wood excelsior and wood wool produced and sold by mills located in Michigan and Wisconsin, f .o. b. mill warehouse in Chicago, Illinois.* (See paragraph (f) below.) Maximum price, f. o. b. mill warehouse in Chicago, Illinois, less than carload lots.

PER 100 LBS.

Quantity	Fine wood excelsior	Ribbon wood excelsior	Extra fine wood excelsior	Wood wool	Superfine wood wool
1-4 bales	$2.20	$2.20	$2.30	$3.40	$4.00
5-10 bales	2.05	2.05	2.20	3.20	3.85
11-19 bales	1.85	1.95	2.10	2.90	3.60
20 or more bales	1.80	1.85	1.95	2.80	3.30

(4) *Wood excelsior and wood wool produced and sold by mills located in Michigan and Wisconsin, f. o. b. mill warehouse in Detroit, Michigan.* (See paragraph (f) below.) Maximum price, f. o. b. mill warehouse in Detroit, Michigan, less than carload lots.

PER 100 LBS.

Quantity	Fine excelsior	Wood wool
1-4 bales	$2.80	$3.90
5-10 bales	2.35	3.25
11-49 bales	2.15	2.80
50 or more bales	2.05	......

(5) *Wood excelsior produced and sold by mills located in Michigan and Wisconsin, f. o. b. mill warehouse in Toledo, Ohio.* (See paragraph (f) below.) Maximum price, f. o. b. mill warehouse in Toledo, Ohio, less than carload lots.

PER 100 LBS.

Quantity	Fine excelsior	Wood wool
1-4 bales	$2.90	$4.00
5-19 bales	2.30	3.45
20 or more bales	2.10	3.30

(c) *Maximum prices for sales of pads and wrappers.* The maximum price f. o. b. mill or f. o. b. mill warehouse for sales by a seller of pads or wrappers shall be an amount equal to that seller's maximum price for the quantity sold computed in accordance with the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation plus 10½% of such maximum price so computed.

(d) *Transportation charges*—(1) *Mill shipments.* The maximum delivered price on direct-mill sales shall be either (i) a price no higher than the maximum f. o. b. mill price for the particular item under subparagraph (1) or (2) of paragraph (b) or under paragraph (c) above plus the actual transportation charges paid to a common or contract carrier for transportation directly from the mill to the point of delivery required by the purchaser, or transportation expenses not to exceed the amount which would have been paid to a common or contract carrier if its services had been utilized for such delivery, or, (ii) a price no higher than the maximum f. o. b. mill price for the particular item under subparagraph (1) or (2) of paragraph (b) or under paragraph (c) above plus the transportation charges figured according to the established practice of the seller in effect on March 31, 1942.

(2) *Mill warehouse shipments.* The maximum delivered price on mill warehouse sales shall be the maximum f. o. b. mill warehouse price for the particular item under subparagraphs (3), (4), or (5) of paragraph (b) or under paragraph (c) above plus the actual transportation charges paid to a common or contract carrier for transportation directly from the mill warehouse to the point of delivery required by the purchaser or transportation expenses not to exceed the amount which would have been paid to a common or contract carrier if its services had been utilized for such delivery.

(e) *Grades.* The grades used in this section in reference to wood wool and wood excelsior refer to the standards and specifications set forth in Federal Specification No. NN-E-911 as generally understood in the trade.

(f) *Definition of mill warehouse.* A mill warehouse is a warehouse owned by a mill which warehouse is located at some

point other than where the mill is located and from which the mill distributes wood excelsior, wood wool, pads or wrappers in less than carload lots.

(g) *Maximum price for sales by sellers other than producers of wood excelsior and wood wool or by sellers other than manufacturers of pads and wrappers.* (1) The maximum price for sales of wood excelsior, wood wool, pads or wrappers in both carload and less than carload lots by a seller other than a producer or manufacturer of these items shall be the seller's maximum price established under the General Maximum Price Regulation for the particular item sold based on grade, if any, quantity sold and class of customers plus the average dollars and cents mark-up weighted by volume of sales over net invoiced cost realized by that seller during March 1942 for all wood excelsior, wood wool, pads or wrappers sold by the seller in the same type of sale in March 1942 or in the nearest month preceding March 1942, if the seller made no such sale in March 1942.

(2) If a seller other than a producer of wood excelsior and wood wool or a seller other than a manufacturer of pads and wrappers cannot compute a maximum price under subparagraph (1) above, that seller shall apply to the Lumber Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., for authorization to establish a maximum price pursuant to a pricing method proposed in writing by that seller. The Office of Price Administration shall approve a maximum price for such applicant in line with the maximum price established by other sellers of the same class.

[Sec. 3.8 added by Am. 5, 10 F.R. 3551, effective 4-5-45 and amended by Am. 29, 11 F.R. 6338, effective 6-15-46]

SEC. 3.9 *Battery separators*—(a) *Maximum prices.* The maximum price f. o. b. the mill for sales by any manufacturer of Port Orford Cedar or Douglas Fir battery separators produced in the United States shall be an amount equal to that manufacturer's maximum price for the quantity sold computed in accordance with the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation, plus 13% of such maximum price so computed.

(b) *Reports.* On or before February 15, 1946, the following manufacturers of Port Orford Cedar or Douglas Fir battery separators shall file with the Lumber Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington, 25, D. C., such data as are required to determine what revision, if any, in the prices provided under the General Maximum Price Regulation is required by law for the sale by manufacturers of Port Orford Cedar or Douglas Fir battery separators:

Standard Battery Separator Co., Los Angeles, California
Evans Products Co., Coos Bay, Oregon
Arrow Mill Co., Chicago, Illinois
West Coast Separator Co., Los Angeles, California
Smith Wood Products Co., Coquille, Oregon
Pacific Wood Products Co., Grant's Pass, Oregon

The required data shall be submitted on the forms and according to the procedure, provided by the Office of Price Administration.

[Paragraph (b) amended by Am. 16, 11 F.R. 676, effective 1-21-46]

(c) *Duration of prices.* The prices established in paragraph (a) of this section are effective until such time as the Office of Price Administration may revise said prices as a result of the findings from the study of the reports submitted in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.

[Sec. 3.9 added by Am. 8, 10 F.R. 8620, effective 7-16-45 and amended as otherwise noted]

SEC. 3.10 *Coverage.* This section covers all sales of hickory striking-tool handle blanks and all sales of striking-tool handles produced in the United States except the retail type of sale defined in paragraph (b) (5) (iv) of this section.

(a) *Hickory striking-tool handle blanks (referred to below as hickory handle blanks)*—(1) *Maximum prices for hickory handle blanks of certain specifications, classifications, grades and sizes.* The producers' maximum prices, f. o. b. the seller's plant, for hickory handle blanks manufactured in accordance with the specifications contained in Table B below, shall be the prices for the types, grades and sizes indicated in Table A below, but, when delivery of the hickory handle blanks is effected by the purchaser under the conditions stated in paragraph (f) (1) (iv), the seller shall make a deduction from such maximum prices as provided in that paragraph (f) (1) (iv).

TABLE A—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLE BLANKS

Type of blank	Length of blank	Grade	Price per unit
	Inches		
For axe handles	40	Extra	$0.23½
		No. 1	.17
		No. 2	.12½
		No. 3	.09½
For axe handles	33-36	Extra	.17
		No. 1	.12½
		No. 2	.09½
		No. 3	.06
For axe handles	29-32	Extra	.12½
		No. 1	.09½
		No. 2	.07
		No. 3	.04½
For railroad pick handles.	40	Extra	.25½
		No. 1	.18¾
		No. 2	.13¾
		No. 3	.10
For miners pick handles.	40	Extra	.17
		No. 1	.12½
		No. 2	.09½
		No. 3	.06
For sledge handles	40	Extra	.14
		No. 1	.10½
		No. 2	.06
		No. 3	.04
For sledge handles	33-36	Extra	.11
		No. 1	.08
		No. 2	.05
		No. 3	.03
For sledge handles	29-32	Extra	.08
		No. 1	.04½
		No. 2	.03
For hammer handles	15-28	Extra	.04
		No. 1	.02¼
		No. 2	.01½
For hatchet handles	19-28	Extra	.06
		No. 1	.03½
		No. 2	.02¼

TABLE B—HICKORY HANDLE BLANKS

SIZES AND GRADES

Axe handle blanks—40" and 33-36" long. Dry size, 3½" x 2⅛" head end, 3½" x 1⅛" eye end. Green size, 3⅝" x 2¼" head end, 3⅝" x 1¼" eye end.

Axe handle blanks—29-32" long. Dry size, 3⅛" x 2" head end, 3⅛" x 1" eye end. Green size, 3¼" x 2⅛" head end, 3¼" x 1⅛" eye end.

Railroad pick handle blanks—40" long. Dry size, 2½" x 3½" eye end, 1¾" x 2" head end. Green size, 2⅝" x 3⅝" eye end, 1⅞" x 2⅛" head end.

Coal pick handle blanks—40" long. Dry size, 1¾" x 3½" eye end, 1¾" x 2" head end. Green size, 1⅞" x 3⅝" eye end, 1⅞" x 2⅛" head end.

Sledge handle blanks—40", 33-36" and 29-32" long. Dry size, 1⅝" x 1¾" entire length. Green size, 1¾" x 1⅞" entire length.

Hammer handle blanks—15-28" long. Dry size, 1⅝" x 1¾" entire length. Green size, 1¾" x 1⅞" entire length.

Hatchet handle blanks—not less than 19-28". Dry size, 2⅞" x 1¾" head end, 2⅞" x 1" eye end. Green size, 3" x 1⅞" head end, 3" x 1⅛" eye end.

Extra blanks must be all white, heavy timber, free from all defects, perfect, full size, and straight grain.

No. 1 blanks must be good weight timber, permitting ⅓ red wood the entire length of the blank. All white blanks of good weight not sufficiently heavy for Extra Grade, and blanks of good weight with two light hair streaks running the full length of the blank or their equivalent in shorter streaks are permitted. No. 1 blanks must be free from defects, full size and straight grain.

No. 2 blanks must be fair weight timber, permitting red, white or red and white mixed wood, permitting light streaks and 3 tight sound knots not over ¼" in diameter when occurring in that part of the blank other than will produce the center or spring of the handle. Reasonably straight grain is required.

No. 3 blanks include such blanks as will produce serviceable handles, but are not admissible to the higher grades on account of defects.

Reject blanks are those containing open knots greater than ⅜" in diameter, worm holes, windshakes, or that are brashy, and are not admissible to any grade.

(b) *Hickory striking-tool handles (referred to below as hickory handles); maximum prices.* The maximum prices provided for under this paragraph (b) are subject to the discount and concessions required by paragraph (e). On and after August 20, 1946,

1. The net maximum prices obtained by applying the authorized percentages to the list prices shown in Tables C, C-1, and D are increased by 7%, and
2. The net maximum prices established in Table E, of subparagraph (3) are increased by 7%.

Provided, That the 7% addition shall in every case be shown separately on the invoice in the form of an addition to the total of the invoice (exclusive of the transportation charges permitted by paragraph (f)) under the caption "Plus 7% per Amdt. 38 to 2d Rev. SR 14".

(1) *Manufacturers' maximum prices; Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-39 or Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-45.* A manufacturer's maximum prices, f. o. b. the manufacturer's plant, for hickory handles graded according to "Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-39 or Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-45 for Hickory Handles" issued by National Bureau of Standards, U. S. Department of Commerce, effective October 15, 1939, referred to below as Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-39 or Simplified Practice Recommendation R77-45, shall be as follows:

(i) *Sales to buyers except those engaged in the retail business.* A manufacturer's maximum prices on sales to a buyer, other than a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking-tool handles only at retail, shall be 65% of the prices listed in

Table C or Table C–1 below for the amount, types, classes, grades and sizes indicated. (See definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv), below, entitled *Retail type of sale.*)

(ii) *Sales to buyers engaged in the retail business.* A manufacturer's maximum prices on sales to a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking-tool handles only at retail shall be 74% of the prices listed in Table C or Table C–1 below for the amount, types, classes, grades and sizes indicated. (See definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv), below, entitled *Retail type of sale.*)

TABLE C—HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLES

Grading rules: Simplified practice recommendation R77-39

REGULAR PATTERNS

Types and classes of hickory handles for—	Length	Approx. wt. lbs.	Price per dozen						
			AAW	AW	AR	BW	BR	CW	CR
Axe:	*Inches*								
Single bit, double bit, straight	28–36	14–20	$9.50	$8.20	$6.30	$6.90	$5.30	$4.80	$4.00
Boys' and miners'	24–30	12–14	7.60	6.30	5.00	5.50	4.30	3.80	3.00
Miners'	18–22	10–12	6.30	5.30	4.10	4.90	3.40	3.30	2.80
Broad	34–36	22	9.70	8.40	6.50	7.10	5.50	5.00	4.20
Adze	34–36	20	9.70	8.40	6.50	7.10	5.50	5.00	4.20
Pick:									
Railroad and mattock	36	30	11.00	9.80	7.00	8.60	6.00	6.40	5.30
Coal miners, drifting, regular size	34–36	20–22	9.50	8.20	6.30	6.90	5.30	4.80	4.00
Coal miners, drifting, oversize body	34–36	24	9.75	8.50	6.50	7.10	5.50	5.00	4.20
Grub hoe	36	30	11.20	10.00	7.20	8.80	6.20	6.60	5.50
Sledge, spike maul, tool	34–36	19	8.80	7.50	5.30	6.20	4.20	3.30	2.90
	30–32	16	8.20	7.00	4.60	5.50	3.60	3.00	2.60
	26–28	14	7.00	5.80	3.90	4.80	3.10	2.60	2.20
Maul: Post and axe eye	36	20–22	9.00	7.80	5.60	6.60	4.60	4.40	3.60
Hammer: Carpenter, adze eye, machinist, blacksmith, riveting, stonemasons, ball pein, etc.	10–14	5–6	3.00	2.30	1.90	1.90	1.40	1.50	1.00
	15–16	7	3.20	2.50	2.00	2.00	1.50	1.60	1.10
	17–18	8	3.70	3.00	2.30	2.30	1.70	1.80	1.40
	19–20	9	4.20	3.50	2.70	2.70	2.00	2.10	1.50
	22	10	4.80	4.10	3.00	3.00	2.10	2.20	1.60
	24	11	5.80	4.80	3.40	3.40	2.20	2.30	1.70
Hatchet: Shingling, broad, bench, lathing, box, etc.	12–14	5–6	3.00	2.30	1.90	1.90	1.40	1.50	1.00
	15–16	8	3.30	2.60	2.10	2.10	1.60	1.70	1.20
	17–18	9	3.80	3.10	2.60	2.60	1.80	1.90	1.60
	19–20	10–11	5.00	3.90	3.30	3.30	2.80	2.90	2.30
Hatchet: Camp, scout, derrick, hunters, short axe, house axe, etc.	12–14	5–6	3.40	2.80	2.10	2.10	1.60	1.70	1.40
	15–16	8	3.70	3.10	2.30	2.30	1.80	1.90	1.50
	17–18	9–10	4.40	3.50	2.90	2.90	2.40	2.50	1.80
	19	11	5.00	4.10	3.30	3.30	2.80	2.90	2.20
	20	12	5.60	4.50	3.60	3.60	3.00	3.10	2.40

AAR grade long handles—15% less than price of AW grade.
AAR grade short handles—Same price as AW grade.
For additions for extras see subparagraph (3) below.
If less than 1 dozen are sold, the maximum price for such a quantity shall be the proportionate amount of the maximum price per dozen of such items.
Handles which are mahogany stained shall not be priced under this table. Such handles must be specially priced under paragraph (c) of this section.

TABLE C–1—HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLES

Grading rules: Simplified practice recommendation R77-45—Regular Patterns

Types and class of hickory handles for	Length (inches)	Approx. wt. lbs.	Price per dozen					
			AAW	AW	AR	BW	BR	C
Axe:								
Single bit, double bit, straight	28–36	14–20	$9.00	$7.50	$6.50	$6.00	$4.60	$3.70
Boys' and miners'	24–30	12–14	7.10	5.90	5.10	4.80	3.60	2.70
Miners'	18–22	10–12	6.00	5.10	4.30	4.20	3.10	2.50
Broad	34–36	22	9.20	7.70	6.70	6.20	4.80	3.90
Adze	34–36	20	9.20	7.70	6.70	6.20	4.80	3.90
Pick:								
Railroad and mattock	36	30	10.50	9.10	7.50	7.20	5.70	4.50
Coal miners, drifting, regular size	34–36	20–22	9.00	7.50	6.50	6.00	4.60	3.70
Coal miners, drifting, oversize body	34–36	24	9.30	7.70	6.70	6.20	4.80	4.00
Grub hoe	36	30	10.70	9.30	7.70	7.40	6.00	4.70
Sledge, spike maul, tool	34–36	19	8.30	6.80	5.50	5.00	3.40	2.70
	30–32	16	7.80	6.20	4.80	4.50	3.00	2.40
	26–28	14	6.60	5.30	4.10	3.90	2.60	2.10
Maul: Post and axe eye	36	20–22	8.60	7.10	5.80	5.70	4.10	3.40
Hammer: Carpenter, adze eye, machinist, blacksmith, riveting, stonemasons, ball pein, etc.	10–14	5–6	2.80	2.10	1.90	1.70	1.20	1.00
	15–16	7	3.00	2.20	2.00	1.80	1.30	1.10
	17–18	8	3.50	2.70	2.30	2.10	1.60	1.30
	19–20	9	4.00	3.10	2.70	2.40	1.80	1.50
	22	10	4.60	3.60	3.00	2.70	1.90	1.60
	24	11	5.50	4.20	3.30	2.90	2.00	1.70
Hatchet: Shingling, broad bench, lathing, box, etc.	12–14	5–6	2.80	2.10	1.90	1.70	1.20	1.00
	15–16	8	3.10	2.40	2.10	1.90	1.40	1.20
	17–18	9	3.60	2.90	2.60	2.30	1.70	1.60
	19–20	10–11	4.70	3.60	3.30	3.10	2.60	2.30
Hatchet: Camp, scout, derrick, hunters, short axe, house axe, etc.	12–14	5–6	3.20	2.50	2.10	1.90	1.50	1.40
	15–16	8	3.50	2.80	2.30	2.10	1.70	1.50
	17–18	9–10	4.20	3.20	2.90	2.70	2.10	1.80
	19	11	4.80	3.80	3.30	3.10	2.50	2.20
	20	12	5.30	4.10	3.60	3.40	2.70	2.40

For additions for extras see subparagraph (3) below.
If less than 1 dozen are sold, the maximum price for such a quantity shall be the proportionate amount of the maximum price per dozen of such items.
Handles which are mahogany stained shall not be priced under this table. Such handles must be specially priced under paragraph (c) of this section.

(2) *Manufacturers' maximum prices; Federal Specification NN–H–93.* A manufacturer's maximum prices, f. o. b. the manufacturer's plant, for hickory handles manufactured and graded according to Federal Standard Stock Catalog, Section IV (Part 5), Federal Specification for Hickory Striking Tool Handles, NN–H–93, July 2, 1941, referred to below as Federal Specification NN–H–93, shall be as follows:

(i) *Sales to buyers except those engaged in the retail business.* A manufacturer's maximum prices on sales to a buyer, other than a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking-tool handles only at retail shall be 65% of the prices listed in Table D below for the amount, types, classes, grades and sizes indicated. (See definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv), below, entitled *Retail type of sale.*)

(ii) *Sales to buyers engaged in the retail business.* A manufacturer's maximum prices on sales to a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking-tool handles only at retail shall be 74% of the prices listed in Table D below for the amount, types, classes, grades and sizes indicated. (See definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv), below, entitled *Retail type of sale.*)

TABLE D—HICKORY STRIKING-TOOL HANDLES

Grading Rules: Federal Specification NN–H–93

Types and classes of hickory handles for	Length	Price per dozen		
		AA	A	B
Axe: Single bit, double bit, straight	*Inches* 28–36	$9.20	$7.20	$6.10
Axe: Boys', miners'	26–28	7.30	5.60	4.80
Adze: All patterns	34–36	9.30	7.40	6.20
Pick: Railroad and mattock	36	10.60	8.40	7.20
Pick: Drifting, coal	32–36	9.20	7.20	6.00
Grub hoe: All patterns	36	10.70	8.60	7.40
Post maul: All patterns	36	8.70	6.70	5.40
Sledge: Tool, maul	34–36	8.40	6.50	5.10
	30–32	7.80	6.00	4.30
	26–28	6.70	4.90	3.70
Hammer: Regular patterns.	12–14	2.90	2.20	1.80
	16	3.20	2.40	1.90
	18	3.70	2.90	2.20
Hatchet: Regular patterns	12–14	2.90	2.20	1.80
	16	3.30	2.50	2.00
	18	3.80	3.00	2.30
Hatchet: Special patterns	12–14	3.30	2.70	2.00
	16	3.60	2.90	2.20
	18	4.20	3.50	2.80

For additions for extras see subparagraph (3) below.
If less than 1 dozen are sold, the maximum price for such a quantity shall be the proportionate amount of the maximum price per dozen of such items.
Handles which are mahogany stained shall not be priced under this table. Such handles must be specially priced under paragraph (c) of this section.

(3) *Additions for extras; manufacturers and distributors.* If a purchaser of hickory handles covered by subparagraphs (1) and (2) above specifically orders any of the special work or finishes specified in Table E below, the seller of the hickory handles may add to the maximum prices provided for in this section the appropriate additions indicated in Table E below, provided the manufacturer has performed the special work or applied the finish requested.

TABLE E

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CHARGES FOR MANUFACTURERS FOR SPECIAL WORK AND FINISHES ON HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLES

Extra long handles—For lengths longer than 36 inches, per dozen net for each 2 inches as follows:
Axe handles—65 cents per dozen.
All other types—45 cents per dozen.
For special work and finishes:
Octagon—Add 13 cents per dozen net.
Shaved eyes—Add 13 cents per dozen net.
Gauged eyes—Add 13 cents per dozen net.
Scroll ends—Add 7 cents per dozen net.
Lacquer finish—Add the following net charges per dozen handles:
(Cents per dozen handles, net):

	Long handles	*Short handles*
Clear lacquer	13	7
Colored lacquer	26	13
Colored tips	7	7

NOTE: Short handles are the types included in the price lists under Hammer Handles and Hatchet Handles. Long handles are all other types such as axe, pick and maul.

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CHARGES FOR DISTRIBUTORS FOR SPECIAL WORK AND FINISHES ON HICKORY STRIKING TOOL HANDLES

Extra long handles—For lengths longer than 36 inches add per dozen net for each 2 inches as follows:
Axe handles—82 cents per dozen.
All other types—57 cents per dozen.
For special work and finishes:
Octagon—Add 16 cents per dozen net.
Shaved eyes—Add 16 cents per dozen net.
Gauged eyes—Add 16 cents per dozen net.
Scroll ends—Add 9 cents per dozen net.
Lacquer finish—Add the following net charges per dozen handles:
(Cents per dozen handles, net):

	Long handles	*Short handles*
Clear lacquer	16	9
Colored lacquer	33	16
Colored tips	9	9

NOTE: Short handles are the type included in the price lists under Hammer Handles and Hatchet Handles. Long handles are all other types such as axe, pick and maul.

[Subparagraph (3) amended by Am. 18, 11 F.R. 2379, effective 3-12-46]

(4) *Sales of hickory handles marked with trademark or brand.* If an order for the purchase of hickory handles specifically stipulates that the order be composed of hickory handles to be marked with the trademark or brand of either the buyer or seller, which order constitutes a mixture of different grades of such handles of a type, class and pattern contained either in the list in Table C or Table C–1 of subparagraph (1) or in the list in Table D of subparagraph (2) or in both lists, the manufacturer's maximum price for the order shall be the price in either (i) or (ii) as follows:

(i) On a sale to a buyer other than a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking tool handles only at retail (see definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv)), the maximum price shall be 65% of the weighted average list price for those tables for the mixture of such handles evened off to the nearest 10 cents.

(ii) On a sale to a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking tool handles only at retail (see definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv)), the maximum price shall be 74% of the weighted average list price for those tables for the mixture of such handles evened off to the nearest 10 cents.

The distributor's maximum price for such an order of handles shall be 82% of the weighted average list price from those tables for the mixture of such handles evened off to the nearest 10 cents.

For example: A buyer orders 100 doz. single bit hickory axe handles of a brand called the "X" brand, the order to be made up of the following grades:
50 doz. AW, 10 doz. BW, 20 doz. AR, 20 doz. BR.

The weighted average price is computed as follows:

Grade	Number of dozen in order	List price per dozen	List price for number of dozen in order
AW	50	$8.20	$410.00
BW	10	6.90	69.00
AR	20	6.30	126.00
BR	20	5.30	106.00
			$711.00

$711.00 divided by 100 dozen = $7.10, the weighted average list price per each dozen in the order evened off to the nearest 10 cents.

The manufacturer's maximum price on a sale to a buyer other than a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking tool handles only at retail is 65% of $7.10 or $4.60 per dozen.

The manufacturer's maximum price on a sale to a buyer engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking tool handles only at retail shall be 74% of $7.10 or $5.30 per dozen.

The distributor's maximum price is 82% of $7.10 or $5.80 per dozen.

The manufacturer's maximum price for an order of hickory handles made up of hickory handles to be marked with the trademark or brand of either the buyer or seller and which are composed of a single grade of a type, class and pattern contained either in the list in Table C or Table C–1 of subparagraph (1) or in the list in Table D of subparagraph (2) shall be the price in either (i) or (ii) as follows:

(i) On a sale to a buyer other than a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking tool handles only at retail (see definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv)), the maximum price shall be 65% of the list price for those handles of that grade, type, class and pattern contained in Table C or Table C–1 or Table D, whichever table applies.

(ii) On a sale to a buyer who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking tool handles only at retail (see definitions in subparagraph (5) (iv), the maximum price shall be 74% of the list price for those handles of that grade, type, class and pattern contained in Table C or Table C–1 or Table D, whichever table applies.

The distributor's maximum price for such an order of handles shall be 82% of the list price for those handles of that grade, type, class and pattern contained in Table C or Table C–1 or Table D, whichever table applies.

(5) *Sales by sellers other than producers and manufacturers.* The maximum prices provided for under this subparagraph (5) are subject to the discounts and concessions required by paragraph (e).

(i) *Definition of distribution type of sale.* The distribution type of sale is a sale by a seller, other than a producer or manufacturer, out of his own warehouse where that seller maintains a varied stock of items covered by this section and which seller buys those items from one or more producers or manufacturers of such items and sells them to government agencies, industrial users, tool manufacturers or retailers.

A sale by a producer or manufacturer or by a seller who does not maintain a warehouse shall not be classified as a distribution type of sale under any circumstances.

(ii) *Maximum prices for handles on distribution type of sale—(a) Hickory handles: Simplified Practice Recommendation R77–39 or Simplified Practice Recommendation R77–45.* The maximum price on the distribution type of sale, f. o. b. the distributor's warehouse, for hickory handles graded according to Simplified Practice Recommendation R77–39 or Simplified Practice Recommendation R77–45 shall be 82% of the prices contained in Table C or Table C–1 in subparagraph (1) above for the types, classes, grades and sizes indicated.

(b) *Hickory handles: Federal Specification NN–H–93.* The maximum prices on the distribution type of sale, f. o. b. the distributor's warehouse, for hickory handles manufactured and graded according to Federal Specification NN–H–93 shall be 82% of the prices contained in Table D in subparagraph (2) above for the types, classes, grades and sizes indicated.

(c) *Handles specially priced under paragraph (c) below, of this section.* The maximum prices on the distribution type of sale, f. o. b. the distributor's warehouse, for handles not specifically priced in this section but which are specially priced under paragraph (c) below shall be 82% of the list price duly approved by the Office of Price Administration as provided in that paragraph (c).

(iii) *Maximum prices for handles sold by a seller who does not maintain a warehouse.* For a seller who does not maintain a warehouse the maximum prices for handles covered by this section shall be the same maximum prices established by this section for manufacturers.

(iv) *Retail type of sale.* The retail type of sale is excluded from the coverage of this section. That type of sale is covered by the General Maximum Price Regulation or a successor regulation possessing such coverage. For the purpose of this section, the retail type of sale is not a distribution type of sale but is a sale "across the counter" to an ultimate consumer in small quantities of an item which the seller carries in stock and which the seller has purchased for resale.

Within the meaning of this section, a person who is engaged in the business of selling hardwood striking-tool handles at retail is one who is in the business of making the retail type of sale as defined above.

[Paragraph (b) amended by Am. 38, 11 F.R. 9078, effective 8-20-46]

(c) *Maximum prices for hickory handle blanks, hickory handles and all*

other hardwood striking-tool handles not specifically priced in this section. Hickory handle blanks, hickory handles and all other hardwood striking tool handles sold on special grades or specifications or with special services or other extras not specifically priced in this section are nevertheless subject to this section as "specially priced items" or "special items." The producer or manufacturer (referred to as seller in this paragraph), making a sale of an item covered by this section for which that seller does not have a maximum price duly approved by the Office of Price Administration, shall apply to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. for approval of a requested maximum price for that item. The application shall cover only one order or inquiry of hickory handle blanks or hardwood striking-tool handles and a copy of that order or inquiry shall accompany the application.

On his application the seller shall show (1) the list price in October 1941 of the "special item" and (2) the price differential in October 1941 between the net price of the "special item" and the net price of the most comparable standard item specifically priced in this section, or (3) the price differential during the first month before October 1941 in which he had sales of both the special item and the most comparable item, or (4) if (2) and (3) are impossible, the price differential which the seller would have maintained between these two items in October 1941. The seller shall report his requested price in his application together with an explanation of how he has determined such price. The maximum price shall be a price which is in appropriate relationship to the most comparable standard item, determined from an examination of the data submitted by the seller and from such other data as may be available to the Office of Price Administration. A maximum price duly approved by the Office of Price Administration for a seller for a special item shall apply to subsequent sales by that seller of the identical item unless the Office of Price Administration limits the applicability of the approved price in some manner.

Within thirty (30) days of the date on which the seller's application is received by the Lumber Branch, the Office of Price Administration shall send to the seller (1) an approval of a maximum price, (2) a disapproval of the requested price, or, (3) a request for additional information. If the Office of Price Administration fails to send one of such notices within the thirty (30) day period, the seller may use his requested price as an approved maximum price but such approval shall be applicable only to the one specific order or inquiry covered by the application and only to the quantity of the special item contained in that order or inquiry on the date of the application.

Following the receipt of the application by the Lumber Branch, the Office of Price Administration must send a notice to the seller informing him of the receipt of the application. If, within the thirty (30) day period described above, the Office of Price Administration requests additional information, a new thirty (30) day period shall begin to run from the date on which that information is received by the Lumber Branch.

Prior to the approval of a maximum price as provided in this paragraph, the seller shall not make any collections on account of the sale price of the special item. However, the seller may proceed with the delivery of the special item, using the requested price as a tentative maximum price but all quotations, contracts and invoices must notify the buyer that the price is subject to approval by the Office of Price Administration within the thirty (30) day period described above.

On all maximum prices authorized under this paragraph (c) prior to August 20, 1946, the seller is authorized to increase the prices so authorized by 7%: *Provided*, That the 7% addition shall in every case be shown separately on the invoice in the form of an addition to the total of the invoice (exclusive of any permitted transportation charges) under the caption "Plus 7% per Amdt. 38 to 2d Rev. SR 14".

[Above paragraph added by Am. 38, 11 F.R. 9078, effective 8-20-46]

(d) *Sales made on basis other than list prices contained in this section.* It shall not constitute a violation of this section for a seller of items covered by this section to sell on a basis other than the use of the list prices contained in Tables C and D of subparagraphs (1) and (2) respectively of paragraph (b) above, provided, the sale prices of such seller do not exceed the maximum prices provided for in this section.

(e) *Discounts and concessions.* All maximum prices provided for under this section 3.10 are subject to this paragraph (e). In making a sale of an item or items covered by this section, a seller shall give to the purchaser the same trade, cash or service discounts or concessions which that seller gave to a purchaser of the same class in March 1942. For example: A manufacturer of striking-tool handles sold handles in March 1942 to distributors at a discount of 50% from his list price and sold to tool manufacturers at discounts from his list prices of 50% and 5%. Under this section, that manufacturer must continue to maintain these discount relations and would sell to distributors at 65% of his list prices and would sell to tool manufacturers at discounts from his list prices of 35% and 5%.

(f) *Transportation*—(1) *Hickory handle blanks*—(i) *Common or contract carrier.* To the permissible maximum price for hickory handle blanks provided for in this section, the seller of the blanks may add the actual transportation charges paid by the seller to a common or contract carrier for transportation of the hickory handle blanks directly from the seller's plant to the point of delivery required by the purchaser.

(ii) *Truck haul prior to shipment by a common or contract carrier.* When a truck haul precedes a rail shipment or water-borne shipment, as for example, when a seller of hickory handle blanks located away from a railhead or away from the point at which water-borne shipment begins, hauls the hickory handle blanks by truck to the railhead or to shipside, no addition may be made for the truck haul.

(iii) *All truck haul.* When shipment of hickory handle blanks is by truck owned or controlled by the seller, no addition may be made for such transportation charges or expenses if the point of delivery ordered by the purchaser is located 25 miles or less from the seller's plant over the most direct route which is normally used. But, when shipment of the hickory handle blanks is by truck owned or controlled by the seller and if the point of delivery ordered by the purchaser is located at a point greater than 25 miles from the seller's plant over the most direct route which is normally used, the seller may make the following additions to the permissible maximum price for hickory handle blanks provided for in this section:

1 cent per blank for lengths 29" or more.
½ cent per blank for lengths less than 29".

(iv) If, in the purchase of hickory handle blanks, the point of delivery ordered by the purchaser is located at a point greater than 25 miles from the seller's plant over the most direct route which is normally used and, if the purchaser collects the hickory handle blanks at the seller's plant and transports them in a truck owned or controlled by the purchaser to the point of delivery, the seller shall deduct from the maximum prices provided for in paragraph (a) (1) of this section a sum figured as follows:

1 cent per blank for lengths 29" or more.
½ cent per blank for lengths less than 29".

(2) *Hickory handles or other hardwood striking-tool handles.* For a shipment of hickory handles or other striking-tool handles weighing less than 100 lbs., the seller may add to the permissible maximum price provided for in this section the actual charges paid or owed by the seller to a common or contract carrier for transportation directly from the seller's plant to the point of delivery required by the purchaser.

For a shipment of hickory handles or other striking-tool handles weighing 100 lbs. or more to a point of delivery ordered by the buyer located east of 105° West Longitude the following rules shall govern:

(i) If the seller makes shipment by a common carrier of the seller's own choice to the point of delivery referred to above, no addition for transportation shall be made by the seller to the permissible maximum prices for the items sold provided by this section.

(ii) If on the specific order of the buyer, the seller makes shipment by a common carrier other than the one charging the lowest rate of all common carriers providing transportation from the seller's shipping point to the point of delivery referred to above, the seller may add the amount of the difference between the lawful charges of the common carrier by which shipment was made and the lawful charges of that common carrier with the lowest rate.

For a shipment of hickory handles or other striking-tool handles weighing 100

lbs. or more, the seller may add to the permissible maximum prices provided for in this section any transportation charges owed or paid by the seller to a common or contract carrier which may exceed $1.25 per hundredweight provided the point of delivery ordered by the purchaser is located west of 105° West Longitude.

(g) *Export sales.* The maximum prices for export sales of items covered by this section are governed by the Second Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation.[5]

[Sec. 3.10 added by Am. 15, 10 F.R. 14738, effective 12-10-45]

SEC. 3.11 *Balsa lumber.* This section covers balsa lumber imported into the United States.

(a) *Coverage.* This section establishes maximum prices at which importers and intermediate distributors may sell, and maximum prices at which any person may buy from such sellers, imported balsa lumber. The balsa lumber to which this section applies is identified by grades, as indicated in paragraph (b), which are generally recognized and used in the trade.

(b) *Maximum prices.* On and after March 25, 1946 regardless of any contract, agreement, or other obligation, no importer or intermediate distributor may sell or deliver, and no person may buy or receive from such sellers, imported balsa lumber at prices per thousand feet board measure, exceeding the following:

(1) *Sales by importers—(i) Random lengths (36" and longer).*

	Kiln dried		Air dried	
	Bundled dressed	Bundled or loose rough	Bundled dressed	Bundled or loose rough
Atlantic and Gulf ports				
Grade:				
AA and A	$166.00	$161.00	$158.50	$153.50
B	150.75	145.75	143.25	138.25
C	135.75	130.75	128.25	123.25
California ports				
Grade:				
AA and A	158.75	153.25	150.50	145.50
B	143.00	138.00	135.50	130.50
C	127.75	122.75	120.25	115.25

(ii) *Shorts.* Deduct $10.00 per thousand feet board measure from prices established for "random lengths."

These prices are "free-of-ships-tackle" and include excise tax and entry fees. They also include any expenses of protecting the upper and lower surfaces of bundled dressed lumber against damage during shipment, by the use of slabs of native lumber. Costs actually incurred in effecting deliveries of balsa lumber, other than on the basis of "free-of-ships-tackle", may be added. Services rendered in making delivery in accordance with the buyer's specification may be charged in addition to the above, *Provided*, That such charges may not exceed the maximum permitted by the applicable maximum price regulation.

(2) *Sales by intermediate distributors.* The maximum price an intermediate distributor may charge may not exceed the sum of the following:

(i) Net cost, which may not be higher than the maximum price of his supplier.

(ii) Transportation expenses incurred to his warehouse or yard.

(iii) Handling charges as follows:

(*a*) On balsa lumber received from the importer in bundles and reshipped in the same bundles, the maximum handling charge may not exceed $10.00 per thousand feet board measure for all grades and thicknesses.

(*b*) On balsa lumber received and/or shipped in any other manner than that specified in subparagraph (a) above, the maximum handling charges per thousand feet board measure may not exceed

(*1*) $30.00 on lumber less than 1¾" sales thickness.

(*2*) $25.00 on lumber in sales thicknesses of 1¾" to 2½" inclusive.

(*3*) $20.00 on lumber in sales thicknesses of 2¾" or more.

(iv) A markup, on the sum of items (i), (ii), and (iii), of 30% on sales of 999 feet or less, 20% on sales of 1,000 feet to 4,999 feet, inclusive, 15% on sales of 5,000 feet to 15,000 feet, inclusive, and 10% on all sales over 15,000 feet.

NOTE: The size of the sale is determined on the basis of the total amount involved in the transaction, regardless of size of particular orders or shipments.

(c) *Definitions.* (1) "Grades" shall mean the grades of balsa lumber, as set forth in the grading rules of FEA, revised May 1, 1944, in effect under the FEA purchase program of balsa lumber, and which are generally recognized as such in the trade.

(2) "Shorts" means pieces of balsa lumber under 36" in length.

(d) *Brokers, or agents, commissions.* The maximum prices established by this section include, and may not be increased by, any commission paid to any broker or to any buying or selling agent.

(e) *Less than maximum prices.* Lower prices than those established by this section may be charged, demanded, paid or offered.

[Sec. 3.11 added by Am. 19, 11 F.R. 2833, effective 3-25-46]

SEC. 3.12 *Imports; lumber and other forest products.* — (a) *Coverage* — (1) *Items covered.* This section covers lumber and all other forest products which are either imported into the United States or produced in the United States from imported logs or imported flitches and which are subject to a transaction of a type described in subparagraph (2) below.

(2) *Transactions covered.* This section govern all sales which are made in the United States of items which were subject to the General Maximum Price Regulation or the Maximum Import Price Regulation prior to March 25, 1946.

Specifically but not exclusively, this section does not cover imported logs, mahogany lumber (see Maximum Price Regulation 611) or those items of balsa lumber covered by § 3.11 of this regulation (see Amendment 19).

[Subparagraph (2) amended by Am. 36, 11 F.R. 8728, effective 8-17-46]

(b) *Maximum prices* — (1) *Sellers who made sales in period September 1945 through February 1946.* On and after April 3, 1946, a seller's maximum price on a sale of an item subject to this section shall be the highest lawful price at which that seller sold the identical item on the same type of sale during the six (6) months period from September 1945 through February 1946.

The term, "type of sale" means one of the different classifications of sales such as distribution yard sale, direct mill sale, retail sale, carload sale or less than carload sale, or other classification of sale.

(2) *Sellers who can not price an item under subparagraph (1).* If a seller of an item covered by this section can not determine his maximum price from subparagraph (1) above, the seller making a sale of such item (referred to below as "special item") shall apply to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., for approval of a maximum price. In his application, the seller shall show the maximum price which he can establish under subparagraph (1) above of the item most nearly comparable to the "special item" and also the price differential between that comparable item and the "special item" which he maintained in March 1942, or in the month most nearly preceding March 1942 when he had sales of both of those items. If the seller did not make sales of those items in March 1942, or in any month prior to that month, he must show the price differential which he would have maintained between the two items in March 1942 if he had made such sales.

The seller shall report his requested price in his application together with an explanation of how he has determined the price. The price approved shall be one which is in appropriate relationship to the most comparable item determined from an examination of the data submitted by the seller and from such other data as may be available to the Office of Price Administration. The maximum price duly approved by the Office of Price Administration for a seller for a special item shall apply to subsequent sales of that seller of the identical item unless the Office of Price Administration limits the applicability of the approved price in some manner. If within 30 days of the receipt of the application by the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration that Office does not transmit a disapproval of the price requested by the seller on the application, that requested price may be deemed approved, but such approval shall be applicable only to the one specific order and only to the quantity of the special item contained in that order on the date of the application.

Prior to the approval of the Office of Price Administration of the maximum price for the special item, the seller shall not make any collections on account of the sales price of the special item. However, the seller may proceed with the delivery of the special item using the requested price as a tentative maximum price, but all quotations, contracts and invoices must notify the buyer that the price is subject to approval by the Office

[5] Third Revision: 11 F.R. 9069.

of Price Administration within the 30-day period described above.

(c) *Reports.* All sellers of the items covered by this regulation shall report to the Lumber Branch of the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., the prices for items covered by this section which can be established under paragraph (b) (1) above. All sellers must file such reports within 30 days following April 3, 1946.

[Sec. 3.12 added by Am. 23, 11 F.R. 3602, effective 4-3-46]

SEC. 3.13 *Lumber preservatively treated by non-pressure method*—(a) *Persons covered.* Any person who sells lumber impregnated with a wood preservative by a non-pressure method is subject to this regulation.

(b) *Maximum prices f. o. b. plant.* The maximum price f. o. b. treating plant for lumber preservatively treated by a non-pressure method shall be the sum of the following:

(1) The highest price, f. o. b. plant, charged by the seller during March 1942 or otherwise established under the General Maximum Price Regulation, for a given species, size and grade of treated lumber *less* the untreated lumber cost, including inbound transportation, for that same item of untreated lumber received from the supplier who furnished the largest quantity of that item to the seller during 1942.

(2) The current "mill ceiling" (untreated) price for the species, size and grade of lumber to be sold.

(3) Actual inbound transportation charges, not exceeding the charges permitted under the Maximum Price Regulation covering mill sales of untreated material of the particular species involved. Where treating-in-transit rates are used, this item (3) is not to be used, but the seller shall compute transportation, both inbound and outbound, under paragraph (c) below.

(c) *Delivered sales, and treating-in-transit.* (1) Where treating-in-transit rates are used, the maximum price at final destination is the sum of items (1) and (2) in paragraph (b) plus the through rate from the original loading-out point indicated on the freight bills surrendered in connection with the outbound shipment. To these freight charges may also be added the transit charge.

(2) Where transit privileges do not apply, the additions for inbound transportation may not exceed the actual weights of the untreated material times the actual inbound rate. The maximum addition for outbound freight is an amount equal to the actual weight of the treated material times the actual outbound rate.

(d) Within a period of thirty days after the first use of any maximum price computed by means of any one of the formulas set forth in this section, the seller shall submit a report to the Lumber Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., in the form of a statement setting forth the type of preservative used, the treatment process used, and the factors considered in arriving at the selling price, separately listing, in dollars and cents, the various formulary items as well as the computed maximum selling price.

(e) Any person who did not sell lumber preservatively treated by non-pressure methods in March 1942 shall file an application for a maximum price with the Lumber Branch, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. The application shall set forth:

(1) A complete description of the lumber preservative and treating method for which a maximum price is sought.

(2) The maximum price proposed by the seller together with a detailed explanation of the method by which the seller calculated such price.

(3) The reasons why the seller believes the proposed price to be in line with the level of maximum prices established by this amendment.

The seller shall also submit such additional pertinent information as the Lumber Branch may require. The Lumber Branch will establish a price for the applicant which is comparable with the average of the prices established under this amendment for his competitors. Any maximum price established under this paragraph (e) shall be subject to adjustment by the Lumber Branch at any time.

[Sec. 3.13 added by Am. 25, 11 F.R. 4340, effective 4-23-46]

SEC. 3.14 *Hardwood stock stair parts*—(a) *What this section covers.* This section covers all sales of hardwood stock stair parts in the United States.

(b) *Definition of hardwood stock stair parts.* The term "hardwood stock stair parts" means the various integral portions of a stairway produced from any species of hardwood in designs or patterns listed in the manufacturer's own catalogue, or produced in quantity but not according to an architect's plans, specifications, and details. It includes but is not limited to such items as stair treads, risers, newels, rails and crooks, balusters, and thresholds. It does not, however, include any hardwood moulding items.

(c) *Manufacturers' maximum prices for items sold in March 1942*—(1) *For those manufacturers who file reports as required in paragraph (f) below.* The maximum price f. o. b. mill for a manufacturer who files the report required under paragraph (f) below shall be for each item he delivered in March 1942 the sum of the following:

(i) The highest f. o. b. mill price he charged for the item during March 1942 to the same class of purchaser.

(ii) The increase in material costs since March 1942 computed as the difference between the weighted average March 1942 lumber cost for the grade and species involved and the current f. o. b. mill ceiling price for the same grade and species plus the average inbound freight cost for the particular material during the 6-months period from May 1 to October 31, 1943. In the case of a manufacturer using lumber produced by himself, the current material cost that may be used for such lumber shall be at least $2.00 per MBM below his maximum selling price for that lumber.

(iii) An allowance for waste on the increased material cost computed by applying a waste factor, not in excess of that used in March 1942, to the increased material cost.

(iv) The increase in direct labor costs only between March 1942 and September 30, 1943. To determine the September 30, 1943, direct labor cost for a particular item, use the March 1942 direct labor cost plus the percentage increase in average hourly earnings between March 1942 and September 30, 1943. In computing average hourly earnings, only the earnings of workers whose wages are computed on an hourly or piece rate basis shall be used.

In cases where an application for a wage increase had been filed with the War Labor Board prior to September 30, 1943, but where a determination was made by the War Labor Board after September 30, 1943, the manufacturer may use the wage rate as determined later by the War Labor Board.

(2) *Maximum prices for manufacturers who do not file reports.* The maximum prices for a manufacturer who has not filed the report required under paragraph (f) of this section shall be his highest March 1942 price to each class of purchaser for each item delivered during that month with no additions for increased costs.

(3) *Delivered prices.* The maximum delivered price for a manufacturer shall be a price no higher than his maximum f. o. b. mill price plus the actual transportation charges paid or incurred by the seller in making shipments directly from the mill to the point of delivery required by the purchaser. However, it is permissible to quote and charge delivered prices based on rail rate times the estimated weight evened out to the nearest quarter dollar per M'BM. The estimated weight shall be that weight which has customarily been used for the particular item.

(d) *Maximum prices for resellers.* The maximum prices for a reseller shall be for each item he delivered during March 1942 the sum of the following:

(1) The highest price he charged for the item during March 1942 to the same class of purchaser.

(2) An amount not greater than the percentage by which his current net acquisition cost of the item exceeds his March 31, 1946 net acquisition cost of the item. If the item was not purchased on March 31, 1946, then the cost of the item on the prior date nearest March 31, 1946 shall be used to determine this percentage.

[Paragraph (d) amended by Am. 39, 11 F.R. 9078, effective 8-20-46]

(e) *Maximum prices for items not sold in March 1942.* The maximum price for any item covered by this section but not sold during March 1942 shall be a price approved by the Office of Price Administration upon application to the Building Materials Price Branch, Building and Construction Price Divsion, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C. The application shall contain the name and address of the seller, a complete description of the item, the requested price, and how the requested

price was determined. Any price not disapproved within 30 days of mailing of the application shall be deemed approved, but may be modified at any time by the Administrator. In case of such modification, the change will not be retroactive. A seller using this pricing section can go ahead with deliveries of the hardwood stair parts at the price he has computed or requested, but he must tell the buyer that the price is subject to revision within the thirty-day period, and if the price is ordered reduced, he must refund to the buyer any excess over the final approved price. The Price Administrator may approve, disapprove, or revise prices proposed or approved under this paragraph so as to make them consistent with the level of prices fixed by this section.

(f) *Reports.* Maximum prices for items sold in March 1942 shall be reported to the Building Materials Price Branch, Building and Construction Price Division, Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., by all manufacturers who determine maximum prices under paragraph (c) (1) and by those resellers who sell to other distributors such as retailers. No report need be filed by retailers. A manufacturer shall report the following with respect to each item sold in March 1942:

(1) Description of the item.

(2) March 1942 selling price to each class of purchaser.

(3) March 1942 material cost.

(4) March 1942 direct labor cost.

(5) Percentage increase in direct labor cost since March 1942 permitted by this section.

(6) Average lumber freight cost for 6 months period from May 1 to October 31, 1943.

(7) March 1942 waste factor.

(8) Present price permitted by paragraph (c) (1) showing all calculations.

A reseller shall report the following with respect to each item sold in March 1942:

(1) Description of item.

(2) March 1942 selling price.

(3) Acquisition cost of the item on March 31, 1946 or the prior date nearest to March 31, 1946 if the item was not purchased on March 31, 1946.

[Item 3 amended by Am. 39, 11 F.R. 9078, effective 8-20-46]

(4) Present acquisition cost.

(g) *Uniform pricing.* The Administrator may by order fix uniform specific dollars-and-cents maximum prices for hardwood stair parts.

[Sec. 3.14 added by Am. 26, 11 F.R. 5314, effective 5-14-46]

ARTICLE IV—PAPER

SEC. 4.1 *Pass-on by resellers.* (a) Whenever the maximum price for any paper commodity at the wholesale or retail level is established under the General Maximum Price Regulation and the manufacturer has received a price increase for the commodity subsequent to March 31, 1946, the wholesale or retail distributor of such commodity may add to his maximum price prevailing on March 31, 1946, the same percentage increase as granted to the manufacturer of the commodity.

(b) On and after August 16, 1946, each wholesale distributor, in every first shipment or delivery to a customer of a commodity which has received an adjustment in accordance with paragraph (a) above, shall include a notice of his supplier's percentage increase in the maximum price of the commodity since March 31, 1946, the specific action authorizing such increase and a statement that such percentage increase may be added to the customer's maximum price of the commodity prevailing on March 31, 1946, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

[Sec. 4.1 added by Am. 37, 11 F.R. 8968, effective 8-16-46. Former sec. 4.1 revoked by Am. 3, 10 F. R. 2432, effective 3-1-45]

SEC. 4.2 *Unspun fibre reinforced waterproofed paper including all grades of Fibreen and Sisalkraft.* (a) The maximum prices of The Sisalkraft Co., Chicago, Illinois for sales of unspun fibre reinforced waterproofed paper including all grades of Fibreen and Sisalkraft shall be:

(1) The maximum prices as established under the General Maximum Price Regulation, plus

(2) The increase in raw material costs between March, 1942 and September, 1943.

(b) The Sisalkraft Co. shall file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., within 10 days after December 1, a statement of the raw material costs as of March, 1942 and as of September, 1943, the maximum prices as established under the General Maximum Price Regulation, and the modified maximum prices. Such modified maximum prices shall be subject to the nonretroactive adjustment by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

(c) Before charging the modified maximum prices, The Sisalkraft Co. shall notify the purchaser as follows:

The Office of Price Administration has authorized the addition of certain raw material cost increases to our maximum prices of unspun fibre reinforced waterproofed paper including all grades of Fibreen and Sisalkraft. You and your subsequent purchasers are also authorized to add to your March, 1942 prices the exact amount of the increase which you have been charged.

(d) Each subsequent reseller shall be permitted to add the amounts authorized in paragraph (a) above to his maximum prices under the General Maximum Price Regulation.

SEC. 4.3 *Facial tissue.* (a) Each manufacturer may add to his maximum price of packaged facial tissue prevailing during March, 1942, as established under the General Maximum Price Regulation, a sum not to exceed 8.0%. This increase shall not apply to packaged facial tissue made wholly of woodpulp of high alpha cellulose content, tissues which have been perfumed or medicated, tissues with an area of less than 80 sq. in. or more than 90 sq. in.

(b) A manufacturer who has received an individual adjustment of his maximum price of packaged facial tissue may elect to charge the industry-wide increase granted in paragraph (a) above, or his adjusted prices, whichever is higher, but in no event shall this industry-wide increase by added to an individually adjusted maximum price.

(c) Whenever the application of the 8% increase results in a fraction of ½¢ or more, the maximum price may be rounded out to the nearest cent by a manufacturer on a gross basis, by a distributor on a case basis and by a retailer on a package basis, but if the fraction results in less than ½¢, the seller shall drop the fraction in computing his maximum price for the appropriate unit.

(d) Instead of applying the 8% increase as provided in paragraph (a) above, each manufacturer and reseller may elect to reduce his sheet count per package by not more than 7.4% and sell the package at a price not to exceed the maximum price in effect during March 1942.

[Sec. 4.3 added by Am. 42, effective 9-18-46]

ARTICLE V—MISCELLANEOUS COMMODITIES AND SERVICES UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE BUILDING MATERIALS PRICE BRANCH

SEC. 5.1 *Maximum prices for sales of used beer, ale, and other domestic malt beverage bottles.* (a) On and after November 1, 1943, no person shall sell and no person in the course of trade or business shall buy used beer, ale, and other domestic malt beverage bottles at prices in excess of the following maximum prices:

	Per gross
7 or 8 oz. returnable pony bottle	$2.50
11 or 12 oz. returnable export, stubby or steinie beer or ale bottles	2.50
11 or 12 oz. non-returnable or throw-away beer or ale bottles	1.90
32 oz. returnable export beer or ale bottles	5.50
32 oz. stubby or steinie beer or ale bottles	4.00
32 oz. non-returnable or throw-away beer or ale bottles	3.50
64 oz. returnable export bottles	7.50

These maximum prices are f. o. b. the seller's accustomed place of business.

(b) *Minimum requirements of condition.* The maximum prices established in paragraph (a) above shall apply to used beer, ale, and other domestic malt beverage bottles free from chips, cracks, or other defects, defacement or pollution which render them unsuitable for refilling by brewers. Domestic malt beverage bottles which are not suitable for reuse shall be deemed to be broken glass or cullet.

(c) As used herein, the term "beer bottle", "ale bottle" and "domestic malt beverage bottle" means a glass container of the type or color customarily used by brewers in bottling beer, ale, stout and porter. Such bottles are generally designated as returnable or non-returnable (or throw-away), export, stubby, or steinie.

(d) *Prohibited practices.* Any practice which is a device to secure the effect of a higher-than-ceiling price even though executed without actually raising the dollars-and-cents prices of the used bottles themselves is a violation of this regulation. This applies to devices making use of commissions, services, transportation arrangements, premiums, special privileges, trade understandings,

service or collection charges, tying agreements, and the like.

The following are among the specific practices prohibited by this regulation:

The acceptance by the seller or offer by the purchaser of a price for a regular "case" or "shell" for beer bottles, or for any sack, crate, box, carton, or any other type or kind of bottle container or for any article or commodity used for the purpose of containing, holding, shipping or transferring beer, ale and other domestic malt beverage bottles, higher than the proper maximum price established for such commodity under the applicable Maximum Price Regulation issued by the Office of Price Administration;

The requirement by the seller that the purchaser buy a case or "shell" or any other commodity as a condition to the sale of the bottles (this is a violation even though the price demanded for the commodity is a lawful maximum price).

The requirement that the purchaser pay any fee, service charge, collection charge, or any other charge, in addition to the maximum prices herein established for the used beer, ale, or other domestic malt beverage bottles, for the finding, assembling, collecting, or sorting of those bottles.

(e) This section shall be applicable only to the 48 states of the United States and the District of Columbia.

SEC. 5.2 [Revoked]

[Sec. 5.2 revoked by Am. 43, effective 9-24-46]

SEC. 5.3 *Modification of maximum prices for jobbers and retailers of glass cloth*—(a) *Sales by jobbers.* On and after September 27, 1943, the maximum price for the sale of glass cloth by jobbers shall not be more than the actual cost of such cloth (figured at prices not higher than the maximum prices permitted by Maximum Price Regulation No. 127[6] (Finished Piece Goods), plus a mark-up over such cost of 33⅓ percent.

(b) *Sales by retailers except mail order houses.* (1) On and after September 27, 1943, the maximum price for the sale of glass cloth by retailers except mail order houses shall not be more than the actual cost of such glass cloth (figured at prices not higher than those permitted by the applicable maximum price regulation), plus a mark-up over cost of 50 percent.

(2) *Sales by mail order houses.* On and after September 27, 1943, the maximum price for the sale of glass cloth by mail order houses shall not be more than the maximum price permitted under the provisions of the General Maximum Price Regulation.

(c) *Definitions.* For the purpose of this section the term:

(1) "Glass cloth" means fabrics coated or impregnated with paraffin wax or similar substance, and used as a substitute for glass.

(2) "Jobber" means any person who buys glass cloth direct from the manufacturer for resale to retail stores.

(3) "Retailer" means any person who maintains a store or similar establishment and sells primarily to the ultimate consumer.

SEC. 5.4 *Modification of maximum prices for retail sales of standard wire nails.*—(a) *Applicability.* This section is applicable to all sales of standard wire nails when sold:

(1) By a retailer or through a retail outlet to a consumer in quantities of 2500 pounds or less;

(2) By any reseller to a farmer in quantities of 2500 pounds or less, or

(3) By any reseller to contractors, commercial, industrial, and institutional users (except retailers), or the Federal Government or any state government or any political subdivisions thereof, in quantities of 1500 pounds or less.

The weights specified above shall be determined by combining all items of bright and galvanized wire nails, brads, wire tacks or staples ordered by any person in one day.

(b) *Maximum prices.*—(1) *Sales out of jobbers' stocks.* When the nails are sold out of jobbers' stocks, the maximum price shall be determined as follows:

The seller shall multiply by 1.2 his delivered cost (not in excess of the applicable maximum price). The delivered cost used in determining the maximum price may not include the seller's cost of cartage from his local freight terminal to his warehouse or place of business.

(2) *Shipments directly from a manufacturer.* Where the nails were shipped to the seller directly from the manufacturer, the maximum price shall be determined as follows:

The seller shall multiply by 1.3 the manufacturer's mill carload price to dealers (not to exceed the applicable maximum price), excluding cost of cartage from his local freight terminal to his warehouse or place of business.

(3) *Sales of less than 25 pounds net.* Notwithstanding the provisions of (1) or (2), the maximum price for nails sold in lots of less than 25 pounds net shall be as follows:

Nails taking extras of:	*Maximum price per pound*
Less than $1.00	$0.08
$1.00 to $3.00	.10
More than $3.00	.12

(c) *Delivery charges.* Any maximum price determined under the provisions of this section shall include delivery within the seller's "free delivery" zone as recognized by the seller during March 1942. Charges for delivery outside such "free delivery" zones shall not exceed the common carrier rate.

(d) *Definitions.* When used in this section, the terms:

(1) "Extras" means the published or quoted extras of the subsidiaries of the U. S. Steel Corporation as of April 16, 1941, or the published or quoted extras of the individual producer, as of April 16, 1941, and are additions to or deductions from the base price to make adjustments for variations in the product sold from the product governed by the base price. Extras include, but are not limited to, the extra charges for sizes, galvanizing and special features.

(2) "Mill carload price to dealer" means the producer's price to dealers for carload quantities at the governing or emergency basing point, as established by Revised Price Schedule 6, whichever is applicable, plus freight computed at the carload freight rate from such basing point to the seller's local freight terminal.

(3) "Retailer" means a person who sells primarily to purchasers for use and not for resale.

(4) "Retail outlet" means an outlet operated primarily for the purpose of making retail sales and includes, but is not limited to, retail hardware stores and retail lumber yards.

(5) "Standard wire nails" means any wire nails, brads, or staples, including but not limited to, bright wire, galvanized and cement coated nails of the following varieties: common nails, fine nails, casing nails, finishing nails, shingle nails, roofing nails, hinge nails, flooring brads, and metal lath staples, for which the producer's maximum price (established by Revised Price Schedule 6) is determined by using a basing point base price expressed in dollars-and-cents per 100 pounds and which is not subject to percentage discounts.

[Sec. 5.4 added by Am. 7, 10 F.R. 7854, effective 7-2-45, amended by Am. 9, 10 F.R. 9276, effective 7-30-45; Am. 35, 11 F.R. 8728, effective 8-17-46 and Am. 40, 11 F.R. 9273, effective 8-23-46]

SEC. 5.5 *Resellers maximum prices for cast iron sash weights*—(a) (1) *Sales by wholesalers.* The maximum price for sales by any wholesaler of cast iron sash weights shall be his properly established maximum price in effect on January 29, 1946 to each class of purchaser or his new laid-down cost multiplied by 1.15, whichever is higher.

(2) *Sales by retailers purchasing direct from manufacturers.* The maximum price for sales by any retailers purchasing cast iron sash weights direct from the manufacturer shall be his properly established maximum price in effect on January 29, 1946 to each class of purchaser or the manufacturer's delivered price multiplied by 1.30, whichever is higher.

(3) *Sales by retailers purchasing from persons other than the manufacturer.* The maximum price for sales by any retailer purchasing cast iron sash weights from persons other than the manufacturer shall be his properly established maximum price in effect on January 29, 1946 to each class of purchaser or his wholesaler's properly established maximum delivered price multiplied by 1.30, whichever is higher.

(b) *Notification to retailers.* Each wholesaler of cast iron sash weights who adjusts his maximum prices in accordance with this section shall advise each of his purchasers in writing at or before the issuance of the first invoice after January 29, 1946 of the methods established by this section for determining maximum retail prices for the commodities in question by the following notice:

Under Amendment 17 to Second Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 to the General Maximum Price Regulation, effective January 30, 1946, the maximum price for sales by any retailer purchasing cast iron sash weights from persons other than the

[6] 10 F.R. 14507, 14628, 15006; 11 F.R. 1783, 2075.

manufacturer shall be his properly established maximum price in effect on January 29, 1946 to each class of purchaser or his wholesaler's properly established maximum delivered price multiplied by 1.30, whichever is higher.

(c) *Effect of area pricing orders on resellers maximum prices.* Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) above, in any area where specific maximum prices are fixed by an area pricing order, such specific order shall apply in that area.

(d) *Definitions.* A "seller" shall not be considered a "reseller" within the meaning of this section when he uses the cast iron sash weights on or in connection with the sale of another article (such as a window or window frame) and his maximum price for the cast iron sash weights and the other article is established on the basis of a lump sum.

A "wholesaler" is any person making a wholesale sale as herein defined. A "wholesale sale" means a sale by any person who prices the commodities covered by this section and resells them to building contractors, resellers, commercial and industrial users, and installers without substantially changing the form.

A "retailer" is any person making a retail sale as herein defined. A "retail sale" means a sale by any person to the ultimate consumer except that for the purpose of this section the term "ultimate consumer" shall not be construed to include commercial and industrial users and installers.

An "installer" is any person who sells cast iron sash weights together with the labor, services, and materials necessary for the installation thereof.

[Sec. 5.5 added by Am. 17, 11 F.R. 1039, effective 1-30-46]

SEC. 5.6 *Maximum prices for sales of extension pieces of cast iron soil pipe.* On and after June 29, 1946, and notwithstanding any provision of the General Maximum Price Regulation, any extension piece of cast iron soil pipe extending more than 6 inches in length shall be priced only on a linear foot basis, using the maximum prices properly established under the General Maximum Price Regulation for sales per foot of cast iron soil pipe.

[Sec. 5.6 added by Am. 32, 11 F.R. 7423, effective 6-29-46]

ARTICLE VI—GENERAL PRICING PROVISIONS

SEC. 6.1 *Packers' maximum prices for commodities packed in new container types and sizes—(a) Explanation.* The purpose of the new method of pricing provided by this section is to permit the packer who is now packing certain commodities in containers of new types and sizes (that is, types and sizes which he did not deliver or offer for delivery during March, 1942) to establish maximum prices for those items. The method permits him to account for differences in container costs, and for differences in transportation costs caused by the difference in containers, without permitting him to increase the price per unit of the commodity packed in the new container. The new method, however, applies only where a previous maximum price of the commodity has been set for a container size not more than 50 per cent larger or smaller than the new size, and only in cases where both containers are of the nonreturnable, single-use type. Packers must refigure every maximum price set under the General Maximum Price Regulation for a commodity packed in a new container type or size to which the rules of this section are applicable. However, packers who before January 25, 1943, had figured the maximum price for a commodity under § 1499.2 (b) or § 1499.3 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, or under the rules theretofore provided by § 1499.73 (a) (7) of Supplementary Regulation No. 14, may, if they wish, keep that price or instead figure a new maximum price using the new pricing method where it is applicable. The new pricing method applies to the following commodities:

(1) Food commodities, excepting coffee and coffee compounds (see section 1.3 of 2nd Revised Supplementary Regulation 14C) and dog and cat foods (see section 1.3 of this regulation).

(2) Granite grit.

(b) *Pricing method.* To figure the maximum price to any class of purchasers for the commodity in the new container type or size, the packer shall:

(1) *Determine the base container.* The packer shall first determine the most similar container type in which he has already established a maximum price for the commodity to that class of purchasers without using the former provisions of § 1499.73 (a) (7) of Supplementary Regulation No. 14 (even though he no longer sells that container type). From that container type he shall choose the nearest size which is 50 per cent or less larger or, if there is no such size, 50 per cent or less smaller (even though he no longer sells those sizes). This will be the "base container." If there is no such smaller size, he shall go to the next most similar container type and proceed in the same manner to find the base container.

NOTE: In most cases "the most similar container type" will be merely the container type which the packer is adding to or replacing, like the tin which he may be replacing with glass. Where there has been only a size change, "the most similar container type" will, of course, be the same container type. This is also true in the reverse situation; where there has been a change only in container type, the "nearest size" will be the same size.

(2) *Find the base price.* The packer shall take as the "base price" the maximum price which he may charge that class of purchasers for the commodity in the base container. However, if this maximum price is a price delivered to the purchaser or to any point other than the packer's factory, the packer shall first convert it to a base price f. o. b. packer's factory simply by deducting whatever transportation charges were included in it.

(3) *Deduct the container cost.* Taking his base price f. o. b. factory, the packer shall then subtract the direct cost of the base container. "Direct cost of the container" means the net cost, at the packer's factory, of the container, cap, label, and proportionate part of the outgoing shipping carton, but it does not include costs of filing, closing, labeling or packing.

(4) *Adjust for any difference in contents.* The figure gotten by this deduction shall then be adjusted, in the case of a size change, by dividing it by the number of ounces or other units in the base container and multiplying the result by the number of the same units in the new container.

(5) *Add to new container cost to get the price f. o. b. factory.* Next, the packer shall add to the adjusted figure the "direct cost of the container" in the new type and size. If his maximum price for the commodity in the base container is an f. o. b. factory price, the resulting figure is the packer's maximum price to that class of purchasers, f. o. b. factory.

(6) *Convert to a maximum delivered price, if the maximum price for the base container is on a delivered basis.* If the packer's maximum price for the commodity in the base container is a delivered price, he shall figure transportation charges to be added, as follows: The packer shall take the transportation charges which he first deducted to get his base price and adjust them in exact proportion to the difference in shipping weight. However, if for any reason the commodity in the new container will move under a different freight tariff classification, he shall figure his transportation charges (by the same means of transportation and to the same destination) on the basis of the new shipping weight, but at the rate in effect for that freight tariff classification on March 17, 1942. Increases in tariff rates or transportation taxes made since March 17, 1942, shall not be taken into account. (Similar principles shall apply where shipping volume is the measure of the transportation charge.) The packer shall then add these transportation charges to his f. o. b. factory price for the commodity in the new container. The resulting figure is the packer's maximum delivered price to that class of purchasers.

(c) *Units of sale and fractions of a cent.* The packer shall figure each maximum price, and the costs that enter into it, in terms of the same general units (like pounds, dozens, etc.) in which he has customarily quoted prices for the commodity in the base container. If any maximum price includes a fraction of a cent, the packer shall adjust the price to the nearest fractional unit (like 1 cent, ½ cent, ¼ cent, etc.) in which he has customarily quoted prices for the commodity in the base container.

(d) *Records.* Packers shall keep records showing how they figured each maximum price under this section.

(e) *Examples showing how the pricing method is to be applied.*

Case 1. *The maximum price f. o. b. factory if the base container is the same in size as the new container but different in type.* Assume the base container is a 16 oz. tin

and the new container is a 16 oz. glass (pork and beans).

Maximum price per doz. f. o. b. factory in base container ("base price")	$0.55
Subtract "direct cost" of base container	−.20
	.35
Add "direct cost" of new container	+.34
New maximum price (f. o. b. factory)	$0.69

Case 2. *The maximum price f. o. b. factory if the base container is different in size from the new container and either the same or different in type.* Assume the base container is a 10½ oz. tin and the new container is an 8 oz. tin or glass (spaghetti sauce).

Maximum price per doz. f. o. b. factory in base container ("base price")	$1.20
Subtract "direct cost" of base container	−.15
	1.05
Adjust to new container:	
Divide by number of ounces of commodity in base container	$1.05 ÷.10½
	.10
Multiply by number of ounces of commodity in new container	×8
	.80
Add "direct cost" of new container (glass)	.26
New maximum price (f. o. b. factory)	$1.06

Case 3. *Maximum delivered price if the base container is the same in size as the new container but different in type.* Assume the base container is a 16 oz. tin and the new container is a 16 oz. glass (pork and beans).

Maximum delivered price per doz. in base container (figured carload)	$0.60
Subtract transportation charges	−.05
Price f. o. b. factory ("base price")	.55
Subtract "direct cost" of container	−.20
	.35
Add "direct cost" of new container	+.34
Add new transportation charges: $.05 (old transportation charges) × 40 lb. (new shipping weight/case) / 34 lb. (old shipping weight/case)	=.058
New maximum delivered price	$0.75

Case 4. *Same except that the new container type puts the commodity in a different freight tariff classification.* Assume the base montainer is a 16 oz. tin and the new container is a 16 oz. glass (pork and beans).

Maximum delivered price per doz. in base container (figured less than carload)	$0.60
Subtract transportation charges	−.05
Price f. o. b. factory ("base price")	.55
Subtract "direct cost" of container	−.20
	.35
Add "direct cost" of new container	+.34
Add new transportation charges: 40 lb. (new shipping weight) / 100 × $.185 (rate per cwt. under new classification)	=.074
New maximum delivered price (doz.)	$0.76

SEC. 6.2 *Distributors' maximum prices for commodities covered by section 6.1 (packed in new container types and sizes)*—(a) *Explanation.* This section establishes distributors' maximum prices for commodities, covered by section 6.1, which are packed in container types or sizes which the distributor did not deliver or offer for delivery during March 1942. However, it does not apply to commodities for which distributors' maximum prices are established by other regulations. A "distributor" is one who purchases all he sells (for his own account) of the kind and brand of product being priced and who resells it without processing or packaging any part of it.

(b) *Pricing method.* The distributor's maximum price to any class of purchasers for such a commodity shall be figured as follows: He shall (1) select from the same general classification and price range as the item being priced the most closely comparable item for which a maximum price is established under any regulation; (2) divide his current selling price for that item by its actual cost, delivered to him; and (3) multiply the figure so obtained by the current cost, delivered to him, of the item being priced. The resulting figure shall be his maximum price for the item. Where the distributor established a maximum price for the commodity in the new container prior to December 1, 1943, he may, if he wishes, retain that price as his maximum price instead of figuring a price under this section. However, prices established on and after December 1, 1943, for new container types and sizes must be established according to the pricing method of this section.

(c) *Units of sale and fraction of a cent.* The distributor shall figure each maximum price in terms of the same general units (like pounds, jars, or dozens) in which he has customarily quoted prices for the comparable item which he used as a base. If the maximum price includes a fraction of a cent, a distributor other than a retailer shall adjust the price to the nearest fractional unit (like 1¢, ½¢, ¼¢, etc.) in which he has customarily quoted prices for the comparable item which he used as a base; a retailer shall adjust any fraction of one-half cent or more to the next higher cent and a fraction of less than one-half cent to the next lower cent.

SEC. 6.3 *Accommodation sales at retail.* (a) The maximum price for an accommodation sale at retail of any commodity by a seller who, in March, 1942, had the fixed practice of making such accommodation sales, shall be the seller's maximum price for such commodity determined in accordance with the provisions of § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation or the actual cost of the commodity, whichever is higher.

(b) "Accommodation sale" means a sale made entirely without profit, solely for the benefit or convenience of the purchaser—for example, a sale by an employer to his employees, or by a school to its students—and not for the purpose of promoting trade. It does not include sales by cooperative, non-profit or other organizations which make sales, initially above cost, but later give refunds, bonuses, dividends or other allowances to purchasers.

(c) If the seller manufactures or produces the commodity, "cost" means the actual cost of manufacturing or producing the commodity, determined in the same manner as the seller normally determines his actual costs. If the seller does not manufacture or produce the commodity, "cost" means invoice cost, plus any transportation charges paid by the seller, less any discounts allowed to the seller, in connection with his purchase of the commodity. But in no case shall "cost" exceed the seller's lowest maximum price for such commodity for sales other than accommodation sales.

SEC. 6.4 *Sales covered by orders issued under regulations covering manufacturers' sales.* Maximum prices for wholesale and retail sales covered by the General Maximum Price Regulation may be set by orders issued under regulations covering manufacturers' sales of the commodities.

This regulation shall become effective January 29, 1945. [2d Rev. SR 14 originally issued January 29, 1945.]

[Effective dates of amendments are shown in notes following the parts affected]

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

APPENDIX A—TABLE OF CROSS REFERENCES

Former subparagraph of Supp. Reg. No. 14 § 1499.73 (a)	Effective date	Added to Supp. Reg. No. 14 by amendment No.	Other relevant amendments	Corresponding section in Rev. Supp. Reg. No. 14
(1)	7/16/42		6, 22, 34, 39, 43, 50, 56, 57, 60, 63, 77, 78, 79, 83, 89, 95, 104, 124, 125, 133, 134, 152, 153, 170, 181, 185, 188, 189, 193, 194.	[Supp. Reg. 14A].
(1a)	2/27/43	119	184	[Supp. Reg. 14A].
(2)	7/27/42	1	66	Sec. 1.1 [Superseded in part by MPR 249 and 250].
(3)	8/1/42	2	62, 97, 150	Sec. 6.1.
(4)	7/30/42	3	164	[Revoked].
(5)	8/3/42	4	36, 72, 149	Sec. 7.1.
(6)	8/10/42	5		Sec. 7.2.
(7)	8/21/42	7	96, 144	Sec. 9.1.
(8)	8/14/42	8	26, 41, 50	[Revoked; superseded by Supp. Reg. 15].
(9)	8/31/42	9		Sec. 8.2.
(10)	8/31/42	10	178	[Revoked].
(11)	9/2/42	11		[Expired].
(12)	9/3/42	12	48, 68, 103	Sec. 5.4.
(13)	9/3/42	13		Sec. 2.1.
(14)	8/25/42	14	40	Sec. 8.2.
(15)	8/31/42	15	31	Sec. 5.5.
(16)	9/8/42	16		Sec. 1.2.

APPENDIX A—TABLE OF CROSS REFERENCES—Continued

Former subparagraph of Supp. Reg. No. 14 § 1499.73 (a)	Effective date	Added to Supp. Reg. No. 14 by amendment No.	Other relevant amendments	Corresponding section in Rev. Supp. Reg. No. 14
(17)	9/8/42	17		Sec. 1.2.
(18)	9/1/42	18		Sec. 7.3.
(19)	9/30/42	19	37, 51, 67, 101, 114, 136	Sec. 6.3.
(20)	9/19/42	20		[Superseded by MPR 336].
(21)	9/10/42	21		Sec. 6.2.
(22)	9/23/42	23		Sec. 3.3.
(23)	9/24/42	24		Sec. 3.4.
(24)	9/17/42	25		Sec. 3.1.
(25)	9/22/42	27	42	Sec. 5.1.
(26)	9/30/42	28		[Superseded by MPR 237, 238 and 311].
(27)	9/22/42	29	64	Sec. 8.3.
(28)	9/21/42	30		Sec. 8.3.
(29)	9/22/42	32		Sec. 3.2.
(30)	10/3/42	33		[Superseded by MPR 138].
(31)	9/30/42	35	65	Sec. 1.3.
(32)	10/16/42	38		Sec. 5.2.
(33)	10/29/42	44		[Superseded by MPR 290].
(34)	10/31/42	45		Sec. 1.4.
(35)	11/5/42	46		[Superseded by MPR 390 and 391].
(36)	11/6/42	47	75	[Revoked].
(37)	11/11/42	49		Sec. 3.5.
(38)	11/1/42	52		Sec. 2.12.
(39)	11/1/42	53		Sec. 2.14.
(40)	11/1/42	54	94	Secs. 2.2; 2.3; 2.4; 2.5; 2.6; 2.7; 2.8; 2.9; 2.10; 2.11.
(41)	11/1/42	55	69	Sec. 2.13.
(42)	11/13/42	58		[Superseded by MPR 390 and 391].
(43)	11/13/42	59	90, 122, 130, 146	Sec. 1.6.
(44)	11/12/42	61	71	Sec. 1.5.
(45)	12/8/42	70		[Superseded by MPR 405].
(46)	12/1/42	73		[Expired].
(47)	12/5/42	74		Sec. 6.4.
(48)	12/9/42	76		Sec. 8.2.
(49)	12/24/42	80	168	Sec. 1.7.
(50)	12/29/42	81	128, 172	Sec. 1.8.
(51)	12/29/42	82		Sec. 9.2.
(52)	1/9/43	84		Sec. 7.4.
(53)	1/18/43	85		Sec. 1.9.
(54)	1/16/43	86		Sec. 8.2.
(55)	1/22/43	87	147, 166	[Revoked; see MPR 378].
(56)	1/22/43	88	155	Sec. 4.1.
(57)	1/20/43	91		Sec. 8.1.
(58)	1/26/43	92		Sec. 6.6.
(59)	1/16/43	93	135, 139	Sec. 6.5.
(60)	2/5/43	98		Sec. 7.5.
(61)	2/5/43	99	112	Sec. 2.15.
(61a)	2/8/43	100		Sec. 1.10.
(62)	2/6/43	102		Sec. 6.7.
(63)	2/15/43	105		Sec. 2.16.
(64)	2/15/43	106		Sec. 9.3.
(65)	2/16/43	107		[Superseded by MPR 407].
(66)	2/16/43	108		Sec. 8.4.
(67)	2/17/43	109		Sec. 4.2.
(68)	2/19/43	110		Sec. 6.8.
(69)	2/12/43	111		Sec. 1.11.
(70)	2/22/43	113		Sec. 1.12.
(71)	3/8/43	115		Sec. 2.17.
(72)	2/27/43	116		Sec. 5.3.
(73)	4/1/43	117	129	[Revoked].
(74)	2/19/43	118		Sec. 7.6.
(75)	3/4/43	120		Sec. 4.3.
(76)	3/6/43	121		Sec. 6.9.
(77)	3/12/43	123	158	Sec. 1.14.
(78)	3/13/43	126		Sec. 7.7.
(79)	3/5/43	127		Sec. 1.13.
(80)	3/20/43	131		Sec. 8.2.
(81)	3/22/43	132		Sec. 3.6.
(82)	3/27/43	137		Sec. 1.15.
(83)	3/27/43	138	163, 182	Sec. 6.10.
(84)	3/30/43	140	187	Sec. 4.4.
(85)	3/30/43	141		[Exempted by Supp. Order No. 45].
(86)	3/31/43	142		Sec. 6.11.
(87)	4/3/43	143		Sec. 4.5.
(88)	3/31/43	145	180, 192	Sec. 1.16.
(89)	4/5/43	148		Sec. 6.12.
(90)	4/8/43	151		Sec. 6.13.
(91)	3/31/43	154		Sec. 7.8.
(92)	4/3/43	156	190	[Revoked].

APPENDIX A—TABLE OF CROSS REFERENCES—Continued

Former subparagraph of Supp. Reg. No. 14 § 1499.73 (a)	Effective date	Added to Supp. Reg. No. 14 by amendment No.	Other relevant amendments	Corresponding section in Rev. Supp. Reg. No. 14
(93)	4/3/43	57		Sec. 1.17.
(94)	4/19/43	159		Sec. 6.15.
(95)	4/12/43	160		Sec. 6.14.
(96)	4/30/43	161		Sec. 1.18.
(97)	5/1/43	162		Sec. 6.16.
(98)	5/5/43	165		Sec. 6.17.
(99)	5/10/43	167	183	Sec. 1.19.
(100)	5/11/43	169		Sec. 6.18.
(101)	5/21/43	171		Sec. 1.20.
(102)	5/13/43	173		Sec. 7.9.
(103)	5/14/43	174		Sec. 7.10.
(104)	5/20/43	175		Sec. 7.11.
(105)	6/1/43	176		Sec. 8.4.
(106)	5/25/43	177		Sec. 4.6.
(107)	6/12/43	179		Sec. 6.19.
(108)	6/23/43	186		Sec. 4.7.
(109)	7/3/43	191		Sec. 4.8.

Former section of Rev. Supp. Reg. 14	Added by Amendment No.	Effective date	Relevant amendments to Rev. Supp. Reg. 14	Corresponding section in new supplementary regulation
1.1			3	[Revoked; see MPR 249, 250 and 319].
1.2				Sec. 2.1 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.3				Sec. 1.1 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.4				Sec. 2.2 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.5			13	Sec. 5.1 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.6			9, 114	[Revoked; covered by MPR 291].
1.7			154	Sec. 1.2 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.8			13	[Revoked].
1.9				Sec. 1.3 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.10				Sec. 5.2 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.11				Sec. 5.4 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.12			65	[Revoked; see Supp. Reg. 14B].
1.13			190	[Revoked; see MPR 355].
1.14			65	[Revoked; see Supp. Reg. 14B].
1.15			6	Sec. 3.1 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.16			68	Sec. 1.4 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.17				Sec. 5.3 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.18			176, 198	Sec. 4.1 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.19			19, 65	[Revoked; see Supp. Reg. 14B].
1.20			66	Sec. 2.3 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.21	8	8/6/43	62,158	[Revoked; see MPR 495].
1.22	16	8/17/43		Sec. 3.2 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.23	31	9/29/43	65	[Revoked; see Supp. Reg. 14B].
1.24	32	9/30/43	65	Do.
1.25	59	11/24/43 11/27/43 2/15/44	79,173	Sec. 2.4 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.26	80	1/17/44		Sec. 2.5 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.27	121	4/19/44	179	Sec. 4.2 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.28	126	4/29/44	161	Sec. 1.5 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.29	178	10/9/44		Sec. 1.6 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
1.30	186	11/16/44	195	Sec. 3.3 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
2.1			140	Sec. 6.1 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
2.2			197	[Revoked; see MPR 445].
2.3			197	Do.
2.4			204	Do.
2.5			197	Do.
2.6			197	Do.
2.7			197	Do.
2.8			197	Do.
2.9			197	Do.
2.10			197	Do.
2.11			197	Do.
2.12			204	Do.
2.13			204	Do.
2.14			112, 197	Do.
2.15			112, 197	Do.
2.16			112	Do.
2.17			112	Do.
2.18	12	8/11/43		Sec. 6.2 of Supp. Reg. 14C.
3.1				[Obsolete].
3.2				Sec. 2.1 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.3				Sec. 3.1 of Supp. Reg. 14E.

APPENDIX A—TABLE OF CROSS REFERENCES—Continued

Former section of Rev. Supp. Reg. 14	Added by Amendment No.	Effective date	Relevant amendments to Rev. Supp. Reg. 14	Corresponding section in new supplementary regulation
3.4			125, 136, 148	Sec. 3.2 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.5				Sec. 1.1 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.6				Sec. 2.2 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.7	25	9/16/43		Sec. 2.3 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.8	71	1/11/44	81, 100	Sec. 3.3 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.9	77	1/14/44		Sec. 3.4 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.10	78	1/14/44		Sec. 2.4 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.11	93	2/12/44	205	[Revoked; see section 2.7 of & S.R. 14E].
3.12	125	6/23/44	148	[Revoked].
3.13	127	4/27/44	151	[Obsolete].
3.14	130	5/9/44	169, 206	Sec. 1.2 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.15	136	6/5/44		Sec. 3.5 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.16	147	6/29/44		Sec. 2.5 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.17	167	8/26/44		Sec. 3.6 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.18	193	12/1/44		Sec. 3.7 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.19	200	1/2/45		Sec. 3.8 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.20	205	1/17/45		Sec. 2.7 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
3.21	207	1/18/45		Sec. 2.8 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
4.1				Sec. 2 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.2			124, 203	Sec. 3 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.3			33	[Revoked; see MPR 472.]
4.4			37, 64, 132	Sec. 1.4 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
4.5			141	Sec. 4 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.6				Sec. 5 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.7			20	Sec. 1.5 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
4.8				Sec. 6 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.9	4	7/30/43		Sec. 7 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.10	18	8/23/43	24	Sec. 8 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.11	28	9/21/43	152	Sec. 9 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.12	34	10/1/43	105, 196	Sec. 10 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.13	36	10/13/43		Sec. 11 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.14	38	10/1/43		Sec. 12 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.15	43	11/1/43		Sec. 13 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.16	49	11/1/43	88, 107	Sec. 14 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.17	70	12/29/43	103, 155	Sec. 15 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.18	75	1/11/44		Sec. 16 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.19	83	1/20/44	160	Sec. 17 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.20	89	2/8/44		Sec. 18 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.21	96	3/1/44		Sec. 19 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.22	99	3/8/44		Sec. 20 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.23	109	4/3/44		Sec. 21 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.24	113	4/8/44	187	Sec. 22 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.25	119	4/22/44		Sec. 23 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.26	135	5/30/44		Sec. 24 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.27	142	6/20/44	156, 188	Sec. 25 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.28	145	6/26/44		Sec. 26 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.29	177	10/3/44		Sec. 27 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.30	183	11/8/44		Sec. 28 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
4.31	191	11/29/44		Sec. 29 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
5.1				Sec. 1 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
5.2			15	Sec. 1 of Supp. Reg. 14G.
5.3				Sec. 2 of Supp. Reg. 14G.
5.4			5, 11, 14, 137	[Revoked; see MPR 198].
5.5			5, 11, 14, 137	Do.
5.6	110	4/3/44		Sec. 3 of Supp. Reg. 14G.
5.7	163	8/22/44		Sec. 4 of Supp. Reg. 14G.
6.1				Sec. 1.1 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.2				Sec. 4.3 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.3			87, 115	Sec. 1.1 of Supp. Reg. 14K.
6.4				Sec. 1.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.5				Sec. 2.1 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.6				Sec. 1.6 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.7				Sec. 1.3 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.8			123	Sec. 7.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.9				Sec. 1 of Supp. Reg. 14D.
6.10			47	[Revoked; see MPR 483].
6.11				Sec. 3.2 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.12				Sec. 30 of Supp. Reg. 14F.
6.13			63	[Revoked; see MPR 501].
6.14				Sec. 2.6 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
6.15				Sec. 5.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.16				Sec. 2.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.17				Sec. 3.1 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.18				Sec. 2.2 of Supp. Reg. 14K.
6.19				Sec. 2 of Supp. Reg. 14D.

APPENDIX A—TABLE OF CROSS REFERENCES—Continued

Former section of Rev. Supp. Reg. 14	Added by Amendment No.	Effective date	Relevant amendments to Rev. Supp. Reg. 14	Corresponding section in new supplementary regulation
6.20	2	7/29/43		Sec. 2.2 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.21	22	9/4/43		Sec. 3 of Supp. Reg. 14D.
6.22	26	9/20/43		Sec. 4.1 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.23	30	9/27/43		Sec. 5.3 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.24	35	10/7/43	175	Sec. 3.4 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.25	42	11/1/43		Sec. 5.1 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.26	44	10/20/43		Sec. 6.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.27	50	11/10/43		Sec. 2.4 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.28	51	11/22/43		Sec. 2.3 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.29	52	11/24/43		Sec. 4.4 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.30	54	11/20/43		Sec. 3.2 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.31	56	12/1/43		Sec. 4.2 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.32	67	12/27/43	180	Sec. 5.2 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.33	69	12/29/43	92, 128	Sec. 4.1 of Supp. Reg. 14K.
6.34	72	1/8/44	106	Sec. 1.2 of Supp. Reg. 14K.
6.35	73	1/8/44	108, 131	Sec. 3.3 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.36	76	1/13/44		Sec. 2.5 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.37	82	1/19/44		Sec. 3.4 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.38	84	1/25/44		Sec. 3.5 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.39	86	1/18/44		Sec. 2.4 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.40	90	2/11/44		Sec. 3.10 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
6.41	91	2/9/44	111, 139, 162	Sec. 4.3 of Supp. Reg. 14O.
6.42	98	2/29/44		Sec. 4.5 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.43	101	3/13/44	133, 164	Sec. 2.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.44	102	3/7/44		Sec. 1.3 of Supp. Reg. 14K.
6.45	120	4/22/44	159	[Expired 12/31/44].
6.46	122	4/28/44		Sec. 5.2 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.47	129	5/8/44		Sec. 2.5 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.48	134	5/20/44		Sec. 3.3 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.49	143	6/24/44		Sec. 3.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.50	144	6/26/44		Sec. 3.1 of Supp. Reg. 14K.
6.51	146	6/29/44		Sec. 4.1 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.52	146	6/29/44		Sec. 4.2 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.53	153	7/15/44		Sec. 5 of Supp. Reg. 14O.
6.54	157	8/12/44		Sec. 2.2 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.55	165	8/24/44	192	Sec. 2.3 of Supp. Reg. 14J.
6.56	168	9/4/44	172	Sec. 4 of Supp. Reg. 14D.
6.57	170	9/12/44		Sec. 3.9 of Supp. Reg. 14E.
6.58	182	10/20/44		Sec. 3.6 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.59	184	11/8/44		Sec. 5 of Supp. Reg. 14D.
6.60	190	11/28/44		Sec. 1.2 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
6.61	194	12/11/44		Sec. 1.7 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
7.1			41	Sec. 1 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.2				Sec. 2 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.3			116	[Deleted; see MPR 566.]
7.4				Do.
7.5				Sec. 3 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.6			1, 48, 60, 118	Sec. 4 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.7				Sec. 5 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.8			138	Sec. 6 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.9				Sec. 7 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.10				Sec. 8 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.11			10, 46, 61, 116	Sec. 9 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.12	23	9/11/43		[Expired 10/31/43.]
7.13	29	9/21/43		Sec. 10 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.14	53	12/1/43		[Expired 12/31/43.]
7.15	55	11/27/43		Sec. 11 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.16	58	12/2/43		[Expired 12/31/43.]
7.17	85	1/29/44		[Deleted; see MPR 566.]
7.18	97	3/3/44		Do.
7.19	117	4/20/44		Sec. 12 of Supp. Reg. 14H.
7.20	149	7/6/44		[Deleted; see MPR 566.]
7.21	150	7/12/44		Do.
8.1			17	Sec. 7 of Supp. Reg. 14I.
8.2			7, 21, 39, 45, 74, 94, 95, 104, 166, 171, 174, 181, 185, 189, 199, 201, 202.	Secs. 2, 4 and 5 of Supp. Reg. 14I.
8.3				Sec. 3 of Supp. Reg. 14I.
8.4				Sec. 6 of Supp. Reg. 14I.
8.5	40	11/1/43		Sec. 7 of Supp. Reg. 14I.
9.1			57	Sec. 6.1 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
9.2				Sec. 6.3 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
9.3				Sec. 6.4 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.
9.4	57	12/1/43		Sec. 6.2 of 2d Rev. Supp. Reg. 14.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 43 TO 2ND REVISED SUPPLEMENTARY REGULATION 14

The accompanying Amendment revokes Section 5.2 of 2d Revised Supplementary Regulation 14 which permitted resellers of vitrified clay sewer pipe and allied products to pass through the actual dollars-and-cents increase in cost to them resulting from increases granted manufacturers pursuant to Amendment 2 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206 and Amendment 32 to Order A–1 under Maximum Price Regulation 188. Subsequent to that time amendments to both Revised Maximum Price Regulation 206 and Order A–1 under Maximum Price Regulation 188 incorporated within these regulations the identical provisions of Section 5.2 of 2d Revised Supplementary Regulation 14. In order to eliminate duplication, the Price Administrator deems it appropriate to revoke section 5.2 of 2d Revised Supplementary Regulation 14, and the accompanying amendment effectuates this.

[F. R. Doc. 46–17037; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:54 a. m.]

Chapter XIV—War Contracts Price Adjustment Board

PART 1608—TEXT OF STATUTES, ORDERS, JOINT REGULATIONS AND DIRECTIVES

SUBPART B—DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY

Section 1608.822–4 is added, as follows:

§ 1608.822–4 *Delegation of authority within the United States Maritime Commission.*

DELEGATION BY THE CHAIRMAN OF THE UNITED STATES MARITIME COMMISSION OF POWERS, FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES UNDER THE RENEGOTIATION ACT

1. The War Contracts Price Adjustment Board (herein referred to as the "Board") has delegated to the Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission (herein referred to as the "Chairman") certain of the powers, functions and duties conferred upon the Board under the Renegotiation Act (herein referred to as the "Act") by instrument dated February 26, 1944; and

2. Pursuant to the provisions of subsection (d) (4) of the Act any powers, functions or duties so delegated may be delegated in whole or in part by the Chairman to such officers or agencies of the United States as he may designate, and he may authorize successive redelegations of such powers, functions and duties;

3. Pursuant to such authority the Chairman hereby delegates to the Maritime Commission Price Adjustment Board the following powers, functions and duties as to contractors and subcontractors assigned by the Board or pursuant to its authority to the Chairman or to the Maritime Commission Price Adjustment Board for renegotiation.

(a) All of the powers, functions and duties conferred upon the Board by subsections (a) (4) (B); (a) (4) (C); (a) (4) (D); (a) (5) (B); (c) (1); (c) (2); (c) (3); (c) (4); (c) (5) (B); and (h) (1) of the Act;

(b) All of the powers, functions and duties conferred upon the Board to require the furnishing of information, records and data pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) (5) (A) of the Act, except the financial statement provided for in the first sentence of said subsection; and

(c) All of the powers, functions and duties conferred upon the Board to interpret and apply the exemptions provided for in subsection (i) (1) (A), (B), (C), (E), and (F), the definition contained in subsection (a) (7) and the provisions of subsection (i) (3) pursuant to such interpretations thereof and regulations relating thereto as may be prescribed by the Board from time to time.

4. Without intending to limit the powers, functions and duties hereby delegated, nevertheless, the Maritime Commission Price Adjustment Board shall exercise such powers, functions and duties and all authority and discretion thereunder in accordance with such interpretations of the Act and such regulations relating thereto as are issued or adopted by the Board and in accordance with the principles, policies and procedures established by the Board; and may redelegate such powers, functions and duties as it may deem necessary or desirable; but nothing herein shall be construed as a delegation of the power of the Chairman to make a final or other agreement with a contractor or subcontractor with respect to the elimination of excessive profits received or accrued or likely to be received or accrued or, if such an agreement is not made, to issue and enter an order determining the amount of excessive profits, if any, and to take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to eliminate such excessive profits by one or more of the methods prescribed in the Act and such power is expressly reserved.

5. This delegation is subject to revocation or modification in whole or in part at any time but is effective immediately and shall be retroactive to the effective date of the Revenue Act of 1943.

Dated March 2, 1944.

Sgd E. S. Land,
EMORY S. LAND,
Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission.

MAURICE HIRSCH,
Brigadier General, GSC,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16961; Filed, Sept. 20, 1946; 9:04 a. m.]

TITLE 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES AND VETERANS RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans' Administration

PART 2—ADJUDICATION: VETERANS' CLAIMS

SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

§ 2.1001 *Persons included in the acts in addition to commissioned officers and enlisted men.* No change in (a) and (b).

(c) *Philippine Scouts and others.* Phillippine Scouts, the Insular Force of the Navy, Samoan Native Guard and Samoan Native Band of the Navy are within the terms of the acts, except that neither the Philippine Scouts nor the Insular Force of the Navy were, or are included in Article II of the War Risk Insurance Act. However, Philippine Scouts enlisted under section 14 of Public No. 190, 79th Congress, approved October 6, 1945, are subject to the limitations contained in Public No. 391, 79th Congress. Benefits are accordingly limited to compensation payable for service-connected disability or death. Members of the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines are included for purposes of the laws administered by the Veterans' Administration providing for the payment of compensation on account of service-connected disability or death from and after the dates and hours, respectively, that they were called into service of the armed forces of the United States by orders issued from time to time by the General Officer, United States Army, designated by the Secretary of War. (Sec. 2 (a) (12), Public No. 127, 73d Congress, and Pub. Law 301, 79th Congress.) Service of such Commonwealth forces in the United States armed forces was terminated as of June 30, 1946 by the military order of the President dated July 1, 1946. (Therefore, such Philippine Army service rendered on or after July 1, 1946 is not service in the United States armed forces within the purview of the laws administered by the Veterans' Administration.) Compensation payable to members of the organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, under the conditions set forth above, and the Philippine Scouts who enlisted under section 14, Public Law 190, 79th Congress, shall be paid at the rate of one Philippine peso for each dollar authorized to be paid under the laws providing for such compensation.

§ 2.1002 *Persons not included in the acts.* No change in (a) to (f), inclusive, Paragraph (g) is added as follows:

(g) *Organized military forces of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.* Service in such organizations on or after July 1, 1946 is not service in the United States armed forces within the purview of the laws administered by the Veterans Administration. (Military order of the President dated July 1, 1946.) [R. S. 471, sec. 5, 43 Stat. 608, secs. 1, 2, 46 Stat. 1016, sec. 7, 48 Stat. 9, 456; 38 U. S. C. 2, 11, 11a, 426, 707; 59 Stat. 538, 543, sec. 14; 10 U. S. C. sup. 5, sec. 637; 60 Stat. 6, 221]

[SEAL] OMAR N. BRADLEY,
General, U. S. Army,
Administrator.

SEPTEMBER 16, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16930; Filed Sept. 19, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

PART 35—VETERANS REGULATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS ON INCREASE IN MONTHLY RATES OF COMPENSATION AND PENSION PAYABLE TO VETERANS OF WORLD WAR I AND WORLD WAR II, AND THEIR DEPENDENTS

Paragraph 3 of instructions issued for the purpose of effecting the provisions of section 2, Public Law 662, 79th Congress, appearing in F. R. Doc. 46–14791, filed August 22, 1946, is amended as follows:

3. The increased rates of death compensation and pension provided by the act will be effective on and after September 1, 1946 and are applicable where benefits are payable to parents at the rates set forth in section 5, Public No. 198, 76th Congress, or to widows or children at the rates set forth in section 14 (a), Public Law 144, 78th Congress or Public No. 484, 73d Congress, as amended, or to widows, children or parents at the wartime rates set forth in § 35.01 or at a protected rate under section 20, Public No. 78, 73d Congress or section 28, Public No. 141, 73d Congress:

(a) Based on service rendered in World War I or World War II,

(b) Where the death of a veteran of World War I or World War II resulted under the conditions set forth in section 31, Public No. 141, 73d Congress, section 12, Public No. 866, 76th Congress or section 2 (§ 35.017 (d)) Public Law 16, 78th Congress,

(c) Where benefits are payable within the purview of Public Law 359, 77th Congress, and

(d) Where benefits are payable at the rates provided by Public No. 484, 73d Congress, as amended, to a child of a veteran of the Spanish-American War, Boxer Rebellion or Philippine Insurrection whose entitlement arises solely by virtue of the provisions of section 1, Public Law 144, 78th Congress. [Pub. Law 662, 79th Congress.]

[SEAL] OMAR N. BRADLEY,
General, U. S. Army,
Administrator.

SEPTEMBER 11, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16931; Filed Sept 19, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS

Chapter I—Procurement Division, Department of the Treasury

PART 5—ORGANIZATION AND PROCEDURES

Correction

In the second sentence of § 5.102 (F. R. Doc. 46-15355) appearing at page 177A-100, Part II, Section 1, of the issue for Sept. 11, 1946, the word "listed" should be inserted preceding the words "in the circulars".

TITLE 46—SHIPPING

Chapter II—United States Maritime Commission

Subchapter A—Organization, Procedure, and Delegations

[G. O. 66]

PART 205—RULE MAKING

§ 205.1 *Rule making procedure*—(a) *Public participation on notice.* Whenever the Commission, pursuant to section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), publishes in the FEDERAL REGISTER or otherwise gives notice of proposed rule making, interested persons may participate in the rule making process by filing with the Secretary of the Commission, Washington, D. C., within ten days from the date of publication (or from receipt of notice, if given otherwise than by publication) written material relevant to the issues which the proposed rule presents. This material may consist of views, arguments and data and shall include a statement showing the interest of the participant in the subject matter of the proposed rule. The Secretary shall route the material to the heads of interested divisions and other organizational units, who shall consider it and transmit to the Commission a summary thereof with their recommendations as to the action to be taken by the Commission.

(b) *Right to petition.* Any interested person may petition, under section 4 (d) of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), for the issuance, amendment or repeal of a rule. The petition shall consist of a written request addressed to the Secretary of the Commission, Washington, D. C., setting forth the interest of petitioner and the nature of the relief desired. The petition should include any views, arguments and data deemed relevant by petitioner. The Secretary shall transmit the petition to heads of interested divisions and other organizational units, who shall consider it and transmit to the Commission a summary thereof with their recommendations as to the action to be taken by the Commission.

(c) *Formal requirements.* No special form is prescribed for material submitted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section. All papers should be legibly typed, printed, mimeographed, or otherwise duplicated. To the extent practicable, seven copies of all papers should be submitted to facilitate concurrent handling of the material by the several organizational units to which the matter may be assigned.

PART 206—ANCILLARY MATTERS

§ 206.1 *Notice of denial.* Prompt written notice will be given by the Secretary of the denial in whole or in part of any written application, petition, or other request submitted by any interested person in connection with any proceeding of the Commission. The notice shall be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which such denial is based.

(Sec. 204 (b) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended (52 Stat. 964); Pub. Law 492, 79th Congress; Pub. Law 404, 79th Congress (60 Stat. 237))

By order of the United States Maritime Commission.

[SEAL] A. J. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

SEPTEMBER 10, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16947; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter II—Office of Defense Transportation

[Rev. Gen. Order ODT 18A, Amdt. 2]

PART 500—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT

CARLOAD FREIGHT TRAFFIC

Pursuant to Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, Executive Order 8989, as amended, and Executive Order 9729, General Order ODT 18A, Revised, as amended (11 F. R. 8229, 8829), is hereby amended by adding a paragraph (f) to § 500.75, as follows:

§ 500.75 *Exemptions.* * * *

(f) Carload freight loaded in a car by one shipper or consignor at one point of origin with a separate shipment or shipments of merchandise, if the total quantity of such shipments equals or exceeds the loading requirements of § 500.72 (a) or § 500.72 (c) of this order, and if such shipments are consigned to one or more consignees at one point of destination.

This Amendment 2 to General Order ODT 18A, Revised, shall become effective on September 18, 1946.

(Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, 56 Stat. 177, 50 U. S. C. App. 633, 58 Stat. 827, 59 Stat. 658, Public Law 475, 79th Congress; E. O. 8989, as amended, 6 F. R. 6725, 8 F. R. 14183; E. O. 9729, 11 F. R. 5641; and General Order ODT 18A, Revised, as amended, 11 F. R. 8229, 8829)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of September 1946.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16897; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

[Rev. Gen. Order ODT 1, Amdt. 3]

PART 500—CONSERVATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT

MERCHANDISE FREIGHT TRAFFIC

Pursuant to Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, Executive Order 8989, as amended, and Executive Order 9729, General Order ODT 1, Revised, as amended (11 F. R. 8228, 8740, 9040), is hereby amended by adding a paragraph (f) to § 500.4, as follows:

§ 500.4 *Exceptions.* * * *

(f) A car loaded by one shipper or consignor at one point of origin with separate shipments of merchandise and carload freight, if the total quantity of such shipments loaded in each car equals or exceeds the loading requirements of § 500.72 (a) or § 500.72 (c) of General Order ODT 18A, Revised, as amended (11 F. R. 8229, 8829), or as such order may hereafter be amended or revised, and if such shipments are consigned to one or more consignees at one point of destination.

This Amendment 3 to General Order ODT 1, Revised, shall become effective on September 18, 1946.

(Title III of the Second War Powers Act, 1942, as amended, 56 Stat. 177, 50 U. S. C. App. 633, 58 Stat. 827, 59 Stat. 658, Public Law 475, 79th Congress; E. O. 8989, as amended, 6 F. R. 6725, 8 F. R. 14183; E. O. 9729, 11 F. R. 5641; and General Order ODT 1, Revised, as amended, 11 F. R. 8228, 8740, 9040)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of September 1946.

J. M. JOHNSON,
Director,
Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16896; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Production and Marketing Administration.

[P. & S. Docket 402]

MARKET AGENCIES AT UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO, ILL.

NOTICE OF PETITION FOR MODIFICATION

By a document filed on September 5, 1946, the respondents seek to amend and modify their present existing Tariff No. 7 so as to permit them to publish and file with the Secretary an amendment to such tariff making effective the following charges:

SECTION G

INTERNATIONAL LIVE STOCK EXPOSITION AND CHICAGO FEEDER CATTLE SHOW

In addition to the regular charges, the following service charge shall be made on all carlot entries of livestock entered in the International Live Stock Exposition or in the Chicago Feeder Cattle Show.

For each carlot entry of—

Fat cattle	$25.00
Stocker and feeder cattle	10.00
Hogs	10.00
Sheep	10.00

[NOTE: The foregoing items represent new charges.]

SECTION J

A charge of 15 cents per head will be made on all cattle tagged by the State of Illinois as Bang Reactors, or cattle tagged and sold subject to post mortem inspection.

[NOTE: The foregoing represents an increase of 5 cents over the existing charge.]

Effect of proposed modification. The effect of such proposed modification, if granted, would be to increase the revenues of the respondents and, accordingly, it appears that public notice should be given to all interested persons of the request of the respondents so as to afford them an opportunity to manifest their desire to be heard on the matter. Therefore, notice is hereby given to the public of the request of the respondents for a modification of their presently effective tariff. The respondents and all other interested persons are therefore afforded an opportunity to be heard on the matters covered in the petition for modification.

All persons who desire to be heard shall notify the Hearing Clerk, Office of the Solicitor, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. within 15 days from the date of the publication of this order. Copies hereof shall be served upon the respondents by registered mail or in person.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 16th day of September 1946.

[SEAL] H. E. REED,
Director, Livestock Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16949; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 9:32 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION.

[Docket No. G-776]

EASTERN INDIANA GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

SEPTEMBER 17, 1946.

Notice is hereby given that on September 6, 1946, an application was filed with the Federal Power Commission by Eastern Indiana Gas Company (hereinafter referred to as "Applicant"), an Indiana Corporation having its principal offices at Indianapolis, Indiana, and authorized to do business in the State of Indiana, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, to authorize the Applicant to construct and operate a certain natural gas pipeline and for an order pursuant to said section 7 of the Natural Gas Act directing physical connection of certain natural gas transportation facilities with those of Applicant, all subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Power Commission, and all of which said facilities are hereinafter more fully described.

Applicant seeks authorization to construct and operate the following described facilities:

(a) A 3-inch gas transmission pipeline having its northern terminus at a point of connection approximately two (2) miles south of the City of Muncie, Indiana, with the 18-inch gas transmission pipeline of Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Company (hereinafter referred to as "Panhandle"), in Delaware County, Indiana, and extending in a southerly direction for approximately sixteen (16) miles to a point near the corporate limits of the City of Newcastle, Indiana, in Section Twenty-three (23), Township Seventeen (17) North, Range Ten (10) East, Henry County, Indiana, said transmission pipeline to be known as the Mount Summit Line.

(b) A 3-inch gas transmission pipeline connecting at its northern terminus with the said Mount Summit Line at the southern terminus thereof, and extending in a southwesterly direction for approximately seven (7) miles to a point of connection with Applicant's 6-inch transmission pipeline located approximately two (2) miles east of the Town of Spiceland, Indiana, in Section Fifteen (15), Township Sixteen (16) North, Range Ten (10) East, Henry County, Indiana, said transmission pipeline to be known as the Spiceland Line.

Applicant further seeks an order of the Federal Power Commission pursuant to section 7 (a) of the Natural Gas Act, directing the establishment of physical connection, in the alternative, of either of the transportation facilities hereinafter described with those of Applicant, all in the manner hereinafter set out:

(1) Applicant seeks an order directing Panhandle to establish physical connection of its natural gas transmission pipeline facilities near Muncie, Indiana with the northern terminus of Applicant's proposed Mount Summit Line and through such physical connection to deliver and sell to Applicant the natural gas required for resale and service to Applicant's ultimate consumers in certain towns and rural communities in Rush, Wayne, and Henry Counties, all in the State of Indiana, or,

(2) In the alternative, upon a finding and determination that Indiana Gas and Water Company, Inc., (hereinafter referred to as "Indiana") is a natural gas company within the meaning of the Natural Gas Act, an order directing Indiana to transport and Panhandle to furnish natural gas purchased by Applicant from Panhandle, through Indiana's 8-inch gas transmission pipeline extending from Panhandle's 18-inch pipeline near Muncie, Indiana to Newcastle, Indiana, and at that point, to establish physical connection with Applicant's proposed Spiceland Line at the northern terminus thereof, and to deliver through such connection said natural gas required by Applicant for resale and service as stated in (1) above.

Applicant states that the proposed pipeline facilities described in (a) and (b) above are required in order to enable Applicant to procure natural gas from sources outside of the natural gas wells owned and operated by Applicant in Rush and Henry Counties, in the State of Indiana which said wells, the application recites, are gradually being depleted as a result of which Applicant's supply of gas is becoming progressively worse. The application further recites that because of such depletion and the distances which the gas from Applicant's wells must travel to supply its customers, the Public Service Commission of Indiana in its order of January 24, 1946, found that Applicant is not able to and is not rendering adequate service to the public in the areas served, other than Rushville and Fortville, Indiana, and has ordered a rate reduction, the enforcement of which would impair Applicant's financial structure. Said order, the Applicant states, is presently temporarily suspended pending a rehearing. Applicant states that the only possible remedy for its situation is the procurement of gas from some outside source and that Panhandle's said 18-inch pipeline in Delaware County, Indiana is the only possible outside source available.

Applicant states that its requirements from Panhandle will be 275,000 Mcf per annum and that said requirements will not unduly burden Panhandle's ability to render adequate service to its existing customers because upon completion of presently authorized facilities (Docket No. G-620) Panhandle will have available reserves sufficient to supply its customers (including Applicant) for an excess of thirty years based upon an estimated annual withdrawal of 133,000,000 Mcf. Applicant further estimates the minimum quantity of gas to be transported through said proposed pipeline facilities will be 200 Mcf daily and the maximum quantity will be 300 Mcf.

Applicant estimates the total overall cost of the proposed facilities will be $83,812.00 of which $25,508.00 will be the cost of the Spiceland Line, and $58,304.00 will be the cost of the Mount Summit Line. Applicant expects to be able to finance the cost of the Spiceland Line from its own resources and states that to construct said Mount Summit Line it will be necessary for Applicant to borrow approximately $60,000.00 from outside

sources. Arrangements for the loan, payable in ten years at 4% interest, already have been made.

Should the proposed 16-mile Mount Summit Line be connected, Applicant recites the new lines would be in close proximity to, and wholly a duplication of Indiana's existing 8-inch pipe line connecting with Panhandle's 18-inch line and used by Indiana in transporting natural gas to Newcastle, Indiana, which gas is purchased by Indiana from Panhandle and which Applicant alleges is natural gas that flows continuously and uninterruptedly from the points of production in Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas to points of distribution in Indiana, including Newcastle. As a result of such operation, an established course of business on the part of Indiana, Applicant alleges Indiana is a natural gas company subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Power Commission. Applicant states that it is informed and believes that Indiana's said 8-inch pipe line between Muncie and Newcastle, Indiana, is of such size and capacity that, in addition to the gas which Indiana presently transports by this line, Applicant's natural gas requirements could be transported through Indiana's 8-inch line and received by Applicant at Newcastle, from which point Applicant could transport such gas by means of the proposed Spiceland line. Applicant recites it is willing and has offered to pay Indiana a reasonable charge for use by the Applicant of its 8-inch line but that Indiana has refused to permit such use by Applicant.

Since Applicant began in November 1945, purchasing and receiving from Panhandle natural gas for resale in Applicant's Fortville Division, Applicant says that it has been negotiating with Panhandle for its requirements of natural gas for resale by Applicant to its Rushville Division customers which Panhandle has consistently refused to agree to furnish.

Applicant requests the Commission to issue a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing Applicant to construct and operate the afore described facilities and that the Commission order Panhandle to furnish its said requirements of natural gas. Applicant further requests, if the Commission should find and determine that Indiana is a natural gas company within the meaning of the Natural Gas Act and that it is feasible for Applicant to transport to Newcastle gas purchased from Panhandle through Indiana's 8-inch gas transmission pipe line, that the Commission order Indiana to establish necessary physical connection with Applicant's proposed Spiceland line, and further order Indiana to deliver to Applicant through such interconnection the natural gas to be purchased by Applicant from Panhandle. Pending a determination of its application, Applicant further requests that the Commission issue to it a temporary certificate of public convenience and necessity.

Any interested State commission is requested to notify the Federal Power Commission whether the application should be considered under the cooperative provisions of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, and, if so, to advise the Federal Power Commission as to the nature of its interest in the matter and whether it desires a conference, the creation of a board, or a joint or concurrent hearing together with the reasons for such request.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to the application of Eastern Indiana Gas Company should file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., not later than fifteen days from the date of this publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16922; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

[S. O. 573-A]

UNIVERSAL MACHINERY AND L. J. COHEN EMBARGOED

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 13th day of September A. D. 1946.

Upon further consideration of Service Order No. 573 of August 5, 1946 (11 F. R. 8542), and good cause appearing therefor; It is ordered, that:

Service Order No. 573, Universal Machinery and L. J. Cohen embargoed, be, and it is hereby, vacated and set aside. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402, 418, 41 Stat. 476, 485, secs. 4, 10, 54 Stat. 901, 912; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)-(17), 15 (4))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective at 12:01 a. m., September 14, 1946; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the railroads specified in paragraph (a) of Service Order No. 573, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16923; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[S. O. 606]

UNLOADING OF LIVER OIL AT HOUSTON, TEX.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 13th day of September A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that car C&O 12712, containing liver oil at Houston, Texas, on the Texas and New Orleans Railroad Company has been on hand for an unreasonable length of time and that the delay in unloading said car is impeding its use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action; It is ordered, that:

(a) *Liver oil at Houston, Texas, be unloaded.* The Texas and New Orleans Railroad Company, its agents or employees, shall unload immediately car C&O 12712, loaded with liver oil now on hand at Houston, Texas, consigned H. L. Zeigler Company.

(b) *Notice and expiration.* Said carrier shall notify V. C. Clinger, Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when it has completed the unloading required by paragraph (a) hereof, and such notice shall specify when, where, and by whom such unloading was performed. Upon receipt of that notice this order shall expire. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402; 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4; 54 Stat. 901, 911; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)-(17), 15 (2))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Texas and New Orleans Railroad Company and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16924; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[S. O. 607]

UNLOADING OF COAL AT MUSKEGON, MICH.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 13th day of September A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that 5 cars containing coal at Muskegon, Michigan, on The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have been on hand for an unreasonable length of time and that the delay in unloading said cars is impeding their use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action: It is ordered, that:

(a) *Coal at Muskegon, Michigan, be unloaded.* The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, its agents or employees, shall unload immediately the following cars containing coal now on hand at Muskegon, Michigan, consigned to the Sealed Power Corporation:

L&N 66590	L&N 86722
L&N 75604	L&N 89830
L&N 185906	

(b) *Notice and expiration.* Said carrier shall notify V. C. Clinger, Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when it has completed the unloading required by paragraph (a) hereof, and such notice shall specify when, where, and by whom such unloading was performed.

Upon receipt of that notice this order shall expire. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402; 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4; 54 Stat. 901, 911; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)–(17), 15 (2))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 46-16925; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[S. O. 609]

UNLOADING OF CRATES AT MUSKEGON, MICH.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 13th day of September A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that car B&O 371083, containing crates at Muskegon, Michigan, on the Pere Marquette Railway Company, has been on hand for an unreasonable length of time and that the delay in unloading said car is impeding its use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action; it is ordered, that:

(a) *Crates at Muskegon, Michigan, be unloaded.* The Pere Marquette Railway Company, its agents or employees, shall unload immediately car B&O 371083, loaded with crates, now on hand at Muskegon, Michigan, consigned Sealed Power Corporation.

(b) *Notice and expiration.* Said carrier shall notify V. C. Clinger, Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when it has completed the unloading required by paragraph (a) hereof, and such notice shall specify when, where, and by whom such unloading was performed. Upon receipt of that notice this order shall expire. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402; 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4; 54 Stat. 901, 911; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)–(17), 15 (2))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Pere Marquette Railway Company, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 46-16927; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[S. O. 608]

UNLOADING OF SAND AT MUSKEGON, MICH.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 13th day of September A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that car NYC 130710, containing sand at Muskegon, Michigan, on the Grand Trunk Western Railroad has been on hand for an unreasonable length of time and that the delay in unloading said car is impeding its use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action: It is ordered, that:

(a) *Sand at Muskegon, Mich., be unloaded.* The Grand Trunk Western Railroad Company, its agents or employees, shall unload immediately car NYC 130710, loaded with sand, now on hand at Muskegon, Michigan, consigned Sealed Power Corporation.

(b) *Notice and expiration.* Said carrier shall notify V. C. Clinger, Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when it has completed the unloading required by paragraph (a) hereof, and such notice shall specify when, where, and by whom such unloading was performed. Upon receipt of that notice this order shall expire. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402; 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4; 54 Stat. 901, 911; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)–(17), 15 (2))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Grand Trunk Western Railroad Company, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 46-16926; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[S. O. 610]

UNLOADING OF LINTERS AT NAPERVILLE, ILL.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 16th day of September A. D. 1946.

It appearing, that cars Mo. Pac. 32138 and Milw. 18964, containing linters at Naperville, Illinois, on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, have been on hand for an unreasonable length of time and that the delay in unloading said cars is impeding their use; in the opinion of the Commission an emergency exists requiring immediate action; it is ordered, that:

(a) *Linters at Naperville, Illinois, be unloaded.* The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, its agents or employees, shall unload immediately cars Mo. Pac. 32138 and Milw. 18964, containing linters, on hand at Naperville, Illinois, consigned to Kroehler Manufacturing Company.

(b) *Notice and expiration.* Said carrier shall notify V. C. Clinger, Director, Bureau of Service, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D. C., when it has completed the unloading required by paragraph (a) hereof, and such notice shall specify when, where, and by whom such unloading was performed. Upon receipt of that notice this order shall expire. (40 Stat. 101, sec. 402; 41 Stat. 476, sec. 4; 54 Stat. 901, 911; 49 U. S. C. 1 (10)–(17), 15 (2))

It is further ordered, that this order shall become effective immediately; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, and upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 46-16928; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Vesting Order 7154]

FRANK KOLPIN ET AL.

In re: Stock owned by Frank Kolpin, Richard Naether, Richard Stern, Josefine Uzelino and Jean Philipp Uzelino. F-28-23354-D-1, F-28-23355-D-1, F-28-23356-D-1, F-28-23357-D-1, F-28-23358-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That the persons listed in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, whose last known addresses are as set forth opposite each name in Exhibit A, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: One hundred (100) shares of no par value capital stock of The New York Central Railroad Company, 466 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the States of New York, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Pennsylvania and Michigan, evidenced by the certificates listed in Exhibit A, registered in the names of and owned by the persons listed therein in the amounts appearing opposite each name, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the

aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC–1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 17, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

EXHIBIT A

Name of registered owner	Last known address	Certificate Nos.	Number of shares
Frank Kolpin	Heidgraben, Holstein, Tornesch, Germany	A199810	1
Richard Naether	Zeitz, Saxony, Germany	A534691	22
Richard Stern	28 Avenue des Vosges, Strasbourg, Germany	L33540	50
Josefine Uzelino	Flonheim 1, Rheinhessen, Germany	A389242	1
		A400618	11
		A423101	1
		A425129	2
		A454262	1
Jean Philipp Uzelino	Flonheim in Rheinhessen, Germany	A494876	11

[F. R. Doc. 46–16911; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7238]

HATSUJIRO YOSHIDA

In re: Stock owned by Hatsujiro Yoshida.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

1. That Hatsujiro Yoshida, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: One hundred shares of $5 par value capital stock of Yukon-Pacific Mining Company, 120 Broadway, New York, New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maine, evidenced by Certificate Number 2897, dated July 12, 1938, and registered in the name of Hatsujiro Yoshida, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country;

And determining that to the extent that such national is a person not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to constitute an admission by the Alien Property Custodian of the lawfulness of, or acquiescence in, or licensing of, any set-offs, charges or deductions, nor shall it be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC–1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 24, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16912; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7502]

VICTORIA BECKER

In re: Estate of Victoria Becker, deceased, File D–28–10427; E. T. sec. 14821.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding;

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Maria Maul and Adolph Maul, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Victoria Becker, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Maria Maul, Germany.
Adolph Maul, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by George T. Kelton and Paul B. Jessup, as Executors of the Estate of Victoria Becker, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of Shoshone County, State of Idaho;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be

determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy county" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16913; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7505]

REENA GREEN

In re: Trust under the Will of Reena Green, also known as Rachela (Reena) Gruen, deceased. File No. D-28-7823; E. T. sec. 8540.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Gretel Henshke and the issue of Gretel Henshke, names unknown, and each of them, in and to the trust created under the Will of Reena Green, also known as Rachela (Reena) Gruen, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Gretel Henshke, Germany.
The issue of Gretel Henshke, names unknown, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Ada Fishman and Mollie Rush, as Executrices and Trustees under the Will of Reena Green, also known as Rachela (Reena) Gruen, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Essex County Orphans' Court, Newark, New Jersey;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC-1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16914; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7507]

ROBERT GUSTAV HILBENZ

In re: Estate of Robert Gustav Hilbenz, deceased. File No. F-28-8349; E. T. sec. No. 4798.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Max Hilbenz and Anna Schneider, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Robert Gustav Hilbenz, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Max Hilbenz, Hohenzollernstr. 52, Dresden, Germany.
Anna Schneider, Meritzburgerstr. 27, Dresden, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Philip F. Farley, 250 Park Avenue, New York, New York, as Ancillary Executor of the Estate of Robert Gustav Hilbenz, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, State of New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16915; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7508]

WILLIAM KAISER

In re: Estate of William Kaiser, deceased. File No. D-28-8250; E. T. sec. No. 9360.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Mathew Kaiser, Mrs. Barbara Beck, Solomon Kaiser, Mrs. Barbara Heinzmann and Anna Goetz, and each of them, in and to the Estate of William Kaiser, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Mathew Kaiser, Germany.
Mrs. Barbara Beck, Germany.
Solomon Kaiser, Germany.
Mrs. Barbara Heinzmann, Germany.
Anna Goetz, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Helen Gubler, as Administratrix, C. T. A., acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Dutchess County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC–1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16916; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7511]

CHRISTINA SCHMITT KIRCHNER

In re: Estate of Christina Schmitt Kirchner, deceased. File No. D–66–603; E. T. sec. 4221.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Joseph Montel and his issue, names unknown, Maria Benkert, Ewald Benkert and Anna Nusser and her issue, names unknown, and each of them, in and to the estate and the trust created under the will of Christina Schmitt Kirchner, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely:

Nationals and Last Known Address

Joseph Montel and his issue, names unknown, Germany.
Maria Benkert, Germany.
Ewald Benkert, Germany.
Anna Nusser and her issue, names unknown, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by Carl S. Heidenreich and Matthias Kirchner also known as Mathias Kirchner, Executors and Trustees of the Estate of Christina Schmitt Kirchner, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Queens County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed, file with the Alien Property Custodian on Form APC–1 a notice of claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to constitute an admission of the existence, validity or right to allowance of any such claim.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16917; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7513]

TSURUJI KOZAKI

In re: Estate of Tsuruji Kozaki, deceased. File D–39–18688; E. T. sec. 15138; H–404.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Kameji Kozaki and Nobu Kozaki, married name unknown, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Tsuruji Kozaki, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Japan, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Kameji Kozaki, Japan.
Nobu Kozaki, married name unknown, Japan.

That such property is in the process of administration by A. S. Carvalho, Statutory Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Circuit Court, Third Judicial Circuit, Territory of Hawaii;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16918; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7516]

CLARA KUHLMANN

In re: Estate of Clara Kuhlmann, deceased; File No. D–28–9890; E. T. sec. 13981.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Lilli Hartnuss, Georg Pulver and Ernst Pulver, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Clara Kuhlmann, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Lilli Hartnuss, Germany.
Georg Pulver, Germany.
Ernst Pulver, Germany.

That such property is in the process of administration by August M. Kuhlmann, as Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Niagara County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the na-

tional interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16919; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7517]

EVA LISS

In re: Estate of Eva Liss, deceased. File No. 017-16222.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Isidor Eisenstein, Rasela Abramovici, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Eva Liss, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Roumania, namely,

Nationals and Last Known Address

Isidor Eisenstein, Roumania.
Rasela Abramovici, Roumania.

That such property is in the process of administration by Moritz Eisenstein as Executor of the Estate of Eva Liss, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Kings County, New York;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Roumania);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16920; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7519]

KICHIJI OSAKO

In re: Estate of Kichiji Osako, deceased. File D-39-10202; E. T. sec. 14867.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the undersigned, after investigation, finding:

That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Kuni Osako, Masatoshi Osako, Ayako Osako, Schmidch Osako and Sachiko Osako, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Kichiji Osako, deceased,

is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Japan, namely;

Nationals and Last Known Address

Kuni Osako, Japan.
Masatoshi Osako, Japan.
Ayako Osako, Japan.
Schmidch Osako, Japan.
Sachiko Osako, Japan.

That such property is in the process of administration by Fred S. Kinoshita, as Administrator of the Estate of Kichiji Osako, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of King;

And determining that to the extent that such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

And having made all determinations and taken all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

hereby vests in the Alien Property Custodian the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in an appropriate account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This order shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof in whole or in part, nor shall it be deemed to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined to take any one or all of such actions.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order No. 9095, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 4, 1946.

[SEAL] JAMES E. MARKHAM,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16921; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 7609]

VENDA OVCHAROFF

Correction

In Federal Register Document 46-16737, appearing on page 10468 of the issue for Wednesday, September 18, 1946, the date of filing with the Division of the Federal Register should read "Sept. 17, 1946."

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

[File Nos. 54-75, 70-726]

COMMONWEALTH AND SOUTHERN CORP. (DEL.)

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa. on the 13th day of September A. D. 1946.

The Commonwealth & Southern Corporation ("Commonwealth"), a registered holding company, having filed a declaration pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly section 12 (c) thereof and Rule U-46 thereunder, regarding the proposed payment of a dividend of $3.00 per share (payable on the 28th day after approval by this Commission to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 14th day after such approval) on its 1,482,000 shares of preferred stock outstanding, the aggregate amount of such dividend payment being $4,446,000; and

Commonwealth having heretofore filed an Amended Plan of Recapitalization ("Amended Plan") and modifications thereto under section 11 (e) of the act

providing, among other things, for the restatement on Commonwealth's books of its investments in its subsidiaries upon consummation of the Amended Plan;

Commonwealth having thereafter filed a Plan for Compliance with sections 11 (b) (1) and 11 (b) (2) of the act providing, among other things, for the liquidation of Commonwealth;

Commonwealth having stated in the declaration filed with the Commission on February 21. 1946, proposing the payment of a dividend on the outstanding shares of preferred stock, which declaration was permitted to become effective on March 14, 1946 (Holding Company Act Release No. 6476), that "* * * the restatement of the carrying value of Commonwealth's investments, which restatement it is proposed in the Amended Plan will be made upon consummation thereof, may result in a decrease in such carrying value in an amount not less than the sum of (a) the amount shown as 'Earned Surplus' in the balance sheet as at January 31, 1946, and (b) the amount of net income to be received subsequent to January 31, 1946, and prior to the date of such restatement, provided such restatement is completed within some reasonable period, say by September 30, 1946 * * *";

Commonwealth having stated in the instant declaration that "The Board * * * recognizes that, in view of the pending proceedings, the 'Earned Surplus' account may be so qualified that, under the rules and practices of the Commission, payment of said dividend is subject to the requirement of Commission authorization under the provisions of section 12 (c) of the act and Rule U-46 in spite of the fact that, as authorized by section 34 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, the source of payment of such dividend under such Law is Commonwealth's net profits for the current and preceding fiscal years."

The instant declaration having been filed on August 27, 1946, and notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to said act, and the Commission not having received a request for a hearing with respect to said declaration within the period specified in the said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission deeming that it would not be necessary or appropriate to deny effectiveness to the declaration under the standards of section 12 (c) of the act and Rule U-46 if it should be found that the proposed payment were to be made out of capital and that, therefore, it is unnecessary for the Commission to determine whether said proposed payment is being made out of capital; and

The Commission therefore deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers to permit said declaration to become effective insofar as section 12 (c) and Rule U-46 are applicable to the proposed payment; and

Commonwealth having requested that the effective date of the declaration be accelerated to facilitate prompt payment of the proposed dividend to the preferred stockholders and the Commission deeming it appropriate that such request for acceleration be granted;

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, that the aforesaid declaration be, and the same hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith: *Provided, however*, That this order shall not be construed as a determination that such dividend payment is or is not taxable to the recipient pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, and provided further that Commonwealth accompany the dividend checks with a statement to the effect (1) that Commonwealth filed the declaration regarding the proposed dividends payment pursuant to section 12 (c) and Rule U-46 by reason of its uncertainty as to whether the "Earned Surplus" account may be so qualified that, under the rules and practice of the Commission, payment of the proposed dividend is subject to the requirement of Commission authorization under the act and the Rules thereunder and that the Commission permitted the declaration to become effective without determining whether the proposed payment is being made out of capital and (2) that the Commission's action in permitting the declaration to become effective should not be construed as a determination that such dividend payment is or is not taxable to the recipient pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 46-16909; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:51 a. m.]

[File No. 54-133]

ASSOCIATED GAS AND ELECTRIC CO. ET AL.

ORDER GRANTING EXTENSION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 16th day of September 1946.

In the matter of Stanley Clarke, trustee of Associated Gas and Electric Co., Denis J. Driscoll and Willard L. Thorp, trustees of Associated Gas and Electric Corporation, NY PA NJ Utilities Company, General Gas & Electric Corporation, General Public Utilities Corporation, Associated General Utilities Company, Metropolitan Edison Company Gas & Electric Associates, File No. 54-133.

An application for approval of a plan filed pursuant to section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 having been filed by Stanley Clarke, Trustee of Associated Gas and Electric Company, a registered holding company, Denis J. Driscoll and Willard L. Thorp, Trustees of Associated Gas and Electric Corporation, a registered holding company, and the following direct or indirect subsidiaries of the said two registered holding companies: NY PA NJ Utilities Company, General Gas & Electric Corporation, General Public Utilities Corporation (formerly Associated Utilities Corporation), and Gas & Electric Associates, each of which is a registered holding company, and Metropolitan Edison Company and Associated General Utilities Company; and the said plan proposing that various securities registered in the name of Day & Co., Dean & Co., Drake & Co., and Holland & Co., be transferred and delivered to the respective applicants above named, as beneficial owners of such securities, and that Day & Co., Dean & Co., Drake & Co., and Holland & Co., be dissolved; and

The Commission having on November 1, 1945, made and filed its findings and opinion and order (Holding Company Act Release No. 6180) and approved the plan subject to the conditions specified in Rule U-24 of the general rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to said act; and

The Commission having, by orders dated December 28, 1945, February 15, 1946, April 10, 1946, and June 13, 1946, upon the request of applicants, extended the time for consummating the transactions proposed by said plan to and including September 15, 1946; and

Applicants having advised the Commission that, although most of the securities referred to in said plan have been transferred and that Dean & Co., Drake & Co., and Holland & Co., have been dissolved, the parties have been unable to consummate all of the transactions proposed by said plan, and having requested that the time for such consummation be extended to and including December 15, 1946; and

It appearing to the Commission that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that such extension of time be granted:

It is ordered, That the time for consummating such transactions be, and hereby is, extended to and including December 15, 1946.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 46-16910; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION.

[Investigation No. 1]

HARSH OR ROUGH COTTON HAVING A STAPLE OF LESS THAN ¾ INCH IN LENGTH

PUBLIC NOTICE OF INVESTIGATION AND HEARING

The United States Tariff Commission, on this 17th day of September, 1946, announces the reopening of its investigation No. 1 under section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act (of 1933), as amended, and under Executive Order No. 7233 of November 23, 1935, with respect to harsh or rough cotton having a staple of less than ¾ of one inch in length.

As a result of the report of the United States Tariff Commission dated August 25, 1939, the President proclaimed quotas on imports of cotton. The quota limitations were not made applicable, among other things, to harsh or rough cotton having a staple of less than ¾ of one

inch in length and chiefly used in the manufacture of blankets and blanketing. The object of reopening the investigation and holding a hearing at this time is to determine whether conditions have so changed as to warrant a further report to the President as to whether harsh or rough cotton having a staple of less than ¾ of one inch in length should be made fully subject to quota restrictions or entirely removed therefrom, or be permitted entry only when imported for specified uses, or whether it should be made subject to other treatment.

Hearing. All parties interested will be given opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard at a public hearing to be held in the Hearing Room of the Commission at 8th and E Streets NW., in Washington, D. C., at 10 a. m. on October 14, 1946.

Nature of information at hearing. Information submitted at the hearing must be relevant and material to the matters under investigation.

Appearances at hearing. Interested persons may appear at the hearing either in person or by representative; if several persons have a joint interest in the subject, it is suggested that effort be made for the designation of a representative in order to avoid unnecessary repetition of testimony.

[SEAL] SIDNEY MORGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16946; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946, 9:12 a. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[Rev. SO 119, Order 338]

CHICAGO ELECTRIC MFG. CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF CEILING PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to sections 15 and 16 of Revised Supplementary Order No. 119, *It is ordered:*

(a) The Chicago Electric Manufacturing Company, 6333 West 65th Street, Chicago 38, Illinois, may increase by no more than 2.7 per cent the ceiling price which it determines under Order No. 74 under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119 for its sales to each class of purchaser of the Model XL-3 detachable wringer which it manufactures.

(b) For sales by wholesale distributors to retail dealers the ceiling price for the Model XL-3 detachable wringer is $4.57 each. This ceiling price is subject to each seller's customary terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials in effect on sales of similar articles.

(c) For all sales to ultimate consumers the ceiling price for the Model XL-3 detachable wringer is $6.95 each. This ceiling price is subject to each seller's customary terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials in effect on sales of similar articles.

(d) These ceiling prices supersede those established by Order 74 under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119 only with respect to articles sold by the manufacturer after the effective date of this order.

(e) At the time of, or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser for resale at wholesale on or after the effective date of this order, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser of the ceiling price set by this order for resales at wholesale.

(f) The manufacturer, prior to shipping any article covered by this order which he sells at a price adjusted under this order, shall attach to the article a tag or label which contains the model number of the article, its OPA retail ceiling price, and a statement that the tag or label may not be removed until after the article has been sold to an ultimate consumer.

(g) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 338 UNDER REVISED SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. 119

The Chicago Electric Manufacturing Company, 6333 West 65th Street, Chicago 39, Illinois, hereinafter refered to as the applicant, has qualified for and received an adjustment under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119 in its ceiling prices for sales of a detachable wringer which it manufactures. The order granting the original adjustment also established dollar-and-cent ceiling prices for resale of the wringer at wholesale and retail.

Since the granting of the original increase, the applicant has incurred additional increases in his material and labor increases cognizable by this Office under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119. The applicant has, therefore, applied for a further adjustment under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119 to recompense him for these additional cost increases. The procedures set forth in Revised Supplementary Order No. 119 have been applied to the adjusted cost data submitted by the applicant and a price increase factor has been determined for the product line in accordance with the provisions of the order. The accompanying order permits the applicant to increase his ceiling price previously established under Revised Supplementary Order No. 119 by 2.7 percent.

For the reasons stated in the opinion accompanying the order granting the original adjustment the accompanying order also establishes adjusted dollar-and-cent resale ceiling prices and requires the applicant to tag the articles with their OPA retail ceiling prices. Those reasons are incorporated herein by reference.

The resale ceiling prices established by the accompanying order allow resellers to pass on to purchasers from them the adjustment permitted the manufacturer, in accordance with the existing policy of this office with respect to individual adjustments granted to manufacturers.

To insure notice to wholesale distributors of the ceiling price established by the accompanying order for their resales, the applicant is required to notify purchasers from him for resale at wholesale of the ceiling price and conditions of sale set by the order for resales by the purchaser.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16939; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:47 a. m.]

[SO 133, Order 71]

COMMERCIAL FURNITURE CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to Supplementary Order No. 133, it is ordered:

(a) *Manufacturer's maximum prices.* The Commercial Furniture Co., 2739 West Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, may increase by 12 per cent its current maximum prices for sales of wood office desks and tables which it manufactures.

(b) *Maximum prices of purchasers for resale.* A reseller shall calculate his ceiling price by adding to his invoice cost the same percentage markup which he had on March 31, 1946 on the same article or if he had no properly established maximum price for the particular article, the same percentage markup which he has on the "most comparable article" for which he has a properly established ceiling price. For this purpose, the "most comparable article" is the one which meets all of the following tests:

(1) It belongs to the narrowest trade category which includes the article being priced.

(2) Both it and the article being priced were purchased from the same class of supplier.

(3) Both it and the article being priced belong to a class of article to which, according to customary trade practices, an approximately uniform percentage markup is applied.

(4) Its net replacement cost is nearest to the net cost of the article being priced.

The determination of a ceiling price in this way need not be reported to the Office of Price Administration; however, each seller must keep complete records showing all the information called for by the OPA Form 620-759 with regard to how he determined his ceiling price, for so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect.

If the maximum resale price cannot be determined under the above method, the reseller shall apply to the Office of Price Administration for the establishment of a ceiling price under § 1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Ceiling prices established under that section will reflect the supplier's prices as adjusted in accordance with this order.

(c) *Terms of sale.* Maximum prices adjusted by this order are subject to each seller's terms, allowances and other price differentials in effect during March 1942, or which have been properly established under the applicable OPA regulation.

(d) *Notification.* At the time of, or prior to the first invoice to a purchaser for resale, showing a price adjusted in accordance with the terms of this order, the seller shall notify the purchaser in writing of the methods established in paragraph (b) of this order for determining adjusted maximum prices for resales of the articles covered by this order. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(e) *Reports.* The manufacturer shall file the report described in section 5 of Supplementary Order No. 133 with the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C.

The provisions of Supplementary Order No. 153 shall not apply to resale prices of articles covered by this order.

(f) *Revocation or amendment.* This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administration at any time.

(g) *Effective date.* This order shall become effective on the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 71 UNDER SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. 133

Commercial Furniture Co., 2739 West Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, applied to the Office of Price Administration under the provisions of Supplementary Order No. 133 for adjustment of its maximum prices for sales of wood office desks and tables which it manufactures.

Supplementary Order No. 133 authorizes the granting of an increase in the maximum prices of a manufacturer when his products are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, if the manufacturer shows that unless such an adjustment is authorized, he will be compelled to conduct his entire business operations at a loss. In addition, it must appear that the loss is not due to any of the factors listed in section 3 (b) of Supplementary Order No. 133.

The information submitted demonstrates that the articles in question are covered by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188; that the manufacturer's current over-all operations are being conducted at a loss; and that such loss is not occasioned by any of the factors listed in section 3 (b) of Supplementary Order No. 133. Therefore, the accompanying order permits a uniform percentage increase in the manufacturer's maximum prices with respect to the items specified in the application. This increase will enable the manufacturer to operate without loss.

In compliance with the requirements of section 5 of Supplementary Order No. 133, the manufacturer is advised of his duty to file a profit and loss statement covering the first three (3) months of his operations under this order with the Office of Price Administration, Washington 25, D. C., within four (4) months after the effective date of this order.

In addition and in accordance with the provisions of Order 5104 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, the accompanying order provides for a continuation of reseller's percentage markups in effect on March 31, 1946. This is in accordance with the provisions of the Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16940; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[SO 148, Order 37]

BISCHOFF, SONS AND CO.

ADJUSTMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to Supplementary Order No. 148, it is ordered:

(a) *Manufacturer's ceiling prices.* Bischoff, Sons and Company, Culloden, West Virginia, may sell and deliver to wholesale distributors the following articles of illuminating glassware which it manufactures, at the following adjusted maximum prices:

Article	Model No.	Adjusted maximum price to wholesale distributors
		Per dozen
Bath shade	11-75	$2.08
Do	158-70	2.36
Bell shade	8	1.66
Opal dish	555	4.48
Do	556	5.85
Do	557	7.67
Opal unit	590-12 x 6	6.39
Do	590-14 x 6	8.13
Do	590-16 x 6	11.62
Opal balls	14-6 x 3¼	2.30
Do	14-8 x 4	2.93
Do	14-10 x 4	4.28
Unit globe	590-7 x 4	2.48
Do	590-8½ x 4	2.93
Do	590-10 x 4	4.28
Opal balls	14/12	6.17
Do	14/14	8.18
Oval bowl	552	6.93
Do	551	5.41
Do	550	3.08

(b) *Maximum prices of purchasers for resale.* A purchaser for resale shall determine his maximum price by adding to his invoice cost the same percentage markup which he has on the "most comparable article" for which he has a properly established maximum price. For this purpose, the "most comparable article" is one which meets all of the following tests:

(1) It belongs to the narrowest trade category which includes the article being priced.

(2) Both it and the article being priced were purchased from the same class of supplier.

(3) Both it and the article being priced belong to a class of articles to which, according to trade practices, an approximately uniform percentage markup is applied.

(4) Its net replacement cost is nearest to the net cost of the article being priced.

The determination of a ceiling price in this way need not be reported to the Office of Price Administration; however, each seller must keep complete records showing all the information called for by OPA Form 620-759 with regard to how he determined his ceiling price, for so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, remains in effect.

If the maximum price cannot be determined under the above method, the reseller shall apply to the Office of Price Administration, for the establishment of a maximum price under § 1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation. Maximum prices established under that section will reflect the supplier's prices as adjusted in accordance with this order.

(c) *Terms of sale.* Maximum prices adjusted by this order are subject to each seller's customary terms, discounts, allowances and other price differentials on sales to each class of purchaser in effect during March 1942, or established under any applicable OPA regulation.

(d) *Notification.* At the time of, or prior to the first invoice to a purchaser for resale showing a ceiling price adjusted in accordance with the terms of this order, the seller shall notify the purchaser in writing of the adjusted ceiling prices for resale of the articles covered by this order. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(e) *Relation between this order and Supplementary Order No. 153.* The provisions of Supplementary Order No. 153 shall not apply to sales of any of the articles covered by this order.

This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 37 UNDER SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. 148

Bischoff, Sons and Company, Culloden, West Virginia, completed its application for an adjustment in its maximum prices for sales of certain articles of illuminating glassware which it manufactures. This application has been considered under the provisions of Supplementary Order No. 148.

Supplementary Order No. 148 allows an adjustment of maximum prices for sales by manufacturers of certain "low-end" articles listed in Appendix A of that order, which appendix includes the articles above-mentioned, whereby adjusted maximum prices do not exceed the appropriate "cutoff" price for the commodity listed in the same appendix. A manufacturer's maximum price for a low-end article may be adjusted if his maximum price, including any adjustments previously authorized by the Office of Price Administration, is below the adjusted maximum price for which he can qualify under Supplementary Order No. 148.

The adjusted maximum price may be in an amount sufficient to cover the total unit cost to the manufacturer to make and sell the article plus one-half the industry's average profit margin during a normal peacetime period, determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Supplementary Order No. 148, provided same does not exceed the appropriate dollars-and-cents cutoff prices, or the maximum percentage adjustment set forth for the article in Appendix A. None of the adjusted maximum prices set forth in the accompanying order

exceed the appropriate cutoff prices or maximum percentage adjustments.

No adjusted price is established by the order for the I. E. S. Shade Model 742/8 for the reason that it does not appear that applicant has a properly established maximum price for sales by it of that article.

As to the articles listed at the end of this paragraph, the adjusted maximum price includes only applicant's total unit cost to make and sell without any profit margin. The reason for this is that applicant has not set forth in his application what his own profit margin was in the base period (1936–1939) and, therefore, no such margin has been included in the necessary calculation. It was felt that in the interest of speed, the order would be issued in that way, rather than to delay same pending the receipt of further information from the applicant. The applicant may, therefore, apply for a further adjustment as to those prices upon further application setting forth the correct profit margin. In certain cases, the industry's profit factors are established by inclusion in Appendix A of Supplementary Order No. 148, but the order states that if a profit factor is not listed in the appendix, one-half the manufacturer's own profit margin during the base period may be used. The articles referred to in this paragraph are:

Opal unit, 590–12 x 6.
Opal unit, 590–14 x 6.
Opal unit, 590–16 x 6.
Opal ball, 14/12.
Opal ball, 14/14.
Oval bowl, 552.
Oval bowl, 551.

Adjusted maximum prices on the other articles covered by this order are established finally because the inclusion of the profit factor is not important as to them. The reason for this is that those prices are established by the use of the maximum percentage adjustments allowable which limit the amount of the adjustment that applicant would otherwise be entitled to, and even with the deduction of the profit factor, the adjusted price is still limited by the percentage amount. This is not true in the case of the articles listed above as the allowable percentage adjustments allow prices that are higher than the prices to which applicant is entitled.

Ceiling prices of purchasers for resale of the articles which the manufacturer sells at adjusted prices are established, allowing them their customary markups for their types of distributive operations. The order is, therefore, in conformity with the provisions of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, which provides that "In establishing maximum prices applicable to wholesale or retail distributors, the Administrator shall allow the average current cost of acquisition of any commodity, plus such average percentage discount or markup as was in effect on March 31, 1946."

[F. R. Doc. 46-16941; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[MPR 188, Order 5191]

Artistic Products Co.

Approval of Maximum Prices

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes maximum prices for sales and deliveries of certain articles manufactured by Artistic Products Company, 4856 West Adams Boulevard, Los Angeles 16, California.

(1) For all sales and deliveries to the following classes of purchasers by the sellers indicated below, the maximum prices are those set forth below:

Article	Model No.	For sale by manufacturer to—		For sale by any person to consumers
		Jobbers	Retailers	
		Each	*Each*	*Each*
Plated-metal 6-way floor lamp with onyx insert.	107	$9.72	$11.44	$20.59
Plated-metal torchier with onyx insert and glass diffuser.	208	11.76	13.84	24.91
Glazed-pottery table lamp.	501-F	4.25	5.00	9.00
Decorated-china table lamp.	L-601-A	5.52	6.50	11.70
Do	901	6.37	7.50	13.50
Do	1001	7.61	8.95	16.11
Do	1101	5.91	6.95	12.51

These maximum prices are for the articles described in the manufacturer's application dated August 2, 1946.

(2) For sales by the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries since Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 became applicable to those sales and deliveries. For sales to persons other than consumers they are f. o. b. Los Angeles, California, 1% 10 days, net 30. The maximum price to consumers is net delivered.

(3) For sales by persons other than the manufacturer, the maximum prices apply to all sales and deliveries after the effective date of this order. Those prices are subject to each seller's customary terms and conditions of sale on sales of similar articles.

(4) If the manufacturer wishes to make sales and deliveries to any other class of purchaser or on other terms and conditions of sale, he must apply to the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., under the fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, of Maximum Price Regulation 188, for the establishment of maximum prices for those sales, and no sales or deliveries may be made until maximum prices have been authorized by the Office of Price Administration.

(b) The manufacturer shall attach a tag or label to every article for which a maximum price for sales to consumers is established by this order. That tag or label shall contain the following statement, with the proper model number and the ceiling price inserted in the blank spaces:

Model Number ------
OPA Retail Ceiling Price—$------
Do Not Detach

(c) At the time of, or prior to, the first invoice to each purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser in writing of the maximum prices and conditions established by this order for sales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Jobbers' maximum prices for sales of the articles covered by this order shall be established under the provisions of section 4.5 of SR 14J.

(e) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This order shall become effective on the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

Paul A. Porter,
Administrator.

Opinion Accompanying Order No. 5191 Under Section 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188

By application dated August 2, 1946, the Artistic Products Company, 4856 West Adams Boulevard, Los Angeles 16, California, herein called the applicant, requested the Office of Price Administration to establish maximum prices for sales of lamps which it manufactures.

Since the applicant has not previously manufactured an article the maximum price of which may be used as a basis for pricing the articles described in the application under one of the first three pricing methods of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188, it has been necessary to consider the application under the Fourth Pricing Method, § 1499.158, which requires that prices be set in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

The specifications, construction and design of the applicant's product have been compared with those of comparable competitive articles for which maximum prices have been properly established under the Regulation. The prices established by this order are in line with the maximum prices of those comparable articles for sales to the same classes of purchasers and are, therefore, in line with the level of maximum prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 188.

Highly inflationary tendencies have developed as a result of a great shortage in the supply of these articles. The Administrator has, therefore, deemed it advisable to establish maximum resale prices. These prices are in line with the general levels of maximum resale prices for similar merchandise, allowing the sellers markups normally enjoyed in the industry for their types of distributive operations.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16943; Filed Sept. 19, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[RMPR 86, Order 77]

Kitchen Queen

Approval of Maximum Prices

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register

and pursuant to section 14 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86, *It is ordered:*

(a) This order establishes resale ceiling prices for sales of the Model No. 48–K portable washing machine and cabinet manufactured by S. H. Golden, Albert A. Pass, Irving Garsson, doing business as "Kitchen Queen," a Co-partnership, 1850 West 21st Street, Chicago, Illinois. The ceiling prices established include all the adjustments allowed under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 and are not, therefore, subject to any further increase under that regulation.

(1) Distributors' ceiling prices for sales to dealers are as follows:

Model	Quantity	Ceiling prices for sales to dealers		
		Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3
		Each	*Each*	*Each*
48 K with cabinet	1–5	$45.82	$48.32	$49.32
	6 or more	42.30	44.80	45.80

(2) Dealers' ceiling prices for sales to consumers are as follows:

Model	Ceiling prices for sales to consumers [1]		
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3
	Each	*Each*	*Each*
48 K with cabinet	$79.50	$73	$74

[1] These prices include delivery.

(b) For purposes of this order Zones 1, 2, and 3 are comprised as follows:

Zone 1—North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky.

Zone 2—Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, and Oklahoma.

Zone 3—Washington, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Wyoming, California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Florida.

(c) At the time of or prior to, the first invoice to each distributor, the manufacturer shall notify him of the ceiling prices established by this order for resales by the distributor. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) All of the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 continue to apply to all sales and deliveries of machines covered by this order, except to the extent that those provisions are modified by this order.

(e) Unless the context requires otherwise, the definitions set forth in the various sections of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 shall apply to the terms used herein.

(f) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective on the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER 77 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 86

S. H. Golden, Albert A. Pass, Irving Garsson, doing business as "Kitchen Queen", 1850 West 21st Street, Chicago, Illinois, have established their ceiling prices for sales of new model portable washing machine and cabinet which they are manufacturing under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86.

Section 14 of the same regulation provides that whenever the manufacturer's ceiling prices for a washer have been determined under the regulation, an order may be issued fixing ceiling prices for resales of the machine by distributors and dealers. The new model washer is the first machine produced by the manufacturer which weighs so much that there is a need to set up resale price zones which reflect the difference in the cost of shipping the machine to various parts of the United States. Since the manufacturer has no previously established resale price zones, it is necessary to issue an order under section 14 in which such zones are set up.

The accompanying order, pursuant to section 14 sets up resale ceiling prices and price zones. The resale ceiling prices established allow resellers average markups over their cost equal to those they received on March 31, 1946 in connection with sales of similar machines produced by the same manufacturer. The prices established include the increases allowed by sections 15 and 16 b of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 and may not, therefore, be increased under those sections. The resale price zones set up are the same as those of other manufacturers located in the same freight rate area. The zone differentials set up are based upon the average cost of shipping the new model to each of the zones.

To insure compliance by the manufacturer with the preticketing, notification, and terms-of-sale provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 the order also specifies that the ceiling prices established therein are subject to all the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 86 not modified by the specific provisions of the order.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16942; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:48 a. m.]

[MPR 599, Amdt. 3 to Order 8]

NASH-KELVINATOR CORP.

APPROVAL OF CEILING PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register; and pursuant to section 11 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 599, *It is ordered:* That Order No. 8 under section 11 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 599 be amended in the following respects:

1. Paragraph (b) is amended by substituting the phrase "E. O. H. charge of $2.55" for the phrase, "E. O. H. charge of $2.35" wherever the latter phrase appears in that paragraph.

This amendment shall become effective on the 20th day of September 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO ORDER NO. 8 UNDER SECTION 11 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 599

Order No. 8 under Section 11 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 599 hereinafter referred to as Order No. 8, as originally issued, provided that to the ceiling prices established by the order there could be added an E. O. H. charge of $2.35 for each radio. The E. O. H. charge is the amount of the Federal excise tax.

Thereafter Order No. 8 was amended to increase the ceiling prices originally established. Inadvertently it was overlooked that the amount of the Federal excise tax was increased by this action and that the E. O. H. charge should have been increased proportionately.

The accompanying amendment provides for the necessary increase in the E. O. H. charge.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16945; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[MPR 592, Order 148]

PERMANENTE METALS CORP.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 10 of Maximum Price Regulation 592, *It is ordered:*

(a) Maximum f. o. b. plant, Natividad, California, prices for sales by any person of the following line products manufactured by the Permanente Metals Corporation, shall be:

	Dealer	Industrial	Putty plant
		Ton	*Ton*
Hydrated lime	$17.50 ton	$16.00	
Processed quicklime (3-60# paper bags).	$1.75 barrel	18.40	
Crushed quicklime (bulk).		13.00	$14.50
Crushed quicklime (paper bag).		15.00	16.50

(b) The above prices shall be subject to a cash discount of 25¢ per ton or 5¢ per barrel, if payment is made by the 10th of the month following date of invoice.

(c) The above prices shall be subject to a quantity premium as follows:

	Premium
Less than 5 tons	$2.00
From 5 tons to 15 tons	1.00

(d) The premiums provided for in (c) above shall apply to dealers' maximum prices to their purchasers.

(e) The above prices include all price increases authorized by Order No. 1 to date and may not be further increased pursuant to the provisions of Order No. 1 as are in effect as of the date of this order.

(f) All provisions of Maximum Price Regulation 592 not inconsistent with this

order shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(g) This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective September 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

PAUL A. PORTER,
Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 148 UNDER SECTION 10 OF MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 592

The Permanente Metals Corporation, Oakland, California, has applied for maximum prices f. o. b. plant for sales by any person of various lime products manufactured at its plant located at Natividad, California. From the data submitted it appears that the lime products are properly priced under the provisions of section 10 of Maximum Price Regulation 592.

In the judgment of the Administrator, the requested prices are in line with the level of maximum prices otherwise established for comparable commodities by the regulation, and are, therefore, established by the accompanying order.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16944; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:49 a. m.]

[RMPR 143, Order 42]

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR NEW RUBBER TIRES AND TUBES

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 7 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 143; *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum retail prices for the following new sizes of logger tires of S-11 rayon construction manufactured by The Gates Rubber Company, Denver, Colo., shall be:

Size	Ply	Maximum retail price
		Each
8.25-20	12	$89.53
9.00-20	12	108.60
10.00-20	14	135.30

(b) The maximum wholesale price for sales of the tires described in paragraph (a) above when sold by The Gates Rubber Company, Denver, Colo., shall be determined by applying the appropriate discount determined under section 3 (b) (2) RMPR 143 to the discount base for such tire listed below and adding to the price so computed the amount of the wholesale increase specified for such tire below:

Size	Ply	Discount base	Wholesale increase
8.25-20	12	$87.35	$5.59
9.00-20	12	105.95	6.78
10.00-20	14	132.00	8.45

(c) All provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528 not inconsistent with this order shall apply to retail sales of commodities covered by this order. All provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 143 not inconsistent with this order should apply to wholesale sales of commodities covered by this order.

(d) This order may be amended or revoked by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective September 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 42 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 143

The Gates Rubber Company, Denver, Colorado, has applied for approval of maximum retail prices for several sizes of Logger tires of S-11 rayon construction being added to its tire line. Since these tires are not listed in Appendix III to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 143 for the purpose of determination of wholesale prices when sold by the manufacturer or brand owner, it is necessary to establish such wholesale price by authorization under section 7 of that regulation. In connection with the establishment of wholesale prices, maximum retail prices may also be established under the provisions of that section since these tires are not priced at retail under the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528 nor were they listed in any price list of the manufacturer as of February 1, 1944. This order therefore also establishes maximum retail prices for sales of these tires by any person.

The maximum prices fixed by this order bear the normal relationship to the maximum prices fixed by the regulations for other sizes of this type of tire and such maximum prices are consistent with the level of maximum prices otherwise fixed by RMPR 143 for wholesale sales and RMPR 528 for retail sales.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17039; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[RMPR 528, Order 139]

UNITED STATES RUBBER CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 16 (d) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum retail prices for the following sizes of U. S. Royal Air Guard passenger car tubes manufactured by the United States Rubber Company, New York 20, New York, shall be:

Size:	*Maximum retail price, each*
6.00-16	$5.50
6.50-16	6.30
6.50-15	6.40
7.00-15	6.45
7.00-16	6.60
7.50-15	7.50
7.50-16	7.80

(b) All provisions of RMPR 528 not inconsistent with this order shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective September 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 139 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 528

The United States Rubber Company, 1230 Avenue of the Americas, New York 20, New York, has made application for approval of maximum retail prices for seven new sizes of U. S. Royal Air Guard passenger car tubes being added to its line. Maximum retail prices for these Special Purpose tubes are determined under paragraph (d) of section 16.

The maximum retail prices fixed by the accompanying order bear the normal relationship to the maximum prices fixed by the regulation for other sizes of this type of tube, and such maximum retail prices are consistent with the level of maximum prices otherwise fixed by the regulation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17040; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[RMPR 528, Order 140]

WABER CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to section 16 (d) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 528, *It is ordered:*

(a) The maximum retail price for a 12.00-24 Waber Special Purpose Truck tube manufactured for The Waber Co., Chicago, Illinois, shall be $38.40 each.

(b) All provisions of RMPR 528 not inconsistent with this order shall apply to sales covered by this order.

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective September 20, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. 140 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 528

The Waber Co. of Chicago, Illinois, has made application for approval of a maximum retail price for a new size Waber Special Purpose Truck tube being added to its line. A maximum retail price for this Special Purpose tube is determined under paragraph (d) of section 16.

The maximum retail price fixed by the accompanying order bears the normal relationship to the maximum prices fixed by the regulation for other sizes of this type of tube, and such maximum retail prices are consistent with the level of maximum prices otherwise fixed by the regulation.

[F. R. Doc. 46-17041; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

[MPR 610, Amdt. 1 to Order 9]

OSHKOSH MOTOR TRUCK, INC.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to section 7 of Maximum Price Regulation 610, *It is ordered:*

Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation 610 is amended in the following respects:

1. The schedule in paragraph (a) (1) is amended to include the following truck model and its list price:

Model No.	Description	List price at factory
W-1700	Truck, chassis and cab, gasoline powered, 4-wheel drive, 28,000 pounds gross vehicle weight, 150" wheelbase; standard specifications and equipment as of January 1, 1941, for Model W-700, excepting the following modifications; elimination of 2-speed auxiliary transmission; lighter transfer case; single reduction replacing double reduction front and rear axles; elimination of one 50-gallon gas tank; elimination of pintle hook	$7,880

This amendment shall become effective September 19, 1946 for new Model W–1700 Oshkosh trucks and extra or optional equipment sold by the Company on and after September 19, 1946.

Issued this 19th day of September 1946.

JAMES G. ROGERS, Jr.,
Acting Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT 1 TO ORDER 9 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION 610

Oshkosh Motor Truck, Inc. has applied for a maximum price on its Model W–1700 truck, chassis with cab. This truck is a modification of truck Model W–700 for which the Company has a maximum price authorized under section 8 of Maximum Price Regulation 610.

The maximum price for a vehicle which is a modification of a vehicle that has a price under section 8 is determined under section 7. The price established under section 7 is one that consists of the price under section 8 for the vehicle which is modified plus or minus the difference in direct cost due to the modification.

In this case there is a reduction of direct cost due to the use of lighter components in the modified vehicle. It appears that the amount of the reduction is commensurate with the reduction in cost due to the modification. The resulting price which has been submitted by the Company is, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of section 7 and has been authorized in this action as a maximum price for the modified vehicle.

[F. R. Doc. 46–17042; Filed, Sept. 19, 1946; 8:56 a. m.]

Regional and District Office Orders.

[Connecticut Order G–7 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 3]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN CONNECTICUT

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68, as amended, and Region I Second Revised Order of Delegation, Region I Order G–7 is amended in the following respects:

Section 2 of said order is amended by adding the following paragraph (d):

(d) Each seller covered by this order may increase the price of any item listed in Appendix A by the amount permitted all resellers of such item (including those subject to area Orders Issued under General Order No. 68) by any amendment or order of the Office of Price Administration which increases the maximum prices of his supplier of that item. However, this can be done only if the effective date of the action increasing his supplier's maximum price is later than the date of the price table listing such item in said Appendix A. Thus, if the supplier's maximum price for a product is increased, and at some later date the price for the product listed in the price table is increased, the amendment to this order effecting the price table increase in said Appendix A will supersede the increase originally granted by the amendment or order increasing the supplier's maximum price.

Appendix A of said Order G–7, as amended by Amendments 1 and 2 thereto, is hereby deleted and the following Appendix A is substituted therefor:

APPENDIX A

MAXIMUM PRICE FOR HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN CONNECTICUT (COVERING ALL SALES TO ULTIMATE CONSUMERS OR TO PURCHASERS FOR RESALE ON AN INSTALLED BASIS)

Item No.	Description of commodity	Maximum price (subject to customary discounts and including delivery within the seller's customary free delivery zone)
1	Plaster, hard wall	$0.97 per 100-pound bag.
2	Plaster, gauging	$1.62 per 100-pound bag.
3	Plaster, moulding	$1.57 per 100-pound bag.
4	Keene's cement	$2.60 per 100-pound bag.
5	Finishing lime	$0.76 per 50-pound bag.
6	Gypsum lath, ⅜"	$26.25 per M square feet.
7	Metal lath, 2.2 pounds (painted diamond mesh).	$0.24 per square yard.
8	Metal lath, 2.5 pounds (painted diamond mesh).	$0.273 per square yard.
9	Galvanized metal lath, 2.5 pounds (diamond mesh).	$0.289 per square yard.
10	Metal lath, 3.4 pounds (painted diamond mesh).	$0.348 per square yard.
11	Galvanized metal lath, 3.4 pounds (diamond mesh).	$0.378 per square yard.
12	Metal lath, 2.75 pounds, flat rib, painted.	$0.319 per square yard.
13	Metal lath, 3.4 pounds, ⅜", high rib, painted.	$0.354 per square yard.
14	Metal lath, corner bead, galvanized, std. wing, 1½" flange.	$0.044 per linear foot.
15	Metal lath, corner bead, galvanized, std. expansion, 2½" flange.	$0.0535 per linear foot.
16	Portland cement (paper bag).	$0.815 per 94-pound bag.
17	Portland cement (paper bag) (for sales made in Hartford, Tolland, Windham, and Litchfield Counties only).	$0.865 per 94-pound bag.
18	Mason's hydrated lime (cold).	$0.633 per 50-pound bag.
19	Waterproof cement	$1.065 per 94-pound bag.
20	Gypsum wallboard, ⅜"	$44.25 per 1,000 square feet.
21	Gypsum wallboard, ½"	$44.64 per 1,000 square feet.
22	Asphalt roofing (90-pound mineral surface).	$2.86 per roll.

APPENDIX A—Continued

MAXIMUM PRICE FOR HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN CONNECTICUT (COVERING ALL SALES TO ULTIMATE CONSUMERS OR TO PURCHASERS FOR RESALE ON AN INSTALLED BASIS)—continued

Item No.	Description of commodity	Maximum price (subject to customary discounts and including delivery within the seller's customary free delivery zone)
23	Asphalt or tarred felt, 15 pounds.	$2.92 per roll.
24	Asphalt or tarred felt, 30 pounds.	$2.92 per roll.
25	Asphalt shingles (210 pounds 3 in 1 thick butt).	$6.48 per square.
26	Asphalt shingles, 165 pounds, 2 tab.	$4.97 per square.
27	Fibre insulation board, ½" std.	$55.36 per 1,000 square feet.
28	Fibre insulation board, 25/32" std. (asphalt coated).	$83.20 per 1,000 square feet.
29	Asbestos-cement siding, 12" x 27". 5 std. colors.	$8.66 per 100 square feet.
30	Std. density synthetic fibre board.	$85.00 per 1,000 square feet.
31	Hard density fibre board, ⅛" tempered.	$90.00 per 1,000 square feet.
32	Thermal insulation blankets (medium) (paper backed).	$48.00 per 1,000 square feet.
33	Thermal insulation blankets (single) (paper backed).	$42.00 per 1,000 square feet.
34	Thermal insulation blankets (thick) (paper backed).	$65.00 per 1,000 square feet.
35	Thermal insulation batts 2" thick (paper backed).	$45.00 per 1,000 square feet.
36	Thermal insulation batts full thick (paper backed).	$65.00 per 1,000 square feet.
37	Thermal insulation, loose, plain.	$1.30 per 40-pound bag.
38	Thermal insulation (nodulated).	$1.45 per 40-pound bag.
39	Thermal insulation (nodulated).	$1.20 per 35-pound bag.

This amendment shall become effective August 23, 1946.

Issued this 23d day of August 1946.

STANLEY CRUTE,
District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO REGION I ORDER NO. G–7 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

This amendment increases resellers' maximum prices established by Region I Order No. G–7 issued under General Order No. 68 for certain hard building materials. This action has been taken in order to reflect the increases in producers' maximum prices for those commodities permitted by Amendments Nos. 44, 49, 51, 53, 54, 55 and 57 to Order No. 1 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, Amendment No. 17 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 224, Amendment No. 22 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 206, Amendment No. 8 to Revised Price Schedule No. 45 and Amendment No. 6 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 466.

For some items, increases were authorized by Amendments 1 and 2 to Order No. G–7, but for others this is the first increase in maximum prices since March 31, 1946. Under section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the stated percentage increase should permit resellers to increase their maximum prices for those commodities by the average percentage increase in their acquisition cost, this action should permit resellers to realize the same average percentage mark-up on these commodities as was in effect on March 31, 1946, and the purpose of this amendment is to accomplish that.

This amendment will have the effect, in accordance with section 1 (b) of Sup-

plementary Order No. 172, of superseding the provisions of Supplementary Order No. 172 which modified resellers' maximum prices established under General Order No. 68 for certain building and construction materials. It is also intended that Amendments to said Order No. G-7 will be issued from time to time to reflect in Appendix A the permitted increases in maximum prices at the manufacturer's level.

The prices fixed in this amendment are generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the Stabilization Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250, 9328, 9599 and 9697.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16836; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:53 a. m.]

[Region II 2d Rev. Adopting Order 21 Under Basic Order 1 Under Gen. Order 68]

WESTERN SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD IN WESTERN NEW YORK AND NORTHWESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region II by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, by General Order 68 as amended, and by Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, it is hereby ordered:

SECTION 1. *What this order covers.* This Second Revised Adopting Order under Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under General Order 68 as amended, covers all retail sales of the sizes and types of plywood listed in the annexed price tables made by sellers located in the Counties of Niagara, Erie, Chautauqua, and Catteraugus in the State of New York, and the counties of Warren, Forest, Clarion, Armstrong, Westmoreland, Washington, Beaver, Butler, Allegheny, Lawrence, Mercer, Crawford, Erie and Venango, in the State of Pennsylvania, which counties constitute the portion of the States of New York and Pennsylvania in which the carload freight rate of plywood from Seattle, Washington is 98½¢ per CWT. All provisions of Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under General Order No. 68 as amended, are adopted in this order and are just as much a part of this order as if specifically set forth herein. If said Basic Order No. 1 is further amended in any respect the provisions of said Order as amended shall likewise without further action become part of this order. All persons subject to this adopting order are also subject to Basic Order No. 1 as amended under General Order No. 68 as amended, and should be familiar with the provisions of said order. This Second Revised Adopting Order supersedes Revised Adopting Order No. 21 under Basic Order No. 1 under General Order 68 issued May 27, 1946 and effective as of March 30, 1946, and said Revised Adopting Order No. 21 under Basic Order No. 1 under General Order No. 68 is revoked as of the effective date of this order.

SEC. 2. *Definition of retail sales.* A retail sale means any sale to the ultimate consumer, or to a contractor for installation rather than resale, except where the sale is made by a plywood manufacturer, or a plywood distribution plant who in 1941 received more than 20 percent of its dollar income from the sales of plywood or veneer of any kind. These latter types of sales remain subject to the provisions of 3d RMPR 13.

SEC. 3. *Maximum prices.* Maximum Prices as herein set forth are different for each of two classes of retailers:

Class I retailers are those who since June 20, 1945, purchased or purchase at least one carload of plywood on direct mill shipment. Any shipment which comes directly from the mill without becoming an integral part of the stock of a distribution plant or a retail yard is a direct mill shipment no matter who the seller is. Class II retailers are all other retail sellers principally those who buy their plywood from distribution plants.

Maximum prices for Class I retailers in quantities under 1,000 square feet are set forth in Table I-A hereto annexed and made a part of this order. Maximum prices for Class I retailers in quantities of 1,000 square feet and over are set forth in Table I-A hereto annexed and made a part of this order. Maximum prices for Class II retailers in quantities under 1,000 square feet are set forth in Table II-A hereto annexed and made a part of this order. Maximum prices for Class II retailers in quantities of 1,000 square feet and over are set forth in Table II-B hereto annexed and made a part of this order.

SEC. 4. *Additions for delivery.* The above prices include all charges and additions for delivery in the seller's free delivery zone as recognized by him during March 1942. No deduction need be made if the purchaser elects to do his own delivery. If delivery is made outside the free delivery zone, the seller may add for delivery as prescribed in section 4 and 5 of 3d RMPR 13, namely the amount computed by multiplying the estimated weights in section 22 of 3d RMPR 13 by the applicable rail freight rate. Any addition for delivery must be shown separately on the invoice.

SEC. 5. *Discounts and allowances.* The maximum prices in this order include all commissions. All customary discounts for cash must be continued. Differentials in price based on quantity sold must be observed as set forth in the price tables.

SEC. 6. *Relationship of this order to Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under General Order No. 68 as amended and to 3d RMPR 13.* As previously stated all provisions of Basic Order No. 1 as amended, are adopted by this order. The maximum prices fixed by this order supersede any maximum price or pricing method previously established by any other regulation or order and specifically by 3d RMPR. Except to the extent that they are inconsistent with the provisions of this order, all other provisions of 3d RMPR 13 shall remain applicable to sales covered by this order.

SEC. 7. *Posting of maximum prices.* Every seller making sales covered by this order shall post a copy of his list of maximum prices as fixed by this order in each of his places of business within the area covered by this order. Class I sellers shall post Tables I-A and I-B, and Class II sellers shall post Tables II-A and II-B. Posting of Tables II-A and II-B, by Class I sellers is a violation of this order.

SEC. 8. (a) *Records and sales slips.* The provisions of section (e) of Basic Order No. 1 covering sales slips and records are adopted in and applicable to this order as though specifically set forth herein; and also on any sale of $50.00 or more each seller regardless of previous custom, must keep records showing at least the following:

(1) Name and address of buyer.
(2) Date of transaction.
(3) Place of delivery.
(4) Complete description of each item sold and price charged.

(b) *Maximum prices for insufficiently described items.* Where the seller's records or sales slip upon a sale of any commodity covered by this order in the area covered by this order, do not contain a sufficiently complete description to identify the exact nature, type, size, or quantity of the commodity, and thus determine the maximum price fixed by the applicable table of this order, the maximum price applicable to such sale shall be the lowest maximum price which can be computed under the applicable table of this order in accordance with the incomplete description.

SEC. 9. *Adjustments for resellers to reflect increases in supplier prices.*—(a) *Applicability.* This section is applicable only to resellers whose supplier's prices have been increased by amendment or order, and where the amendment or order, which grants the increase, provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order 68) may increase their maximum prices for the commodity in question.

(b) Resellers may increase the prices listed in this order by any amount permitted for resellers by an industry wide or area wide amendment or order increasing the maximum prices of the suppliers of such resellers. This can be done, however, only if the effective date of the action increasing the supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated on the tables of prices contained in this order. Thus, if the subject's maximum price for a product is increased, and at some later date the price listed in this order is increased for this product, the amendment to this order will supersede the increase originally granted to resellers by the amendment or order which increased the supplier's maximum price.

SEC. 10. *Revocation or amendment.* This order may be revised, amended, revoked or modified at any time by the Regional Administrator or the Price Administrator.

This order shall be effective as of July 1, 1946.

Issued this 11th day of September 1946.

JAMES L. MEADER,
Regional Administrator.

FIR PLYWOOD RETAIL MAXIMUM PRICES

For sellers who purchase plywood in carload quantities, located in those portions of the States of New York and Pennsylvania where the carload freight rate on plywood from Seattle, Washington, is $0.985 per cwt. (See section 1 of Order.)

TABLE I-A—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF FIR PLYWOOD BY CLASS I RETAILERS

[For quantities sold under 1,000 square feet, prices per square foot]

S2S thickness, widths to 48" (except plypanel) [1] lengths to 96" [3]	Plywall	Plyform	Plypanel,[1] sound 2 sides [2]	Exterior grades			
				Marine	Sound 2 sides	Industrial	Sound 1 side
¼" 3-ply	$0.075	$0.0825	$0.0825	$0.1025	$0.0975	$0.085	$0.09
⅜" 3-ply	.0925		.09	.1275	.115	.11	.115
½" 5-ply	.11	.145	.12	.185	.1625	.16	.1575
⅝" 5-ply		.1625	.1425	.2125	.1925	.1875	.185
¾" 5-ply		.1825	.1625	.2475	.225	.2225	.22

[1] Plypanel prices are for widths over 36" through 48"; for widths over 24" through 36" deduct $0.0025 per square foot; for widths 24" and under deduct $0.005 per square foot.
[2] For plypanel, sound 1 side, deduct from the sound 2 sides price $0.005 per square foot except for ⅜" 3-ply.
[3] For widths over 48" through 60" (except plywall) add $0.0125 per square foot. For lengths over 8' through 9' add $0.0075 per square foot. For lengths over 9' through 10' add $0.0125 per square foot. For lengths over 10' through 11' add $0.02 per square foot. For lengths over 11' through 12' add $0.025 per square foot.

TABLE I-B—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF FIR PLYWOOD BY CLASS I RETAILERS

[For quantities sold 1,000 square feet or over. Prices per 1,000 square feet]

S2S thickness, widths to 48" (except plypanel) [1] lengths to 96" [3]	Plywall	Plyform	Plypanel,[1] sound 2 sides [2]	Exterior grades			
				Marine	Sound 2 sides	Industrial	Sound 1 side
¼" 3-ply	$68.00	$75.20	$76.65	$95.15	$88.65	$78.85	$82.65
⅜" 3-ply	85.20		82.75	118.00	104.65	101.75	106.55
½" 5-ply	100.55	132.20	111.05	169.65	149.65	146.75	143.80
⅝" 5-ply		150.05	131.25	196.45	176.45	173.55	170.60
¾" 5-ply		168.40	150.20	227.55	207.55	204.60	201.65

[1] Plypanel prices are for widths over 36" through 48"; for widths over 24" through 36" deduct $2.85 per M square feet; for widths 24" and under deduct $4.25 per M square feet.
[2] For plypanel, sound 1 side, deduct from the sound 2 side price $3.75 per M square feet except for ⅜" 3-ply.
[3] For widths over 48" through 60" (except plywall) add $11.75 per M square feet. For lengths over 8' through 9' add $7.75 per M square feet. For lengths over 9' through 10' add $11.75 per M square feet. For lengths over 10' through 11' add $19.45 per M square feet. For lengths over 11' through 12' add $23.45 per M square feet.

TABLE II-A—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF FIR PLYWOOD BY CLASS II RETAILERS

[For quantities sold under 1,000 square feet. Prices per square foot]

S2S thickness, widths to 48" (except plypanel) [1] lengths to 96" [3]	Plywall	Plyform	Plypanel,[1] sound 2 sides [2]	Exterior grades			
				Marine	Sound 2 sides	Industrial	Sound 1 side
¼" 3-ply	$0.08	$0.0875	$0.09	$0.11	$0.1025	$0.0925	$0.095
⅜" 3-ply	.10		.095	.1375	.1225	.1175	.125
½" 5-ply	.1175	.1525	.13	.1975	.175	.17	.1675
⅝" 5-ply		.175	.1525	.2275	.205	.2025	.1975
¾" 5-ply		.195	.175	.2650	.2425	.2375	.235

[1] Plypanel prices are for widths over 36" through 48"; for widths over 24" through 36" deduct $0.0025 per square foot; for widths 24" and under deduct $0.005 per square foot.
[2] For plypanel, sound 1 side, deduct from the sound 2 sides price $0.005 per square foot; except for ⅜" 3-ply.
[3] For widths over 48" through 60" (except plywall) add $0.0125 per square foot. For lengths over 8' through 9' add $0.01 per square foot. For lengths over 9' through 10' add $0.0125 per square foot. For lengths over 10' through 11' add $0.0225 per square foot. For lengths over 11' through 12' add $0.0275 per square foot.

TABLE II-B—MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF FIR PLYWOOD BY CLASS II RETAILERS

[For quantities sold 1,000 square feet or over. Prices per 1,000 square feet]

S2S thickness, widths to 48" (except plypanel) [1] lengths to 96" [3]	Plywall	Plyform	Plypanel,[1] sound 2 sides [2]	Exterior grades			
				Marine	Sound 2 sides	Industrial	Sound 1 side
¼" 3-ply	$73.95	$81.80	$83.40	$103.45	$96.45	$85.75	$89.90
⅜" 3-ply	92.65		89.95	128.35	113.85	110.65	115.85
½" 5-ply	109.35	143.75	120.80	184.50	162.75	159.55	156.40
⅝" 5-ply		163.20	142.75	213.65	191.90	188.70	185.55
¾" 5-ply		183.15	163.35	247.45	225.70	222.50	219.30

[1] Plypanel prices are for widths over 36" through 48"; for widths over 24" through 36" deduct $3.10 per M square feet; for widths 24" and under $4.65 per M square feet.
[2] For plypanel, sound 1 side, deduct from the sound 2 sides price $4.10 per M square feet except for ⅜" 3-ply.
[3] For widths over 48" through 60" (except plywall) add $12.75 per M square feet. For lengths over 8' through 9' add $8.40 per M square feet. For lengths over 9' through 10' add $12.75 per M square feet. For lengths over 10' through 11' add $21.15 per M square feet. For lengths over 11' through 12' add $25.50 per M square feet.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING SECOND REVISED ADOPTING ORDER NO. 21 UNDER BASIC ORDER NO. 1 AS AMENDED, UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68 AS AMENDED

On May 27, 1946, Revised Adopting Order No. 21 under Basic Order No. 1 as amended, was issued effective as of March 30, 1946. This order fixed maximum prices at the retail level for Western softwood plywood for Western New York and Northwestern Pennsylvania, being the portions of the states of New York and Pennsylvania in which the carload freight rate on plywood from Seattle, Washington was then 93¢ per cwt. At the time of the issuance of that order, special mark-ups were applied to construction items of plywood, which have now been eliminated, and since the issuance of that order, a 6% increase in freight rates became effective July 1, 1946.

The accompanying order eliminates the distinction between construction and other plywood items, gives effect to the increased freight rate, and eliminates the cost absorption between March 31, 1946 and June 30, 1946, and preserves the retailers March 31, 1946 margin in compliance with the provisions of section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 as amended. The accompanying order also contains an adjustment provision to reflect increases in suppliers prices.

The provisions of the accompanying order and their effect upon business practices, cost practices, and methods in the industry affected have been carefully considered, and no provision which might have the effect of requiring a change in such methods or practices, has been included, except to the extent that such change is necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of this order.

The accompanying order supersedes Revised Adopting Order No. 21, under Basic Order No. 1 as amended, under General Order No. 68 as amended, which is revoked as of the effective date of this order, and the accompanying order takes effect as of July 1, 1946.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16835; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Newark Adopting Order 45 Under Basic Order 1 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

READY-MIX CONCRETE IN NORTHERN NEW JERSEY AREA

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region II by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, by General Order No. 68, as amended, and by Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, which authority has been duly delegated by such Regional Administrator to the District Director, Newark District Office, Adopting Order No. 45, as amended under General Order No. 68, as amended, is amended in the following respects:

SECTION 1. Schedule A of Adopting Order No. 45, is amended to read as follows:

SCHEDULE A

Maximum delivered prices per cubic yard for ready-mix concrete of the types listed below on sales in the counties of Bergen, Essex, Hudso , Passaic, and Union, all in the State of New Jersey, on sales by all persons to ultimate users or to purchasers for resale on an installed basis.

Mix	Gravel	Grit	Cinders	Crushed stone, dolomite or trap rock
1-1-1		$13.00		
1-1-2		11.88		$11.94
1-1½-3	$9.84	9.86	$9.60	9.89
1-1¾-3¼	9.39	9.41	9.15	9.44
1-1¾-3½	9.39	9.41	9.15	9.44
1-2-3	9.29	9.32	9.05	9.19
1-2-3½	9.10	9.12	8.85	8.99
1-2-4	8.95	8.98	8.72	8.85
1-2½-4	8.85	8.88	8.62	8.90
1-2½-4½	8.70	8.73	8.47	8.75
1-2-5	8.61	8.63	8.38	8.51
1-2½-5	8.61	8.64	8.38	8.66
1-3-5	8.42	8.45	8.19	8.47
1-3-6	8.37	8.41	8.14	8.27
1-4-8	7.64	7.67	7.39	7.98

Cement mortars or "grout" mixes: Mix	Price	Additional charges for admixtures
1-1	$17.56	Calcium chloride, $0.04 per pound.
1-1½	15.15	Hydrated lime, $0.01 per pound.
1-2	12.78	"Hy-Black", present customary differentials.
1-2½	12.22	Handling charge for other material supplied by contractor, $0.25 per cubic yard.
1-3	11.69	
1-3½	11.40	

The above prices are subject to the following delivery conditions:

Minimum unloading time, 20 minutes.

Charge beyond minimum, $5.00 per hour.

Overtime charge regular workday and for Saturday, $0.75 per cubic yard.

Customary practices for Sunday and holiday overtime charges shall be maintained.

Minimum load delivered, 5 cubic yards.

Split load charges, 1 cubic yard, $5.00 per cubic yard.

Split load charges, 2 cubic yards, $3.00 per cubic yard.

Split load charges, 3 cubic yards, $2.00 per cubic yard.

Split load charges, 4 cubic yards, $0.50 per cubic yard.

Discount: 2% ten days from date of invoice.

This amendment shall become effective immediately.

Issued this 13th day of August 1946.

RICHARD J. TARRANT,
District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ADOPTING ORDER NO. 45 UNDER BASIC ORDER NO. 1 AS AMENDED UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68 AS AMENDED

The accompanying amendment to Adopting Order No. 45 under Basic Order No. 1, as amended, under General Order No. 68, as amended, provides for varying amounts of price adjustments for ready-mixed concrete in the Northern New Jersey Area.

Adopting Order No. 45 was issued on June 12, 1946 and established as maximum prices for ready-mixed concrete the level of existing prices for the commodity. This level represented the producers' March 1942 prices plus an adjustment of 75 cents per cubic yard which had been granted on June 19, 1945.

Since the last price adjustment, producers of ready-mixed concrete have experienced increases in costs of sand and gravel. While operating data are available for the year 1945, such data are not adequate for pricing purposes because of the extremely depressed volume of most producers.

However, inasmuch as the adjustment granted in June 1945 was an amount sufficient only to return total costs of production to the highest cost producer whose output was necessary at the time of the adjustment and since the output of that producer is still required, it appears reasonable to conclude that there exists no ability on the part of the ready-mixed producers to absorb the recent cost increases.

Accordingly the accompanying amendment provides for adjustments which reflect recent cost increases in sand and gravel. The amount of adjustment provided for in the accompanying amendment represents the price relief requested by the majority of producers affected.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16834; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:55 a. m.]

[Region III Order G-8 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN LOUISVILLE, KY., AREA

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, which has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68 and of Regional Basic Order No. 1-B, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Table I of Order No. G-8 be amended to read as set forth in the price list marked Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(b) Where the amendment or order, which grants your supplier an increase in his maximum price, provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order No. 68) may increase their maximum price for the commodity in question, you may increase the price listed in this amendment by the amount permitted for resellers by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price. This can be done only if the effective date of the action increasing your supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated on the price list contained in this amendment.

(c) This amendment reflects the increase in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Resellers Maximum Prices Established under General Order No. 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials). Accordingly this amendment supersedes that supplementary order, and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that supplementary order.

(d) This Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G-8 shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued August 19, 1946.

J. F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

TABLE I TO ORDER NO. G-8 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

MAXIMUM RETAIL DELIVERED[1] PRICES FOR HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN THE LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, AREA, INCLUDING JEFFERSON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, AND FLOYD AND CLARK COUNTIES, INDIANA

Commodity and unit	*Price*
Plaster:	
Hard wall, 100 lbs	$1.15
Gauging, 100 pounds	1.50
Moulding, 100 pounds	1.50
Keene's cement, 100 pounds	2.25
Finishing lime, 50 pounds	.62
Gypsum lath, ⅜-inch, 1,000 square feet	25.50
Metal lath:	
Painted diamond mesh, 3.4 pound, square yard	.312
3.4 pound, ⅜-inch high rib painted, square yard	.3304
Corner bead, expanded, lineal foot	.0535
Portland cement:	
Standard (paper bag), 94-pound bag	.765
Standard (cloth bag), 94-pound bag	.865
Masonry mortar (paper sack), 70 pounds	.665
Mason's hydrated lime, 50-pound bag	.50
Waterproof cement (gray), 94-pound bag	.865
Gypsum block—partitions:	
3-inch hollow, square foot	.10
4-inch hollow, square foot	.12
Common brick, per 1,000	21.50
Clay drain tile, 4-inch, lineal foot	.07
Vitrified clay sewer pipe:	
No. 1SS, 4-inch, lineal foot	.1744
No. 1SS, 6-inch, lineal foot	.2673
Flue lining:	
9 by 9 inches, lineal foot	.3534
9 by 13 inches, lineal foot	.5358
13 by 13 inches, lineal foot	.6384
4½ by 8½ inches, lineal foot	.2622
Gypsum wallboard, ⅜-inch, square foot	.05
Asphalt roofing, 90-pound mineral surface, 100 square foot roll	2.54
Asphalt or tarred felt:	
15-pound, 432 square foot roll	2.44
30-pound, 216 square foot roll	2.44
Asphalt shingles:	
210-pound (3 in 1) thick butt, 100 square foot	5.92
165-pound, 2 tab hexagon, 100 square foot	4.61
Fibre insulation board:	
½-inch standard lath and board, 1,000 square feet	51.60
25/32-inch asphalt sheathing, 1,000 square feet	74.10

DISCOUNTS AND DELIVERY CHARGES

A discount of not less than 2% shall be allowed on all cash sales.

[1] *Delivery.* (1) All sellers covered hereby whose places of business are in the cities of Louisville, Kentucky or New Albany or Jeffersonville, Indiana, shall deliver articles covered by this order free of charge to any point within the area described by extending, for a distance of three miles, the corporate limits of the above named municipalities.

(2) All sellers covered hereby not located in any of the areas defined in (1) above shall deliver articles covered by this order free of charge to any point within a radius of eight miles of such sellers' places of business.

(3) On sales of $10 or more, all sellers covered hereby may charge 50 cents per ton for each 5 miles, or fraction thereof, by which the point of delivery is located beyond the sellers' free delivery zones as defined in (1) or (2) above.

A minimum delivery charge of $1.50 per load trip may be made for delivery to points beyond a seller's free delivery zone as defined in (1) and (2) above.

(4) On sales of less than $10, all sellers covered hereby, making delivery beyond the free delivery zones defined in (1) and (2) above, may charge an amount equal to the amount computed in (3) above, plus 50 cents.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO 2 TO ORDER NO. G–8 UNDER REVISED GENERAL ORDER NO. 68.

General Order No. 68 provides that the Regional Administrator may establish, by area orders, dollars-and-cents maximum prices for commodities under the jurisdiction of the Building and Construction Price Division of the Office of Price Administration. Such prices are not to exceed the general level of prices in the particular area and may be adjusted from time to time if the prices, previously established by area order, are, in the opinion of the Regional Administrator, no longer fair and equitable.

Since the issuance of the latest price list for hard building materials in this area, there have been price increases granted to manufacturers by the Office of Price Administration which, in turn, have resulted in higher acquisition costs to the retailers. Furthermore, section 10 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, provides that retail distributors shall be allowed their average percentage mark-up, as of March 31, 1946, over their average current acquisition costs.

In order to meet the requirements of section 10 (t) and to maintain maximum prices which are fair and equitable, the accompanying amendment is being issued.

In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, the provisions of the accompanying amendment are fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and of General Order No. 68, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16838; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

[Region III Order G–29 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN PAINESVILLE-LAKE COUNTY, OHIO, AREA

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, which has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68 and of Regional Basic Order No. 1–B, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Table I of Order No. G–29 be amended to read as set forth in the price list marked Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(b) Where the amendment or order, which grants your supplier an increase in his maximum price, provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order No. 68) may increase their maximum price for the commodity in question, you may increase the price listed in this amendment by the amount permitted for resellers by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price. This can be done only if the effective date of the action increasing your supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated on the price list contained in this amendment.

(c) This amendment reflects the increase in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Resellers Maximum Prices Established under General Order No. 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials). Accordingly this amendment supersedes that supplementary order, and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that supplementary order.

(d) This Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G–29 shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued August 19, 1946.

JOHN F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

TABLE I TO ORDER NO. G–29 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES AT RETAIL OF LISTED HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN THE PAINESVILLE, OHIO, AREA

Commodity and unit	*Maximum price*
Plaster:	
Hardwall, 100-pound sack	$1.07
Hardwall, ton	21.40
Sanded, 100-pound sack	.72
Sanded, ton	14.40
Gauging, 100-pound sack	1.82
Moulding, 100-pound sack	1.82
Keene's cement, 100-pound sack	2.00
Finishing lime, 50-pound sack	.5824
Gypsum lath, ⅜-inch, 1,000 square feet	25.50
Metal lath, corner bead, expanded type, linear foot	.0428
Portland cement (paper sack) 94-pound sack	.715
Mason's hydrated lime, 50-pound sack	.504
Waterproof cement (gray), 94-pound sack	.915
Clay drain tile:	
4-inch, linear foot	.0706
6-inch, linear foot	.1395
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, # 1SS:	
4-inch, 2 linear feet	.342
6-inch, 2 linear feet	.5187
Flue lining:	
8 by 8 inches, 2 linear feet	.7068
8 by 12 inches, 2 linear feet	1.0944
12 by 12 inches, 2 linear feet	1.4649
Gypsum wallboard:	
⅜-inch, 1,000 square feet	45.00
½-inch, 1,000 square feet	50.00
Gypsum sheathing, ½-inch, 1,000 feet	42.50
Asphalt roofing, 90-pound, mineral surface, roll (108 square feet)	2.76
Asphalt or tarred felt:	
15-pound, roll (432 square feet)	2.84
30-pound, roll (216 square feet)	2.84
Asphalt shingles 210# (3 in 1), thickbutt, 100 square feet	5.98
Fibre insulation board:	
½-inch std. lath and board, 1,000 square feet	56.98
25/32-inch asphalt sheathing, 1,000 square feet	88.40
Thermal insulation blankets (paper-backed):	
Medium, 1,000 square feet	45.00
Thick, 1,000 square feet	75.00
Thermal insulation batts (paper-backed):	
2-inch thick, 1,000 square feet	45.00
Full-thick, 1,000 square feet	75.00
Thermal insulation:	
Loose in bags (plain), 35-pound bag	1.25
Loose in bags (nodulated), 35-pound bag	1.45

Delivery charges: (1) For deliveries of any of the items listed in Table I hereof, a seller covered hereby shall charge no more than he charged in March 1942 for the same or similar delivery service.

(2) No deduction need be made from the maximum prices listed in Table I, hereof, where the purchaser elects to make his own delivery.

Discounts: No seller covered hereby shall discontinue or reduce any of the allowances or discounts, which he offered in March, 1942, on sales of any of the items listed in Table I, hereof.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G–129 UNDER REVISED GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

General Order No. 68 provides that the regional administrator may establish, by area orders, dollars-and-cents maximum prices for commodities under the jurisdiction of the Building and Construction Price Division of the Office of Price Administration. Such prices are not to exceed the general level of prices in the particular area and may be adjusted from time to time if the prices, previously established by area order, are, in the opinion of the Regional Administrator, no longer fair and equitable.

Since the issuance of the latest price list for hard building materials in this area, there have been price increases granted to manufacturers by the Office of Price Administration which, in turn, have resulted in higher acquisition costs to the retailers. Furthermore, section 10 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, provides that retail distributors shall be allowed their average percentage mark-up, as of March 31, 1946, over their average current acquisition costs.

In order to meet the requirements of section 10 (t) and to maintain maximum prices which are fair and equitable, the accompanying amendment is being issued.

In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, the provisions of the accompanying amendment are fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and of General Order No. 68, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16814; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:04 a. m.]

[Region III Order G–49 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN HILLSBORO, OHIO, AREA

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, which has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68 and of Regional Basic Order No. 1–B, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Table I of Order No. G–49 be amended to read as set forth in the price list marked Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(b) Where the amendment or order, which grants your supplier an increase in his maximum price, provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order No. 68) may increase their maximum price for the commodity in question, you may increase the price listed in this amend-

ment by the amount permitted for resellers by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price. This can be done only if the effective date of the action increasing your supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated on the price list contained in this amendment.

(c) This amendment reflects the increase in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Resellers Maximum Prices Established under General Order No. 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials). Accordingly this amendment supersedes that supplementary order, and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that supplementary order.

(d) This Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G–49 shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued August 19, 1946.

J. F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

TABLE I OF ORDER NO. G–49 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

MAXIMUM RETAIL DELIVERED[1] PRICES OF THE LISTED HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN HIGHLAND COUNTY, OHIO

Commodity and unit	*Price*
Plaster, hard wall, 100 pounds	$1.00
Keene's cement, 100 pounds	2.50
Finishing lime, 50 pounds	.672
Gypsum lath, 3/8-inch, 1,000 square feet	25.00
Metal lath, corner bead, expanded type, linear foot	.0535
Portland cement, standard (paper bags), 94 pounds	.665
Masonry mortar, 75 pounds	.665
Mason's hydrated lime, 50 pounds	.56
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, No. 1SS:	
4-inch, 2-foot length	.3534
6-inch, 2-foot length	.5358
Flue lining:	
9 by 9 inches, 2-foot length, each	.8208
9 by 13 inches, 2-foot length, each	1.0602
13 by 13 inches, 2-foot length, each	1.448
Asphalt roofing, 90 pounds, mineral surface, roll (100 square feet)	3.089
Asphalt or tarred felt:	
15-pound, roll (440 square feet)	2.838
30-pound, roll (220 square feet)	2.838
Asphalt shingles:	
210-pound (3 in 1) thick butt, 100 square feet	6.815
165-pound, 2-tab hexagon, 100 square feet	5.767
Fibre insulation board:	
1/2-inch, standard, 1,000 square feet	59.13
25/32-inch, asphalt sheathing, 1,000 square feet	84.50
Asbestos cement siding, 12 by 24 inches, or 27 inches, 100 square feet	8.40
Standard hard density synthetic fibreboard:	
3/16-inch (4 by 8 inches), 100 square feet	5.50
1/8-inch, tempered, square foot	.11
Thermal insulation, loose in bags (plain), 35 pounds	1.30

[1] *Delivery.* Free delivery subject to following: Dealer may defer delivery unless or until full load can be delivered on one trip. No deduction need be made where the purchaser elects to make his own delivery.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G–49, UNDER REVISED GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

General Order No. 68 provides that the Regional Administrator may establish, by area orders, dollars-and-cents maximum prices for commodities under the jurisdiction of the Building and Construction Price Division of the Office of Price Administration. Such prices are not to exceed the general level of prices in the particular area and may be adjusted from time to time if the prices, previously established by area order, are, in the opinion of the Regional Administrator, no longer fair and equitable.

Since the issuance of the latest price list for hard building materials in this area, there have been price increases granted to manufacturers by the Office of Price Administration which, in turn, have resulted in higher acquisition costs to the retailers. Furthermore, section 10 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, provides that retail distributors shall be allowed their average percentage mark-up, as of March 31, 1946, over their average current acquisition costs.

In order to meet the requirements of section 10 (t) and to maintain maximum prices which are fair and equitable, the accompanying amendment is being issued.

In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, the provisions of the accompanying amendment are fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and of General Order No. 68, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16812; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:45 a. m.]

[Region III Order G–66 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN ASHLAND, KY., AREA

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, which has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68 and of Regional Basic Order No. 1–B, *It is hereby ordered,* That:

(a) Table I of Order No. G–66 be amended to read as set forth in the price list marked Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(b) Where the amendment or order, which grants your supplier an increase in his maximum price, provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order No. 68) may increase their maximum price for the commodity in question, you may increase the price listed in this amendment by the amount permitted for resellers by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price. This can be done only if the effective date of the action increasing your supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated on the price list contained in this amendment.

(c) This amendment reflects the increase in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Resellers Maximum Prices Established under General Order No. 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials). Accordingly this amendment supersedes that supplementary order, and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that supplementary order.

(d) This Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G–66 shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued August 19, 1946.

JOHN F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

TABLE I OF ORDER NO. G–66 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES OF LISTED HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN THE ASHLAND, KENTUCKY, AREA

Commodity and unit	*Price*
Plaster:	
Hard wall, 50 pounds	$0.65
Hard wall, 100 pounds	1.10
Gauging, 100 pounds	1.80
Moulding, 100 pounds	1.90
Keene's cement, 100 pounds	2.35
Finishing lime, 50 pounds	.728
Gypsum lath, 3/8-inch, square foot	.0275
Metal lath:	
2.5 pounds, painted diamond mesh, square yard	.3066
3.4 pounds, painted diamond mesh, square yard	.384
Corner bead, expanded type, linear foot	.0374
Portland cement, standard, 94 pounds	.765
Masonry mortar, 70 pounds	.765
Mason's hydrated lime, 50 pounds	.672
Waterproof cement (gray), 94 pounds	1.115
Clay drain tile, 4-inch, linear foot	.035
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, No. 1SS:	
4-inch, linear foot	.2374
6-inch, linear foot	.3391
Flue lining:	
4 1/2 by 9 inches, linear foot	.3078
9 by 9 inches, linear foot	.399
9 by 13 inches, linear foot	.5928
13 by 13 inches, linear foot	.7695
Gypsum wallboard, 3/8-inch, square foot	.04
Asphalt roofing, 90 pounds, mineral surface, roll (108 square feet)	2.82
Asphalt or tarred felt:	
15 pounds, roll (432 square feet)	2.72
30 pounds, roll (216 square feet)	2.72
Asphalt shingles:	
210 pounds, (3 in 1) thick butt, 100 square feet	6.29
165 pounds, 2 tab hexagon, 100 square feet	4.98
Fibre insulation board:	
1/2-inch, standard lath and board, square foot	.0510
25/32-inch, asphalt sheathing, square foot	.078
Asbestos cement siding, 12 by 24 inch, or 27 inch, standard colors, 100 square feet	8.82
Standard density synthetic fibre board, 3/16-inch (4 by 8), square foot	.10
Hard density synthetic fibre board, 1/8-inch, tempered (standard size), square foot	.12

Delivery charges: (i) The maximum prices listed in Table I hereof include free delivery:

(1) of purchases of ten dollars' value or or more to any point within the corporate limits of the city or town wherein the seller's place of business is located, and

(2) of purchases in quantities of five tons or more, to any point within a radius of ten miles of the seller's place of business.

(ii) For delivery of purchases of quantities of five tons or more, of any hard building materials covered hereby to points beyond the free delivery zones described in subsection (i) (2) above, or of purchases of ten dollars' value or more, but in quantities less than five tons, beyond the free delivery zones described in subsection (i) (1) above, the seller may make a delivery charge of not more than twenty cents for each mile, or fraction thereof, by which the point of delivery is located beyond free delivery zones.

(iii) (1) for delivery of purchases of less than ten dollars' value within the zones specified in subsection (i) (1) above, the seller may make a charge of not more than fifty cents.

(2) For delivery of purchases of less than ten dollars' value beyond the zones specified in subsection (i) (1) above, the seller may charge not more than the amount permitted under subsection (ii) above, for sales of ten dollars' value, plus fifty cents.

(iv) No deduction need be made from the maximum prices listed in Table I, hereof, where the purchaser elects to make his own delivery.

Discounts: (i) No seller covered hereby shall discontinue or reduce any of the discounts which he offered in March, 1942 to different classes of customers.

(ii) Any seller covered hereby may make additional charges for sales of commodities listed in Table I, hereof, in broken packages of less than one unit, provided such additional charges do not exceed those made by the seller in March, 1942 for such sales.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER G–66 UNDER REVISED GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

General Order No. 68 provides that the Regional Administrator may establish, by area orders, dollars-and-cents maximum prices for commodities under the jurisdiction of the Building and Construction Price Division of the Office of Price Administration. Such prices are not to exceed the general level of prices in the particular area and may be adjusted from time to time if the prices, previously established by area order, are, in the opinion of the Regional Administrator, no longer fair and equitable.

Since the issuance of the latest price list for hard building materials in this area, there have been price increases granted to manufacturers by the Office of Price Administration which, in turn, have resulted in higher acquisition costs to the retailers. Furthermore, section 10 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, provides that retail distributors shall be allowed their average percentage mark-up, as of March 31, 1946, over their average current acquisition costs.

In order to meet the requirements of section 10 (t) and to maintain maximum prices which are fair and equitable, the accompanying amendment is being issued.

In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, the provisions of the accompanying amendment are fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and of General Order No. 68, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16813; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:04 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G–13 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 1]

SOLID FUEL IN SAN FRANCISCO REGION

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Order No. G–13 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is amended amended in the following respect:

Paragraphs (a) (2), (a) (3), (c), and (d) are deleted in their entirety.

This amendment to Order No. G–13 shall become effective upon issuance.

Issued this 6th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G–13 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 122

The accompanying amendment deletes certain paragraphs of Order No. G–13 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. These deletions were prompted by the issuance simultaneously herewith of Amendment No. 5 to Revised Order No. G–2, Amendment No. 7 to Order No. G–7, and Amendment No. 2 to Order No. G–9, all under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. The amendments to those orders incorporated therein those price increases provided for by the paragraphs deleted from Order No. G–13.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16822; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:58 a. m.]

[Region III Order G–75, Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

BUILDING MATERIALS IN EATON, OHIO, AREA

For the reasons set forth in an accompanying opinion, which has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68 and of Regional Basic Order No. 1–B, *It is hereby ordered*, That:

(a) Table I of Order No. G–75 be amended to read as set forth in the price list marked Table I, which is annexed to and made a part of this order.

(b) Where the amendment or order, which grants your supplier an increase in his maximum price, provides that all resellers (including those subject to area orders issued under General Order No. 68) may increase their maximum price for the commodity in question, you may increase the price listed in this amendment by the amount permitted for resellers by the amendment or order increasing your supplier's maximum price. This can be done only if the effective date of the action increasing your supplier's maximum price is later than the date stated on the price list contained in this amendment.

(c) This amendment reflects the increase in maximum prices permitted by Supplementary Order 172 (Modification of Resellers Maximum Prices Established under General Order No. 68 for Certain Building and Construction Materials). Accordingly this amendment supersedes that supplementary order, and the maximum prices established by this amendment cannot be increased under that supplementary order.

(d) This Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G–75 shall become effective August 19, 1946.

Issued August 19, 1946.

JOHN F. KESSEL,
Regional Administrator.

TABLE I OF ORDER NO. G–75 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

MAXIMUM PRICES FOR SALES AT RETAIL OF LISTED HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN THE EATON, OHIO, AREA

Commodity and unit	*Maximum prices*
Plaster, hard wall, 100-pound bag	$1.00
Gauging plaster, local (gray), 100-pound bag	1.05
Gauging plaster (white), 100-pound bag	2.00
Keene's cement, 100-pound bag	2.00
Finishing lime, 50-pound bag	.67
Gypsum lath, ⅜-inch, 1,000 square feet	25.00
Metal lath, corner bead, foot	.033
Portland cement, standard, 94-pound bag (paper)	.765
Portland cement, barrel	2.91
Masonry mortar, 70-pound bag	.715
Mason's hydrated lime, 50-pound bag	.56
Vitrified clay sewer pipe, No. 1SS:	
4-inch, linear foot	.1995
6-inch, linear foot	.2964
Flue lining:	
8 by 8 inches, linear foot	.3876
9 by 9 inches, linear foot	.5814
12 by 12 inches, linear foot	.7296
Gypsum wallboard, ⅜-inch, 1,000 square feet	45.00
Asphalt roofing, 90 pound, mineral surface, roll (108 square feet)	2.54
Asphalt or tarred felt:	
15-pound, roll (432 square feet)	2.95
30-pound, roll (216 square feet)	2.95
Asphalt shingles:	
210 pound (3 in 1), thick butt, 100 square feet	6.19
165 pound, 2-tab hexagon, 100 square feet	4.72
Fibre insulation board:	
½-inch standard, 1,000 square feet	59.13
⅝-inch, asphalt sheathing, 1,000 square feet	78.00
Asbestos cement siding, 12 by 24 inches, or 27 inches, standard colors, 1 square	8.30
Hard density synthetic fibre board, ⅛-inch, tempered (standard size), square foot	.10
Thermal insulation:	
Loose in bags (plain), 35-pound bag	.90
Loose in bags (nodulated), 35-pound bag	1.15
Thermal insulation batts, full thick, square foot	.065

Delivery: The maximum prices listed in Table I, above, include free delivery to any point within the Eaton, Ohio Area. No deduction need be made from the maximum prices listed in Table 1, above, where the purchaser elects to make his own delivery.

Discounts: No seller covered hereby shall discontinue or reduce any of the allowances of discounts, which he offered in March, 1942, on sales of any of the items listed in Table I, above.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G–75 UNDER REVISED GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

General Order No. 68 provides that the Regional Administrator may establish, by area orders, dollars-and-cents maxi-

mum prices for commodities under the jurisdiction of the Building and Construction Price Division of the Office of Price Administration. Such prices are not to exceed the general level of prices in the particular area and may be adjusted from time to time if the prices, previously established by area order, are, in the opinion of the Regional Administrator, no longer fair and equitable.

Since the issuance of the latest price list for hard building materials in this area, there have been price increases granted to manufacturers by the Office of Price Administration which, in turn, have resulted in higher acquisition costs to the retailers. Furthermore, section 10 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act, as amended, provides that retail distributors shall be allowed their average percentage mark-up, as of March 31, 1946, over their average current acquisition costs.

In order to meet the requirements of section 10 (t) and to maintain maximum prices which are fair and equitable, the accompanying amendment is being issued.

In the opinion of the Regional Administrator, the provisions of the accompanying amendment are fair and equitable and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and of General Order No. 68, as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16815; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:04 a. m.]

[Region V Revocation of G-10 Under RMPR 251]

CONSTRUCTION SERVICES, INSTALLED BUILDING MATERIALS, AND PLUMBING SERVICES IN OKLAHOMA COUNTY, OKLA.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of the Office of Price Administration by section 9 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, it is hereby ordered:

(a) *What this order does.* This order revokes Order No. G-10 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, Construction Services and Sales of Installed Building Materials Plumbing Services Supplied in Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, which established maximum prices for all sales of plumbing services and all sales of plumbing fixtures and materials on an installed basis when sold in the geographical area comprising the limits of Oklahoma County, Oklahoma, with certain exceptions covered by other price regulations.

(b) Maximum prices established by Order No. G-10 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251 will now be established pursuant to the appropriate Section of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251.

(c) *Basis for revocation.* The Regional Administrator has found that the prices established by Order No. G-10 are not proper and suitable in that they do not effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended. Therefore, the Regional Administrator revokes Order No. G-10 pursuant to the authority contained in Order No. G-10 under Paragraph (i).

(56 Stat. 23,765; 57 Stat. 566: Pub. Law 383, 78th Cong.; E. O. 9240; 7 F. R. 7871 and E. O. 9328, 8 F. R. 4681)

This order shall be effective this 4th day of September 1946.

Issued at Dallas, Texas, this 26th day of August 1946.

W. A. ORTH,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER REVOKING ORDER NO. G-10 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 251

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region V of the Office of Price Administration, by section 9 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251, the accompanying order revoking Order No. G-10 has been issued due to the fact that the Regional Administrator has determined that the reasons for the issuance of Order No. G-10 are not now valid and appropriate.

The Regional Administrator has found that it will now be suitable to establish maximum prices for those sales of commodities and services covered by Order No. G-10 pursuant to the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251.

Accordingly, this order revoking Order No. G-10 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251 has been issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16833; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:58 a. m.]

[Region VI Order G-3 Under MPR 452, Amdt. 1]

NEW AND REBUILT AUTOMOTIVE PARTS SOLD IN CHICAGO REGION

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator for Region VI of the Office of Price Administration by section 14a of Maximum Price Regulation No. 452, it is ordered:

(a) *Effect of this amendment.* This amendment amends Order No. G-3 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 452 with respect to paragraph (c) 4 so that it shall read as follows:

(4) All practices required under Maximum Price Regulation No. 452, as amended, and No. 453, as amended, in determining and applying discounts, allowances, rebates, deductions and differentials are equally applicable to prices adjusted in accordance with this order; *Provided, however,* That any rebuilder of Ford Motors in Region VI is hereby permitted to increase by $16.12 his existing additional charge for a new replacement block under the following conditions:

(i) The motor block received in exchange cannot satisfactorily be reconditioned for use, and

(ii) The rebuilder purchases either of the following cylinder blocks from the Ford Motor Company:

(a) 41A-6010 or

(b) 59A-6010

Order No. G-3 provisions incorporated. Except as specifically modified by this amendment, all provisions of Order No. G-3 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 452, effective December 5, 1944, shall remain in full force and effect, and as to such provisions they are incorporated herein.

This amendment shall become effective August 2, 1946.

Issued this 27th day of July 1946.

EARL W. CLARK,
Acting Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G-3 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 452

The accompanying amendment is issued for the reasons set forth in the opinion accompanying Order No. G-3 issued November 30, 1944, and effective December 5, 1944, and for the further reasons stated below.

The Ford Motor Company sells cylinder blocks at a delivered price. Recently it was authorized maximum prices for its sales of cylinder blocks Nos. 41A-6010 and 59A-6010, resulting in increased cost to dealers of $16.12 per block. A motor rebuilder (classed as a "producer" or as a "manufacturer" within the meaning of Maximum Price Regulations 452 and 453 respectively), may under the accompanying amendment, increase by $16.12 his additional charge for a rebuilt motor when a motor with a cracked or otherwise unusual block is received as a trade-in and the rebuilt motor he sells contains either of the above numbered blocks purchased from the Ford Motor Company. The result will be to pass on to the consumer the additional cost to the rebuilder in consequence of the increase in price authorized to the manufacturer of the block, which increase, generally, is larger than the rebuilder's margin in the sale of the block. The additional charge authorized is for a new replacement block.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16832; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:58 a. m.]

[Region IX Order G-10 Under RMPR 395]

CORNMEAL IN VIRGIN ISLANDS

For the reasons set forth in the accompanying opinion and under the authority vested in the Territorial Director of the Virgin Islands of the United States for the Office of Price Administration by section 9a (b) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 395, *It is hereby ordered:*

(a) The maximum prices set forth in section 16 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 395 for the commodities listed below are hereby adjusted and established as follows:

Item	Quantity	At wholesale, St. Croix, St. Thomas	At retail	
			St. Croix, St. Thomas	St. John
Cornmeal, bulk, all brands	98# bag	$8.80	$0.10	$0.10

(b) Except as provided by paragraph (a) above, the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation 395 shall continue to apply to all sales and deliveries at wholesale and/or retail of cornmeal, bulk, all brands.

(c) This order shall be automatically revoked on the effective date of an amendment to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 395 adjusting maximum prices for sale of cornmeal, bulk, all brands. It may be amended or revoked at any time.

A copy of this order has been filed in the Territorial Office of the Virgin Islands of the United States for the Office of Price Administration, where it may be inspected by the public.

This order shall become effective as of August 27, 1946.

Issued this 27th day of August 1946.

JACOB A. ROBLES,
Territorial Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING ORDER NO. G-1C UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 395

Cornmeal is an important and essential item in the diet of Virgin Islands consumers. Due to the greater allocation of grain to famine areas in Europe, island importers who heretofore imported the bulk of their supply from the mainland find it increasingly difficult to obtain adequate and constant supplies of cornmeal from mill representatives in the continental United States. In order to relieve an area-wide shortage of this essential item in the Virgin Islands, merchants have been forced to import cornmeal at higher prices from the intermediate high cost supply center of Puerto Rico. Since the removal of the subsidy on this item resulted in the granting of an increase of $1.10 per hundredweight at the manufacturer's level, with a pass-through at the wholesale and retail levels, thereby increasing the current cost of acquisition, it is necessary in the judgment of the Director to issue this general order adjusting the maximum prices for cornmeal in accordance with the provisions of Section 2 (t) of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

This order increases the March 31, 1946 wholesale price by $3.80 per 100-lb. bag and the retail price by $0.04 per pound. The previous wholesale price was $5.00 per bag and the retail price $0.06 per pound. The situation is being watched for any changes that may require an upward or downward adjustment in the prices hereby established.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16816; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:02 a. m.]

[Region VIII Rev. Order G-2 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 5]

SOLID FUELS IN SEATTLE, WASH., AREA

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Revised Order No. G-2 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is amended in the following respect:

Paragraph (b) (1) is amended by deleting Tables I through XIII in their entirety and inserting the following tables in their place:

TABLE I—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING

(Subdistrict 1, "Kemmerer")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard, loose		Delivered to buyer's premises					
		100# sks	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.85	$14.10	$0.90	$8.30	$15.10	$14.85	$14.60	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"	.85	14.00	.90	8.25	15.00	14.75	14.50	-------
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.75	12.40	.80	7.45	13.40	13.15	12.90	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.70	11.40	.75	6.95	12.40	12.15	11.90	$11.65
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.65	10.65	.70	6.60	11.65	11.40	11.15	10.90
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE I-A—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING

(Subdistrict 2, "Rock Springs")

1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.80	$13.50	$0.85	$8.15	$14.80	$14.55	$14.30	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.80	13.60	.85	8.05	14.60	14.35	14.10	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.75	12.30	.80	7.40	13.30	13.05	12.80	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.70	11.45	.75	7.00	12.45	12.20	11.95	$11.70
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.70	11.00	.75	5.75	12.00	11.75	11.50	11.25
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE I-B—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING

(Subdistrict 3, "Henna-Rawlins")

1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.80	$13.90	$0.85	$8.20	$14.90	$14.65	$14.40	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"	.80	13.60	.85	8.05	14.60	14.35	14.10	-------
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"								
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.75	12.70	.80	7.60	13.70	13.45	13.20	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.70	11.85	.75	7.20	12.85	12.60	12.35	$12.10
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.70	11.45	.75	7.00	12.45	12.20	11.95	11.70
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE I-C—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING

(Subdistrict 5, "Gebo Kirby")

1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.85	$15.00	$0.90	$8.75	$16.00	$15.75	$15.50	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.85	14.85	.90	8.70	15.85	15.60	15.35	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.80	13.50	.85	8.00	14.50	14.25	14.00	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.70	11.95	.75	7.25	12.95	12.70	12.45	$12.20
11	Stoker, 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.65	10.65	.70	8.60	11.65	11.40	11.15	10.90
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE II—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING

(Subdistrict 7, "Sheridan")

1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.75	$12.80	$0.80	$7.65	$13.80	$13.55	$13.30	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.75	12.60	.80	7.55	13.60	13.35	13.10	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"								
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"	.75	12.00	.80	7.25	13.00	12.75	12.50	-------
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"								
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"	.70	11.00	.75	6.75	12.00	11.75	11.50	$11.25
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.65	10.80	.70	6.65	11.80	11.55	11.30	11.05

TABLE III—DISTRICT 20, UTAH

(Subdistrict 1, "Castlegate")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. loose		Delivered to buyer's premises					
		100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1	Lump 11" and 8"	$0.85	$14.50	$0.90	$8.50	$15.50	$15.25	$15.00	....
2	Lump 10"								
3	Lump 3"								
4	Lump 1⅝"	.85	14.00	.90	8.25	15.00	14.75	14.50	....
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Egg 8 x 1⅝"								
7	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.75	12.75	.80	7.65	13.75	13.50	13.25	....
8	Pea 1⅝ x 1"	.70	11.75	.75	7.15	12.75	12.50	12.25	$12.00
9	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
10	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.70	11.35	.75	6.95	12.35	12.10	11.85	11.60
11	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE IV—DISTRICT 22, MONTANA

[Subdistrict 1, "Roundup"]

Size	Group and trade size	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1	Lump 6"								
2	Lump 2"								
3	Furnace 9 x 6"	$0.85	$14.70	$0.90	$8.60	$15.70	$15.45	$15.20	....
4	Egg 6 x 3"								
5	Stove 6 x 2"								
6	Nut #1, 3 x 2"	.80	13.15	.85	7.85	14.15	13.90	13.65	....
7	Nut 2 x 1¼"								
8	Pea 1½ x 1"	.70	11.85	.75	7.20	12.85	12.60	12.35	$12.10
9	Pea 1¼ x ½"								
10	Slack 1¼ x 0"	.65	10.75	.70	6.65	11.75	11.50	11.25	11.00
11	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE IV-A—DISTRICT 22, MONTANA

(Subdistrict 2, "Bearcreek")

Size	Group and trade size	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1	Lump 6"								
2	Lump 2"								
3	Furnace 9 x 6"	$0.85	$14.60	$0.90	$8.55	$15.60	$15.35	$15.10	....
4	Egg 6 x 3"								
5	Stove 6 x 2"								
6	Nut #1, 3 x 2"	.80	13.50	.85	8.00	14.50	14.25	14.00	....
7	Nut 2 x 1¼"								
8	Pea 1¼ x 1"	.70	11.65	.75	7.10	12.65	12.40	12.15	$11.90
9	Pea 1¼ x ½"								
10	Slack 1¼ x 0"	.70	11.20	.75	6.85	12.20	11.95	11.70	11.45
11	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE V—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON[1]

(Subdistrict F, "Renton"; and subdistrict G, "Cumberland")[1]

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard, loose		Delivered to buyer's premises					
		100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1 to 5	Lump 1" up	$0.70	$11.80	$0.75	$7.15	$12.80	$12.55	$12.50	....
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10	Egg, double screened, 4 x 2" to 3 x 1¼".	.70	11.30	.75	6.90	12.30	12.05	11.80	....
11 and 12	Nut, double screened, 2½ x 1" and 2 x 1¼".	.65	10.70	.70	6.60	11.70	11.45	11.20	....
13 and 14	Chestnut 2 x ⅜" and 1¼ x 1"	.65	10.70	.70	6.60	11.70	11.45	11.20	....
15, 16, 17 and 18	Pea-stoker 1¼ x ½" and 1 x 3/32".	.60	9.95	.65	6.25	10.95	10.70	10.45	$10.20
19 and 20	Minerun and 3½ x 0"	.65	10.45	.70	6.50	11.45	11.20	10.95	....
21	Slack 2 x 0"	.60	10.00	.65	6.25	11.00	10.75	10.50	10.25
22 and 23	Slack 1¼ x 0" and 1 x 0"	.60	9.70	.65	6.10	10.70	10.45	10.20	9.95

TABLE V-A—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON[1]

(Subdistrict A, "Roslyn")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard, loose		Delivered to buyer's premises					
		100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1 to 5	Lump 1" up	$0.75	$12.00	$0.80	$7.25	$13.00	$12.75	$12.50	....
6 to 10	Egg-eggnut 4 x 2", 3 x 1¼"	.70	11.60	.75	7.05	12.60	12.35	12.10	....
11 and 12	Nut double screened 2½ x 1" and 2 x 1¼".	.70	11.25	.75	6.90	12.25	12.00	11.75	....
13 and 14	Chestnut	.65	10.95	.70	6.75	11.95	11.70	11.45	....
15, 16	Pea-Stoker 1 x 3/32"	.60	9.90	.65	6.20	10.95	10.65	10.40	$10.15
17, 18, 19, and 20	Minerun	.65	10.60	.70	6.55	11.60	11.35	11.10	....
22	Slack 1¼ x 0"	.60	9.45	.65	6.00	10.45	10.20	9.95	9.70

TABLE VI—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON[1]

(Subdistrict B, "Wilkeson")

Size	Group and trade size	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1 to 5	Lump 1" up	$0.75	$12.85	$0.80	$7.70	$13.85	$13.60	$13.35	....
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10	Egg double screened 4 x 2" to 3 x 1¼".	.75	12.65	.80	7.60	13.65	13.40	13.15	....
11 and 12	Nut double screened, 2½ x 1" and 2 x 1¼".	.70	11.90	.75	7.20	12.90	12.65	12.40	....
13 and 14	Chestnut 2 x ⅜" and 1¼ x 1".	.70	11.90	.75	7.20	12.90	12.65	12.40	....
15, 16, 17 and 18	Pea-Stoker 1¼ x ½ and 1 x 3/32".	.65	11.20	.70	6.85	12.20	11.95	11.70	$11.45
19 and 20	Minerun and 3½ x 0"	.70	11.55	.75	7.05	12.55	12.30	12.05	....
21	Slack 2 x 0"	.65	11.00	.70	6.75	12.00	11.75	11.50	11.25
22 and 23	1¼ x 0" and 1 x 0"	.65	10.85	.70	6.70	11.85	11.60	11.35	11.10

TABLE VII—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON[1]

(Subdistrict C, "Southwest Washington")

Size	Group and trade size	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1 to 5	Lump 1" and up	$0.65	$10.50	$0.70	$6.50	$11.50	$11.25	$11.00	....
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10	Egg double screened 4 x 2" to 3 x 1¼".	.60	9.60	.65	6.05	10.60	10.35	10.10	....
11, 12, 13 and 14	Nut double screened 2½ x 1" to 2 x 1¼".	.55	8.90	.60	5.70	9.90	9.65	9.40	....
15, 16, 17, 18	Pea-stoker 1¼ x ½" and 1 x 3/32".	.55	8.55	.60	5.55	9.55	9.30	9.05	$8.80
19 and 20	Minerun and 3½ x 0"	.55	8.75	.60	5.65	9.75	9.50	9.25	....
21	Slack 2 x 0"	.55	8.40	.60	5.45	9.40	9.15	8.90	8.65
22 and 23	1¼ x 0" and 1 x 0"	.55	8.40	.60	5.45	9.40	9.15	8.90	8.65

TABLE VIII—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON[1]

(Subdistrict D, "Bellingham")

Size	Group and trade size	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1 to 5	Lump 1" up	$0.65	$11.20	$0.70	$6.85	$12.20	$11.95	$11.70	....
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10	Egg double screened, 4 x 2" to 3 x 1¼".	.65	10.65	.70	6.60	11.65	11.40	11.15	....
11, 12, 13 and 14.	Nut double screened, 2½ x 1" to 2 x 1¼", 2 x ⅜", and 1¼ x ½".	.60	9.80	.65	6.15	10.80	10.55	10.30	....
15, 16, 17 and 18.	Pea stoker, 1¼ x ½", 1 x 3/32"	.60	9.50	.65	6.00	10.50	10.25	10.00	$9.75
19 and 20	Minerun 3½ x 0"	.60	9.50	.65	6.00	10.50	10.25	10.00	....
21	Slack 2 x 0"	.60	9.25	.65	5.90	10.25	10.00	9.75	9.50
22 and 23	1¼ x 0" and 1 x 0"	.55	9.00	.60	5.75	10.00	9.75	9.50	9.25

[1] NOTE: To the maximum prices listed in tables V through IX inclusive, may be added the appropriate one of the following amounts: Per ton $1.09; one-half ton, $0.55; per 100# sack, $0.05.

TABLE IX—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON [1]

(Subdistrict E, "McKay-Lawson")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard, loose		Delivered to buyer's premises					
		100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton	5 ton
1 to 5	Lump 1" up	$0.80	$13.35	$.85	$7.95	$14.35	$14.10	$13.85	--------
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10	Egg double screened 4 x 2" to 3 x 1¼.	.80	13.10	.85	7.80	14.10	13.85	13.60	--------
11, 12, 13 and 14	2½ x 1" to 2 x 1¼" 2 x ⅜" to 1¼ x 1".	.70	12.35	.75	7.45	13.35	13.10	12.85	--------
15, 16, 17 and 18	Pea-stoker 1¼ x 2" and 1 x 3/32"	.70	12.05	.75	7.30	13.05	12.80	12.55	$12.30
19 and 20	Minerun 3½ x 0"	.70	11.80	.75	7.15	12.80	12.55	12.30	--------
21	Slack 2 x 0"	.70	11.15	.75	6.85	12.15	11.80	11.65	11.40
22 and 23	1¼ x 0" and 1 x 0"	.65	10.60	.70	6.55	11.60	11.35	11.10	10.55

[1] NOTE: To the maximum prices listed in tables V through IX inclusive, may be added the appropriate one of the following amounts: Per ton $1.09; one-half ton $0.55; per 100# sack, $0.05.

For coals purchased from the McKay mine only, the above listed prices in sizes 1 to 5 may be increased as follows: Sack prices, 5 cents; one-half ton prices, 30 cents; ton prices, 60 cents.

TABLE X—"CROW FIELD"

Lump	Single screened, 4" or larger	$0.85	$14.45	$0.90	$8.50	$15.45	$15.20	$14.95	--------
Furnace	Double screened, top size 4" or larger but not exceeding 8", bottom 1⅝" or larger but not exceeding 2".	.85	14.25	.90	8.35	15.25	15.00	14.75	--------
Stove	Double screened top size 1⅝" or larger but not exceeding 2", bottom 1" or larger but not exceeding 1⅝".	.80	13.40	.85	7.95	14.40	14.15	13.90	$13.65
Stoker-pea	Double screened, top size 1¼" or larger but not exceeding 1⅝", bottom size ¼" or larger but not exceeding ½"	.75	12.60	.80	7.55	13.60	13.35	13.10	12.85
Stoker	Double screened, top size 1", bottom size ¼" or larger but not exceeding ⅜"	.75	12.20	.80	7.35	13.20	12.95	12.70	12.45
Steam	Slack coals larger than 1 x 0" but not exceeding 2 x 0"	.70	11.85	.75	7.20	12.85	12.60	12.35	12.10
Steam WW	Slack, water washed ⅜ x 0" to 1 x 0"	.70	11.65	.75	7.10	12.65	12.40	12.15	11.90
	Slack not exceeding ¼" x 0"	.70	11.35	.75	6.95	12.35	12.10	11.85	11.60
	Minerun No. 3½ x 0" or larger	.75	12.60	.80	7.55	13.60	13.35	13.10	--------

TABLE XI—"LETHBRIDGE FIELD"

Size of coal	Delivered f. o. b. yard, loose		Delivered to buyer's premises					
	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 tons	3 tons	5 tons
Lump, 4" plus	$0.85	$14.30	$0.90	$8.40	$15.30	$15.05	$14.80	--------
Egg, 4" x 2"	.75	12.70	.80	7.60	13.70	13.45	13.20	--------
Pea, 2" x 1" and 1¾" x ¾"	.65	10.65	.70	6.60	11.65	11.40	11.15	$10.90
Stoker, 1¼" x ¼" and 1" x ¼"	.65	10.90	.70	6.70	11.90	11.65	11.40	11.15
Slack, 1⅝" x 0"	.65	10.20	.70	6.35	11.20	10.95	10.70	10.45

TABLE XII—"DRUMHELLER FIELD"

Lump, 1" up	$0.90	$15.50	$0.95	$9.00	$16.50	$16.25	$16.00	--------
Stove or egg, 4 x 2"	.85	14.30	.90	8.40	15.30	15.05	14.80	--------
Range, 2 x 1"	.75	13.10	.80	7.80	14.10	13.85	13.60	--------
Stoker, 1 x ⅝" or 2 x 0"	.70	11.60	.75	7.05	12.60	12.35	12.10	$11.85
Slack, ⅝ x 0"	.65	10.55	.70	6.55	11.55	11.30	11.05	10.80

TABLE XIII—COKE

	Delivered f.o.b. yard; loose		Delivered to buyer's premises				
	100# sk	Per ton	100# sk	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton
Coke	$0.90	$15.80	$0.95	$9.15	$16.80	$16.55	--------

NOTE: These prices apply only to sales of coke produced by the British Columbia Electric Company, Vancouver, B. C., and shipped into Seattle by rail.

General Notes

The following general notes shall be a part of the tables to which they relate:

(I) To the prices listed in Tables 1-13, inclusive, may be added the following:

(a) 10¢ per net ton as heretofore permitted by Order 6-11 under RMPR 122.

(b) The exact amount of the increase in railroad freight increased as a result of the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission of June 20, 1945 on Docket Ex Parte 162, as permitted by Amendment 46 to RMPR 122.

(II) To the prices listed in Tables 1-12, inclusive may be added 18¢ per net ton, as permitted by Amendment 48 to RMPR 122.

(III) To the prices listed in Table XIII, may be added 30¢ per net ton, as permitted by Amendment 48 to RMPR 122.

This amendment to Revised Order G-2 shall become effective September 6, 1946.

Issued this 6th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 5 TO REVISED ORDER NO. G-2 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 122, SOLID FUELS SOLD AND DELIVERED BY DEALERS

The accompanying amendment revises the prices set forth in Tables I through XIII of Revised Order G-2 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

The price changes effected by this amendment for Wyoming, Utah and Montana coals (Tables I through IV-A), and Washington coals (Tables V through IX) were prompted because of increased prices at the producer level granted by terms of Amendments 146 and 158 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. In the case of Wyoming, Utah and Montana coals, the maximum prices were re-calculated upon the basis of these mine increases and were determined in the same manner as the prices established by the terms of Revised Order G-2. Relative to Washington mined coals, specific price increases have been allowed to reflect authorized increases at the mine level.

When Revised Order No. G-2 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 was originally issued, maximum prices for the various types of out-of-state coals were on a fairly uniform basis, after taking into consideration mine and transportation costs, and selling margins. Recently authorized mine increases, however, have varied in amounts among the different coal producing districts. For this reason the same types of coals from the various districts will command different maximum prices.

Maximum price changes for Canadian coals and coke (Tables X through XIII) were deemed necessary because of the change in exchange rates between Canadian funds and American funds on July 5, 1946. The 10% premium which was granted on American funds was discontinued by the Canadian Government and the exchange basis of Canadian currency raised to par with American currency. As a result, adjusted maximum prices for Canadian coals at the mine level have been incorporated in Amendment No. 2 to Revised Order G-1 under Order 68, as amended, under section 21 of the Maximum Import Price Regulation. The price changes, then, for Canadian coals have been re-calculated to reflect this 10% increase in the price of such coal at the mine and were determined in the same manner as the prices established by the terms of Revised Order No. G-2.

Since the preparation of the basic tables, certain increases have been permitted by Amendments 46 and 48 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122. These increases have been reflected in this amendment to Revised Orer No. G-2 by the insertion of the general notes at the end of the tables. In addition, the increases permitted by Order Numbers G-11 and G-13 under Revised Maximum

Price Regulation No. 122 have been reflected in this amendment. Consequently, simultaneously with this amendment, Order Numbers G-11 and G-13 are being amended to eliminate from their coverage those dealers covered by Order No. G-2.

For reasons stated above, the maximum prices established by this order are generally fair and equitable and are consistent with and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders No. 9250 and 9328.

The same considerations which prompted the issuance of Revised Order G-2 are present herein. For a complete statement of such considerations, reference is made to the opinion accompanying the revised order.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16819; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:01 a. m.]

[Montpelier Rev. Order G-1 Under Gen. Order 68, Amdt. 1]

HARD BUILDING MATERIALS IN VERMONT

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, and pursuant to the provisions of General Order No. 68, as amended, Revised Order No. G-1 under General Order No. 68 is amended in the following respects:

The following items of Table I, Appendix A, are amended to read as follows:

Item	Unit	Price
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth-surface (1st grade).	Roll (35#)	$1.41
Do	Roll (45#)	2.10
Do	Roll (55#)	2.56
Do	Roll (65#)	2.83
Asphalt roll roofing, smooth-surface (2d grade).	Roll (35#)	1.31
Do	Roll (45#)	1.99
Do	Roll (55#)	2.25

This amendment shall become effective September 9, 1946.

Issued this 9th day of September 1946.

JAMES G. BURKE,
Acting District Director.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO REVISED ORDER NO. G-1 UNDER GENERAL ORDER NO. 68

The accompanying amendment to the above order establishes corrected prices for the sales of certain hard building materials in the State of Vermont.

An amendment to the revised order was necessitated by the fact that an error was made in calculating the new ceiling prices for these items.

The statements made in the opinion accompanying the revised order apply to this amendment.

[F. R. Doc. 46-16837; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 8:52 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G-7 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 7]

SOLID FUELS IN TACOMA, WASH., AREA

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Order No. G-7 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is amended in the following respects:

Paragraph (b) (1) is amended by deleting Tables I-XI inclusive, in their entirety and inserting the following tables in their place:

TABLE I—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING
(Subdistrict 1, "Kemmerer")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.95	$14.15	$1.05	$19.15	$8.10	$15.15	$14.90	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝".								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.95	14.05	1.05	19.05	8.05	15.05	14.80	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.90	13.05	1.00	18.05	17.55	14.05	13.80	-------
9	Pea 1⅝" x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝" x ½"	.80	11.20	.90	16.20	6.60	12.20	11.95	$11.70
11	Stoker 1" x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½" x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝" x 0"	.75	10.45	.85	15.45	6.25	11.45	11.20	10.95
16	Slack 1" x 0"								

TABLE I-A—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING
(Subdistrict 2 "Rock Springs")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.95	$13.85	$1.05	$18.85	$7.95	$14.85	$14.60	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.95	13.65	1.05	18.65	7.85	14.65	14.40	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.90	12.95	1.00	17.95	7.50	13.95	13.70	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.80	11.25	.90	16.25	6.65	12.25	12.00	$11.75
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.80	10.80	.90	15.80	6.40	11.80	11.55	11.30
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE I-B—DISTRICT 18, WYOMING
(Subdistrict 3, "Hanna—Rawlins")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.95	$13.95	$1.05	$18.95	$8.00	$14.95	$14.70	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.95	13.65	1.05	18.65	7.85	14.65	14.40	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.90	13.35	1.00	18.35	7.70	14.35	14.10	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.85	11.65	.95	16.65	6.85	12.65	12.40	$12.15
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.80	11.25	.90	16.25	6.55	12.25	12.00	11.75
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE I-C—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING
(Subdistrict 5, "Gebo-Kirby")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$1.00	$15.05	$1.10	$20.05	$8.55	$16.05	$15.80	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	1.00	14.90	1.10	19.90	8.45	15.90	15.65	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.95	14.15	1.05	19.15	8.10	15.15	14.90	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.85	11.75	.95	16.75	6.90	12.75	12.50	$12.25
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"								
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"	.75	10.45	.85	15.45	6.25	11.45	11.20	10.95
16	Slack 1 x 0"								

TABLE I-D—DISTRICT 19, WYOMING
(Subdistrict 7, "Sheridan")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1	Lump 8"								
2	Lump 7"								
3	Lump 5"	$0.90	$12.85	$1.00	$17.85	$7.45	$13.85	$13.60	-------
	Gratenut 9 x 1⅝"								
4	Lump 3"								
5	Stove 8 x 3"								
6	Stove 7 x 3"								
7	Gratenut 8 x 1⅝"	.90	12.65	1.00	17.65	7.35	13.65	13.40	-------
	Egg 5 x 3"								
8	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.90	12.65	1.00	17.65	7.35	13.65	13.40	-------
9	Pea 1⅝ x 1"								
10	Pea #2, 1⅝ x ½"	.80	10.80	.90	15.80	6.40	11.80	11.55	$11.30
11	Stoker 1 x 3/16"								
14	Slack 2½ x 0"	.80	10.60	.90	15.60	6.30	11.60	11.35	11.10
15	Slack 1⅝ x 0"								

TABLE II—DISTRICT 20, UTAH
(Subdistrict 1 "Castlegate")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1 2	Lump 11 x 8" Lump 10"	$1.00	$14.55	$1.10	$19.55	$8.30	$15.55	$15.30	-------
3 4 5 6	Lump 3" or 3 x 10" Lump 1⅝" Stone 8 x 3" Egg 8 x 1⅝"	.95	14.05	1.05	19.05	8.05	15.05	14.80	-------
7	Nut 3 x 1⅝"	.90	13.40	1.00	18.40	7.70	14.40	14.15	-------
8 9	Pea 1⅝ x 1" Stoker 1 x 3/16"	.85	11.55	.95	16.55	6.80	12.55	12.30	$12.05
10 11	Slack 1⅝ x 0" Slack 1 x 0"	.80	11.15	.90	16.15	6.60	12.15	11.90	11.65

TABLE III—DISTRICT 22, MONTANA
(Subdistrict 1, "Roundup")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1 2 3 4 5	Lump 6" Lump 2" Furnace 9 x 6" Egg 6 x 3" Stove 6 x 2"	$1.00	$14.75	$1.10	$19.75	$8.40	$15.75	$15.50	-------
6 7	Nut #1, 3 x 2" Nut #2, 2 x 1¼"	.95	13.80	1.05	18.80	7.90	14.80	14.55	-------
8 9	Chestnut 1¼ x 1" Stoker 1¼ x ½"	.85	11.65	.95	16.65	6.85	12.65	12.40	$12.16
10 11	Slack 1¼ x 0" Slack 1 x 0"	.80	10.55	.90	15.55	6.30	11.55	11.30	11.05

TABLE III-A—DISTRICT 22, MONTANA
(Subdistrict 2, "Bearcreek")

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1 2 3 4 5	Lump 6" Lump 2" Furnace 9 x 6" Egg 6 x 3" Stove 6 x 2"	$1.00	$14.65	$1.10	$19.65	$8.35	$15.85	$15.40	-------
6 7	Nut #1, 3 x 2" Nut #2, 2 x 1¼"	.95	14.15	1.05	19.15	8.10	15.15	14.90	-------
8 9	Chestnut 1¼ x 1" Stoker 1¼ x ½"	.85	11.50	.95	16.50	6.75	12.50	12.25	$12.00
10 11	Slack 1¼ x 0" Slack 1 x 0"	.80	11.05	.90	16.05	6.55	12.05	11.80	11.55

TABLE IV—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON [1]
Subdistricts A, Roslyn, and F, Renton

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1 2 3	Lump 1" and up	$0.85	$11.85	$0.95	$16.85	$6.95	$12.85	$12.60	-------
4-5 6 7 8 9 10	Egg coals, top size 4", bottom size 1" or larger.	.85	11.60	.95	16.60	6.80	12.60	12.35	-------
11 12 13 14 15	Nut coals, top size 2½", bottom size ⅜" or larger.	.80	11.25	.90	16.25	6.65	12.25	12.00	-------
16 17 18	Stoker coals, top size 1⅜", bottom 3/32" or larger.	.75	9.95	.85	14.95	6.00	10.85	10.70	$10.45
19 20	Minerun and slack larger than 2 x 0"	.80	10.85	.90	15.85	6.45	11.85	11.60	11.35
21 22 23	Slack: 2 x 0" 1¼ x 0" 1 x 0"	.75	9.80	.85	14.80	5.90	10.80	10.55	10.30

TABLE V, DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON [1]
(Subdistrict B, Pierce County)

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1 2 3 4 6 7 8 9	All lump coals, 1" and up; and all egg and egg-nut coals, top size 4", bottom size 1" and larger.	$0.90	$12.50	$1.00	$17.50	$7.25	$13.50	$13.25	-------
10 11 12 13 14 15	Nut coals, top size 2½", bottom size ⅜" and larger.	.85	11.75	.95	16.75	6.90	12.75	12.50	-------
16 17 18 19 20	Stoker: 1 x ⅜" 1⅝ x 3/32" 1 x 3/32" Mine Run Slack 3½ x 0"	.80	11.40	.90	16.40	6.70	12.40	12.15	$11.90
21 22 23	Slack: 2 x 0" 1¼ x 0" 1 x 0"	.80	10.65	.90	5.65	6.35	11.65	11.40	11.15

TABLE VI—DISTRICT, 23, WASHINGTON [1]
(Subdistrict C, Southwest Washington)

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Sacked 100 lb.	Delivered f. o. b. yard: Loose per ton	Delivered to buyer's premises: Sacked 100 lb.	Sacked 1 ton	Loose ½ ton	Loose 1 ton	Loose 2 ton	Loose 3 ton
1 2 3 4	Lump 1" and up	$0.80	$10.50	$0.90	$15.50	$6.25	$11.50	$11.25	-------
6 7 8 9 10	Egg and eggnut coals, top size 4" and bottom size 1" and larger	.75	9.70	.85	14.70	5.85	10.70	10.45	-------
11 12 13 14 15	Nut sizes, top size 2½", bottom size ⅜" and larger	.70	9.20	.80	14.20	5.60	10.20	9.95	-------
16 17 18	Stoker: 1 x ⅜" 1⅜ x 3/32" 1 x 3/32"	.70	8.60	.80	13.60	5.30	9.60	9.35	$9.10
19 20	Mine Run Slack 3½ x 0"	.70	9.10	.80	14.10	5.55	10.10	9.85	9.60
21 22 23	Slack: 2 x 0" 1¼ x 0" 1 x 0"	.70	8.45	.80	13.45	5.25	9.45	9.20	8.95

[1] NOTE: To the maximum prices list in Table IV through VII inclusive, may be added the appropriate one of the following amounts:
$1.09 per ton
.55 ½ ton
.05 100# sack

TABLE VII—DISTRICT 23, WASHINGTON [1]

(Subdistrict E, McKay-Lawson)

Size	Group and trade size	Delivered f. o. b. yard		Delivered to buyer's premises					
		Sacked 100 lb.	Loose per ton	Sacked		Loose			
				100 lb.	1 ton	½ ton	1 ton	2 ton	3 ton
1, 2, 3, 4	Lump 1″ and up	$0.90	$13.25	$1.00	$18.25	$7.80	$14.25	$14.00	-------
6, 7, 8, 9, 10	Egg and eggnut coals, top size 4″, bottom size 1″ and larger	.90	12.60	1.00	17.60	7.30	13.60	13.15	-------
11, 12, 13, 14	Nut coals, top size 2½″, bottom size ⅜″ and larger	.85	12.00	.95	17.00	7.00	13.00	12.75	-------
15	Stoker:								
16, 17, 18	1 x ⅜″; 1⅝ x 3/32″; 1 x 3/32″	.85	11.45	.95	16.45	6.70	12.45	12.20	$11.95
19, 20	Mine Run; Slack 3½ x 0″	.85	11.45	.95	16.45	6.70	12.45	12.20	11.95
	Slack:								
21, 22, 23	2 x 0″; 1¼ x 0″; 1 x 0″	.80	10.55	.90	15.55	6.25	11.55	11.30	11.05

TABLE VIII—CANADIAN COALS, "CROW FIELD"

1	Lump, single screened, 4″ or larger	$0.95	$14.45	$1.05	$19.45	$8.56	$15.46	$15.20	-------
2	Furnace, dbl screened, top size 4″, or larger but not exceeding 8″, bottom size 1⅝″ or larger but not exceeding 2″	.95	14.25	1.05	19.25	8.15	15.25	15.00	-------
3	Stove pea, dbl screened, top size, 1⅝″ or larger but not exceeding 2″, bottom size 1½″ or larger but not exceeding 1⅝″	.90	13.40	1.00	18.40	7.70	14.40	14.15	-------
4	Stoker pea, dbl screened, top size 1¼″ or larger but not exceeding 1⅝″, bottom size ¼″ or larger but not exceeding ½″	.90	12.60	1.00	17.60	7.30	13.60	13.35	-------
5	Stoker, dbl screened, top size 1″, bottom size ¼″ or larger but not exceeding ⅜″	.85	12.20	.95	17.20	7.10	13.20	12.95	$12.70
6	Steam, slack coals, larger than 1 x 0″ but not over 2 x 0″	.90	11.85	1.00	16.85	6.95	12.85	12.60	12.35
7	Slack WW, slack coals, water washed, ¾ x 0″ but not exceeding 1 x 0″	.85	11.65	.95	16.65	6.85	12.65	12.40	12.15
8	Slack, slack coals not exceeding ¼ x 0″	.80	11.35	.90	16.35	6.70	12.35	12.10	11.85
9	Minerun and resultant coals 3½ x 0″ or larger	.90	12.60	1.00	17.60	7.30	13.60	13.35	13.10

TABLE IX—CANADIAN COAL—"LETHBRIDGE FIELD"

1	Lump, 4″ plus	$0.95	$14.30	$1.05	$19.30	$8.15	$15.30	$15.05	-------
2	Egg, 4 x 2″	.90	12.40	1.00	17.70	7.35	13.70	16.45	-------
3	Pea, 2 x 1″ and 1¾ x ¾″	.80	10.65	.90	15.65	6.35	11.65	11.40	-------
4	Stoker, 1¼ x ¼″ and 1 x ¼″	.80	10.90	.90	15.90	6.45	11.90	11.65	$11.40
5	Slack, 1⅝ x 0″	.75	14.20	.85	15.20	6.10	11.20	10.95	10.70

TABLE X—CANADIAN COKE*

1	B. C. Electric Co. Coke	$1.05	$15.25	$1.15	$10.90	$9.00	$16.95	$16.70	-------

* NOTE: These maximum prices apply only to sales of coke produced by the British Columbia Electric Company, Vancouver, B. C., and shipped into Tacoma via rail.

TABLE XI—CANADIAN COAL—"DRUMHELLER FIELD"

1	Lump, 4″ up	$1.05	$15.50	$1.15	$20.50	$8.75	$16.50	$16.25	-------
2	Stove or egg, 4 x 2″	.95	14.30	1.05	19.30	8.15	15.30	15.05	-------
3	Range, 2 x 1″	.90	13.10	1.00	18.10	7.55	14.10	13.85	-------
4	Stoker, 1 x ⅝″ or 2 x 0″	.85	11.60	.95	16.60	6.80	12.60	12.35	$12.10
5	Slack, ⅝ x 0″	.80	10.55	.90	15.55	6.30	11.55	11.30	11.05

General Notes

The following general notes shall be a part of the tables to which they relate:

I. To the prices listed in Tables I–XI, inclusive, may be added the following:
  (a) 10 cents per net ton as heretofore permitted by Order G–11 under RMPR 132.
  (b) The exact amount of the increase in railroad freight incurred as a result of the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission of June 20, 1946, on Docket Ex Parte 162, as permitted by Amendment 46 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 122.
  (c) 18 cents per net ton as permitted by Amendment 48 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 122.

[1] NOTE: To the maximum prices listed in Tables IV through VII inclusive, may be added the appropriate one of the following amounts:
$1.09 Per Ton
.55 ½ Ton
.05 100# Sack

This Amendment to Order No. G–7 shall become effective September 6, 1946.

Issued this 6th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO ORDER NO. G–7 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 122, SOLID FUELS SOLD AND DELIVERED BY DEALERS

The accompanying amendment revises the prices set forth in Tables I through XI of Order G–7 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

The price changes effected by this amendment for Wyoming, Utah and Montana coals (Tables I through III–A) and Washington coals (Tables IV through VII) were prompted because of increased prices at the producer level granted by terms of Amendments 146 and 158 to Maximum Price Regulation No. 120. In the case of Wyoming, Utah and Montana coals, the maximum prices were re-calculated upon the basis of these mine increases and were determined in the same manner as the prices established by the terms of Order No. G–7. Relative to Washington mined coals, specific price increases have been allowed to reflect authorized increases at the mine level.

When Order No. G–7 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 was originally issued, maximum prices for the various types of out-of-state coals were on a fairly uniform basis, after taking into consideration mine and transportations costs, and selling margins. Recently authorized mine increases, however, have varied in amounts among the different coal producing districts. For this reason the same types of coals from the various districts will command different maximum prices.

Maximum price changes for Canadian coals and coke (Tables VIII through XI) were deemed necessary because of the change in exchange rates between Canadian funds and American funds on July 5, 1946. The 10% premium which was granted on American funds was discontinued by the Canadian Government and the exchange basis of Candian currency raised to par with American currency. As a result, adjusted maximum prices for Canadian coals at the mine level have been incorporated in Amendment No. 2 to Revised Order G–1 under Order 68, as amended, under section 21 of the Maximum Import Price Regulation. The price changes, then, for Canadian coals have been re-calculated to reflect this 10% increase in the price of such coal at the mine and were determined in the same manner as the prices established by the terms of Order No. G–7.

Since the preparation of the basic tables, certain increases have been permitted by Amendments 46 and 48 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation 122. These increases have been reflected in this amendment to Order No. G–7 by the insertion of the general notes at the end of the tables. In addition, the increase permitted by Order Nos. G–11 and G–13, both under Revised Maximum Price Regulation 122 have been reflected in the

amendment. Consequently, simultaneously with this amendment, Order Nos. G–11 and G–13 are being amended to eliminate from their coverage, those dealers covered by Order No. G–7.

For reasons stated above, the maximum prices established by this order are generally fair and equitable and are consistent with and will effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328.

The same considerations which prompted the issuance of Order G–7 are present herein. For a complete statement of such considerations, reference is made to the opinion accompanying the order.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16821; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:00 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G–8 Under RMPR 122, Amdt. 2]

SOLID FUELS IN SEATTLE, WASH., AREA

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Order No. G–8 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 is amended in the following respect:

1. Subparagraph (b) (3) is amended to read as follows:

(3) *Discount adjustments.* (i) The minimum discounts as otherwise established in subparagraphs (1) (i), (1) (ii) and (2) of this paragraph (b) shall be increased by 19 cents per net ton.

(ii) The minimum discount as otherwise established by subparagraph (1) (iii) of this paragraph (b) shall be increased by 30 cents per net ton.

This amendment shall become effective upon issuance.

Issued this 6th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO ORDER NO. G–8 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 122, SOLID FUELS SOLD AND DELIVERED BY DEALERS

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. G–8 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 provided a 10 cent increase in discount, effective only for the period January 2, 1946, to April 30, 1946, inclusive. This amendment was predicated upon Amendment No. 40 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 permitting a temporary 10 cent increase for sales by dealers at retail. This 10 cent increase for sales at retail has been made permanent by Amendment No. 40 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

In addition, Amendment No. 5 to Revised Order No. G–2 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122, issued simultaneously herewith, has increased dealers' maximum prices for sales at retail. In the absence of this amendment to Order No. G–8, this entire increase would be permitted by Order No. G–8 in wholesale sales. However, Amendment No. 48 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 spelled out the increase to be allowed dealers selling at wholesale. This increase was less than that permitted dealers selling at retail. Consequently, since Order No. G–8 is based upon Revised Order No. G–2, it was necessary to increase the discounts provided by Order No. G–8. The increase permitted by Amendment No. 48 to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 to dealers in retail sales was 18 cents per net ton and 30 cents per net ton in the case of sales of coke. The increase permitted by the same Amendment No. 48 to dealers making wholesale sales of these commodities was 9 cents per net ton and 10 cents per net ton respectively. The discount rates were therefore increased 9 cents per net ton and 20 cents per net ton in the case of coke.

The net result of this amendment will be, therefore, an increase in dealers' maximum prices for sales at wholesale.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16820; Filed Sept. 17, 1946; 9:00 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G–18 Under MPR 592, Amdt. 1]

ROCK, SAND, AND GRAVEL PRODUCED IN LOS ANGELES COUNTY, CALIF., AND VICINITY

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Order No. G–18 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592 is amended in the following respects:

1. The title is amended to read as follows: "Order No. G–18 Under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592, Specified Construction Materials and Refractories, Adjusted Maximum Prices for Sales by Producers of Rock, Sand, and Gravel Produced in Los Angeles County, California, and Vicinity."

2. Paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) *Maximum prices.* The maximum price at which producers of rock, sand, and gravel may sell or deliver any of the said products shall be the sum of the particular producer's maximum price for that product heretofore established in Order No. G–4 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 188 plus 7 per cent of that maximum price.

This amendment shall become effective as of August 23, 1946.

Issued this 4th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO ORDER NO. G–18 UNDER MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 592

Order No. G–18 was intended to establish maximum prices for producers of rock, sand, and gravel in Los Angeles County, California, and vicinity. Through inadvertence it was extended to producers of truck-mixed concrete whose prices were already established by Order No. G–8 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 592.

This amendment, therefore, removes from the coverage of Order No. G–18 the producers of truck-mixed concrete formerly under that order. The effect will be that such producers will continue to price under Order No. G–8. This was the intent of Order No. G–18 when it was issued.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16817; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:02 a. m.]

[Region VIII Order G–22 Under RMPR 251, Amdt. 1]

SERVICES AND SALES IN SAN FRANCISCO REGION

An opinion accompanying this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith.

Order No. G–22 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 251 is amended in the following respects:

(a) In Appendix B, Table 2, subparagraph (e) (2), the name of the publication, "A Price Guide on Plumbing Materials," is corrected to read, "Current Price Service."

(b) In Appendix D the following changes are made:

(1) In Table 1, subparagraph (e) (1) (i), the maximum hourly rate of $2.75 is changed to $2.90.

(2) In Table 2, subparagraph (e) (1) (i), the maximum hourly rate of $2.75 for Journeymen in the "Remainder of the area" is changed to $2.90.

(3) In Table 2, subparagraph (e) (2), the name, "Central Pricing Bureau," of the publisher of the Current Pricing Service is corrected to read "Current Price Bureau."

(4) In Table 3, subparagraph (e) (1) (i), the maximum hourly rate of $2.75 for employees of sellers in the "Remainder of the area" is changed to $2.90.

(5) In Table 4, subparagraph (e) (1) (i), the maximum hourly rate of $2.75 is changed to $2.90.

This amendment shall become effective upon issuance.

Issued this 4th day of September 1946.

BEN C. DUNIWAY,
Regional Administrator.

OPINION ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO ORDER NO. G–22 UNDER REVISED MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION NO. 251

The substantive effect of this amendment is to increase certain of the maximum hourly rates formerly prescribed by Order No. G–22 for sellers in the Nevada area. This increase has been necessitated by the fact that employees in the trade affected by this amendment have been granted wage increases by the War Stabilization Board.

Two minor changes in Table 2 of Appendices B and D have been made to secure uniformity in the citation of the "Current Price Service" published by the Current Price Bureau, 55 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

[F. R. Doc. 46–16818; Filed, Sept. 17, 1946; 9:02 a. m.]